

# GM 65904

TECHNICAL REPORT ON THE GEOLOGICAL MAPPING AND GEOCHEMICAL SAMPLING OF THE MOOSE CLIFF PROPERTY

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**Technical report on the geological mapping and geochemical  
sampling of the Moose Cliff property, Canton Cranbourne**

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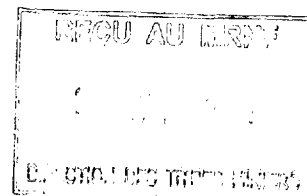
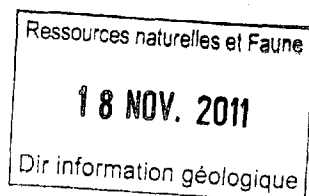
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## Summary

The Moose Cliff property is located about 100km southeast of Quebec City and about 30km northwest of the Quebec-Maine boundary. Mineral rights are 100% owned by *Golden Hope Mines Limited*.

Detailed geological mapping and sampling were conducted during summer of 2010 fieldwork on the property. A total of 225 outcrops were prospected and described. From these, 25 samples were taken and sent for trace element geochemistry to Activation Laboratories (Ancaster, Ontario).

From these 25 samples, 10 returned gold values ranging from 6 to 51 ppb Au and 2 returned copper values between 1520 ppm and 5200 ppm.

Sampling allowed the identification of an anomalous gold region near the south-western contact of the mafic volcanics breccia with the hematized mafic volcanics breccia. Two new copper showings were also identified; both of them being located near the contacts between the hematized rocks and the mafic volcanics breccia (**Einna**: 1520 ppm Cu; **Eilime**: 5200 ppm Cu). All showings seem to point towards mineralization related to deposition processes linked to the precipitation of Cu ±Au following the encountering of oxidized mafic rocks by migrating metals-rich fluids.

It is recommended that *Golden Hope Mines Limited* continues its exploration campaign on the Moose Cliff property with more detailed mapping and sampling specifically around the anomalous gold region and the copper showings. It is also recommended to map the newly acquired claims juxtaposed to the west of the Moose Cliff claims block. Ground geophysics (Mag, VLF, IP) might also be performed in the swamp next to the Rivière Etchemin since there is no outcrop in this area.

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## **1. Introduction**

The Beauce region in southern Quebec was the site of the first gold rush in Canada in 1828. Since 1986, the junior exploration company *Golden Hope Mines Limited* has been very active in the region with strategic land position covering up to 80% of the known Bellechasse Mineral Belt. In the last four years, in addition to the significant amount of work done on the Bellechasse-Timmins gold deposit, the company focused on locating new targets for exploration as well as re-evaluating known mineral showings with extensive regional field mapping. Fieldwork conducted during summer of 2010 included the mapping and rock sampling of the Moose Cliff property which includes the Cranbourne base metal showing. Moose Cliff property is part of the new land acquired in order to investigate geophysical and prospecting anomalies together with serpentinite targets (high potential for gold as well as potential for copper, nickel, cobalt and platinum group metals). This report presents the results of the mapping/sampling/soil gas geochemistry campaigns together with recommendations for the subsequent steps of the exploration program with a goal of evaluating the gold and/or base metal potential of the Moose Cliff property.

## **2. Land tenure, location and property characteristics**

The Moose Cliff property is located about 100km southeast of Quebec City and about 30km northwest of the Quebec-Maine boundary (Figure 1). The towns and villages closest to the property are Lac-Étchemin, St-Odilon-de-Cranbourne and St-Léon-de-Standon. They are all to be found in a 10 km-radius of the claim block, which can represent a 10 minutes car ride on paved or unpaved road.

The property consists of 19 claims (CDC) over an area of 1127.42 hectares (Table 1) which are 100% owned by *Golden Hope Mines*. The claims are mainly located within the NTS 1:50 000 map sheet 21L07 (Figure 2). The area covered by the claim block is positioned between the UTM coordinates 367 750m E – 374 290m E and 5 137 250m N – 5 141 580m N. The

surface rights are government lands or private woodlots/recreational properties so the access for exploration on the private lands requires getting the permission of the local surface rights holders.

**Table 1 – List of claim numbers and areas (GESTIM)**

Claim #	Area (ha)	Claim #	Area (ha)	Claim #	Area (ha)
CDC 2132083	59.36	CDC 2213037	59.35	CDC 2213045	59.34
CDC 2132085	59.35	CDC 2213039	59.34	CDC 2213046	59.33
CDC 2143410	59.34	CDC 2213040	59.34	CDC 2213047	59.33
CDC 2143411	59.33	CDC 2213041	59.34	CDC 2213048	59.33
CDC 2143412	59.33	CDC 2213042	59.34	CDC 2213049	59.33
CDC 2143413	59.33	CDC 2213043	59.34	Total (19)	1127.42
CDC 2143414	59.33	CDC 2213044	59.34		

The best way to access the property from Quebec City is to take the Autoroute 73-S for approximately 60km and then take exit 72 for highway #276. From there, travel another 25km on highway #276-E. The south-eastern section of the claims is accessible from this road. To access the northwest section of the block of claims, continue on highway #276-E to the junction with highway #277 then turn left on highway #204. After 350m, turn left on Rang de la Grande Rivière and travel about 3km. From there, Rang de la Grande Rivière/Route du Rang Ste-Marie as well as several woodlot trails gives access to many of the claims.

The topography of the property is moderate with elevations ranging from about 320m to 610m, the Mont-Original being the highest point. It is characterized by hills and associated cliffs which are included in the Notre-Dame Mountains Range. The water system is mainly defined by the meandering Rivière Etchemin (and associated swamps) which flows along the property from the northeast to the southwest and then cross-cuts the claims toward the northwest. Bedrock exposure is good with outcrops mainly located on topographic highs.

### 3. Previous work

The first mapping in the region of the Moose Cliff property goes back to the 1930s and was made by C. Tolman (Tolman, 1936). Cousineau (1990) then synthesized all the work conducted in this area by the geologists of the Quebec government. Virtually no mineral exploration or prospecting has been made in the area of the property. Only one showing was reported by D. Duplessis (Table 2, Table 3).

The Cranbourne showing was discovered in 1998 by the prospectors C. Vachon and L. Fecteau following a prospecting campaign under the prospector financial assistance program introduced by the Quebec government. The showing is located at the northeast extremity of the property and is characterized by chalcopyrite in epidotized/hematized basalt, spatially associated with quartz veins. Three grab samples have returned values of 4.3% Cu – 8.8 g/t Ag, 1.5% Cu – 5.4 g/t Ag and 1.6% Zn – 0.3% Cu – 0.2% Pb – 720ppm Cd (SIGEOM Examine).

**Table 2 – Showing surrounding the Moose Cliff property (SIGEOM Examine)**

Showing	Coord.	Substance	Mineralization type	Comments
Cranbourne	377631 E 5141592 N	Cu-Ag-Zn ±Pb	Unknown	Chalcopyrite in epidotized/hematized basalt, spatially associated with quartz veins

**Table 3 – Previous reported work on the Moose Cliff property**

Company/pro prospector	Year	Work performed
Claude Vachon/Laurier Fecteau	1998	Sampling/Beep Mat (GM 58385)

## 4. Geological setting

### 4.1. Regional geology

The Moose Cliff property is located near the boundary between the tectonostratigraphic Humber and Dunnage Zones of the Québec Appalachians. The Humber Zone consists of volcanic and Cambrian-Ordovician sedimentary rocks deposited on the margin of the Palaeozoic Laurentian basement. It is divided into two units: the External and Internal Zones (St-Julien and Hubert, 1975; Tremblay and Castonguay, 2002). The External Zone comprises low grade metamorphosed sedimentary rocks and mafic volcanic rocks which were deformed and emplaced as a series of imbricated northwest-directed thrust nappes. The Internal Zone is composed of greenschist to amphibolites facies metamorphic rocks (Sutton-Bennet Schist; Figure 4) which are the distal facies equivalent of the External Zone units (St-Julien and Hubert, 1975; Tremblay and Castonguay, 2002). Among these, only rocks from the Caldwell Group of the Internal Zone outcrop in the property area. The Dunnage Zone is represented by rocks formed in the Iapetus oceanic domain including ophiolitic complexes, tectonic and sedimentary mélanges, volcanic arc sequences and marine flysch deposits. In southern Québec, the Dunnage Zone is subdivided into four distinct lithotectonic units (Figure 4): (1) the Early Ordovician ophiolitic massifs, (2) the Ascot Complex volcanic arc, (3) the Saint-Daniel Mélange, and (4) the Magog Group forearc sedimentary sequence (Tremblay et al., 1995; Schroetter et al., 2003, 2006). Only the Saint-Daniel Mélange is observed in the area covered by the claim block. The Québec Appalachians Humber and Dunnage Zones are separated by a major deformation lineament, the Baie Verte-Brompton Line (BVBL; St-Julien and Hubert, 1975) which is interpreted to be the surface expression of a major tectonic boundary (Williams, 1979; Tremblay et al., 1995; Hébert and Bédard, 2000). Québec ophiolitic slivers specifically occur along this line as well as several ultrabasic intrusives.

The Québec Appalachians history can be summarized by three major tectonic events, the Taconian, Salinian and Acadian orogenies. The Middle to Late Ordovician Taconian orogeny is related either to the obduction of a large ophiolitic segment onto the Humber Zone units of continental affinity or is the result of an arc-continent collision (Williams, 1979; Tremblay, 1992;

Pinet and Tremblay, 1995; Huot et al., 2002). The Silurian to Early Devonian Salinian orogeny is attributed to the backthrusting and exhumation of the Taconian crustal wedge as well as the coeval formation of fault-bounded sedimentary basins (Tremblay and Castonguay, 2002). The Devonian Acadian orogeny finally led to the complete destruction of the Iapetus Ocean when Gondwana-related terranes collided with the paleo-Laurentian margin. This orogeny is related to the regional deformation and metamorphism of the Dunnage Zone units.

## 4.2. Local geology

The most recent geological compilation of the area of St-Joseph-de-Beauce (21L07) from the Québec's Ministry of Natural Resources and Wildlife (MRNF) dates back to 2002 (CG SIGEOM21L). The main geological units identified in the area of the property are, from the youngest to the oldest:

1. Unclassified (Early Ordovician): Serpentinite
2. St-Daniel Mélange (Ordovician): Chaotic argillite containing calcareous siltstone, black sandstone, black clayrock pebbles and blocks, clayslate with few black sandstone beds as well as interbedded green and black clayslate.
3. Caldwell Group (Neoproterozoic to Cambrian): Feldspar sandstone and green mudslate (with few pale green sandstone and quartz pebbles conglomerate), red and green pelite (few red sandstone) as well as brecciated, pillowed and massive mafic volcanics.

## 5. Technical approach

Detailed geological mapping and sampling were conducted during summer of 2010 fieldwork on the Moose Cliff property. On the claims covering the property a total of 225 outcrops were prospected and described (Appendix 1). From these, about 25 samples were taken and sent for trace element geochemistry (package 1H2 "Au + 53 elements"; Appendix 2) to Activation Laboratories (Ancaster, Ontario). This package is appropriate for exploration since it provides a trace element scan for virtually all type of mineralization.

## 6. Results

### 6.1. Geological mapping

The new mapping on the Moose Cliff property allowed for the observation and description of 7 distinct lithologic units (Figure 5). These are, from the youngest to the oldest, (1) serpentinite, (2) black mudslate with mudrock or calcareous siltstone pebbles or blocks, (3) quartz sandstone/schist, (4) red-purple mudrock/mudslate/siltstone, (5) mafic volcanics, (6) hematized mafic volcanics breccia and (7) mafic volcanics breccia. The orientation of the lithologic units defined by the lithologic contacts agrees with the general attitude of the units of the regional geological units except for the western part of the mapped area. They strike roughly NE-SW ( $040^\circ$ ) in the eastern portion of the property and about E-W ( $090^\circ$ ) in the western portion. They dip steeply mostly to the SE. The majority of the rocks at the Moose Cliff property show a schistosity subparallel ( $041^\circ/68$ ) to the pseudo-stratification (Figure 6). Quartz veins or veinlets are either roughly oriented parallel to schistosity and regional structure ( $\sim 030^\circ/040^\circ$ ) or at  $260^\circ$ .

Serpentinite is observed essentially as pinched/trapped bodies at the contact between the black mudslate with mudrock or calcareous siltstone pebbles/blocks and the quartz sandstone/schist. One serpentinite body is actually trapped/intruded(?) within the quartz sandstone/schist unit of the Caldwell Group. The serpentinites are dark green-black and are much altered. They are more or less deformed and sheared. These serpentinite can be associated to the Early Ordovician serpentinites reported in the MRNF's compilation.

The black mudslate with mudrock or calcareous siltstone pebbles or blocks is located at the south-eastern boundary of the property. The mudslate is dark gray-black and shows a well-developed schistosity. It is composed of up to 40% clasts/pebbles of paler mudrock ( $\sim 1-2$  cm) and/or up to 20% gray calcareous siltstone/mudrock blocks. Locally the mudslate contains between 1-2% of pyrite chunks (2-4cm). It is also locally rusty. This lithologic unit can be associated to the chaotic argillite facies of the Ordovician St-Daniel Mélange.

The quartz sandstone/schist lithologic unit occurs at the northwest contact of the black mudslate with mudrock or calcareous siltstone pebbles or blocks as well as embedded within the hematized mafic volcanics breccias of the Caldwell Group. It is characterized by green to gray to light purple quartz sandstones interbedded with thin beds of green schist. The sandstones are composed of up to 30-40% quartz clasts. Some of them show good cross-laminations even though a well-defined schistosity is generally observed. The quartz sandstone/schist is cross-cut by up to 20% quartz ( $\pm$  chlorite; 1mm-2cm) veinlets and/or by up to 10% chlorite veins. The rocks are also locally rusty and may contain up to 1% sulphides crystals or pyrite chunks. According to the MRNF's compilation this lithologic unit could be associated with one of the Neoproterozoic to Cambrian Caldwell Group facies (i.e. feldspar sandstone and green mudslate).

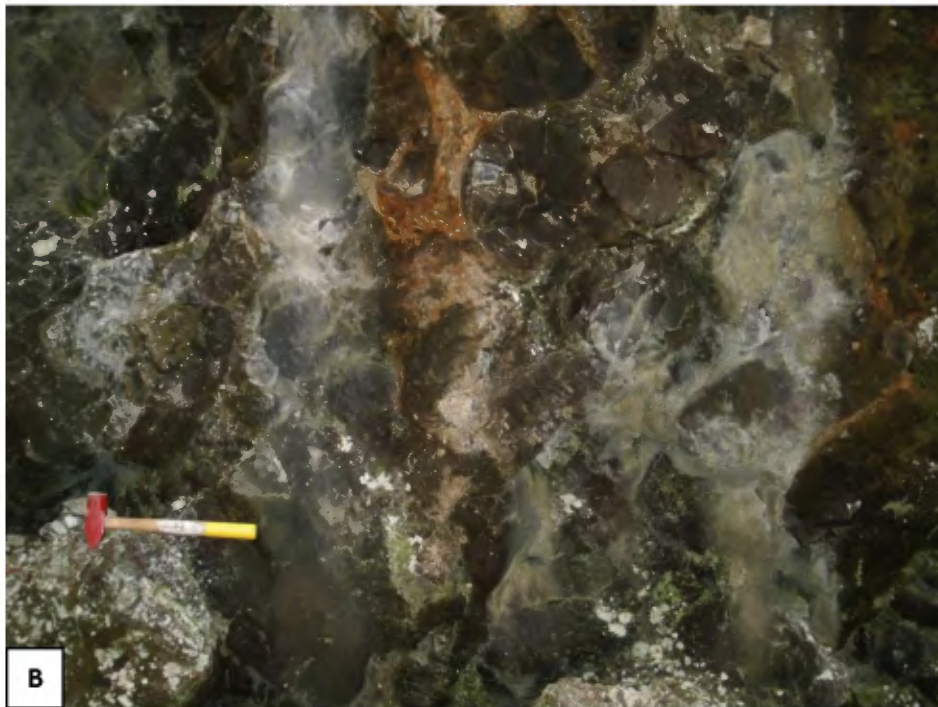
The red-purple mudrock/mudslate/siltstone is commonly found at the north-western contact of the quartz sandstone/schist lithologic unit. It can also be embedded within the hematized mafic volcanics breccias. The contact between these two lithologic units is quite sharp and seems to be concordant. The mudrock/mudslate/siltstone is mostly red brick to red-purple in color and is fine-grained to very fine grained. The rocks show a well-developed schistosity and contain up to 10% quartz veins which are more or less parallel to the schistosity. These rocks are included in the Caldwell Group and can possibly be related to the red and green pelites.

The mafic volcanics are observed at the north-western boundary of one red-purple mudrock/mudslate/siltstone strip. The contact with the latter is very sharp and is subparallel to schistosity. The mafic volcanics are medium green in color and contain up to 20-30% epidote  $\pm$  quartz  $\pm$  carbonate veins. This lithologic unit is probably a derivative facies of the Neoproterozoic to Middle Cambrian Caldwell Group.

The hematized mafic volcanics breccia is the main rock type outcropping at the Moose Cliff property. These rocks cover up to 75% of the mapped claims. They are generally medium to dark green fine-grained  $\pm$  magnetic copper-rich rocks (50-500 ppm) with a more or less intense

purple-red alteration impregnation. These mafic volcanics are always brecciated and often pillowed. The hematized mafic volcanics breccia is composed of an average of 60-80% angular mafic clasts (1mm-10cm, few hyaloclastite clasts) within a more or less cherty hematized  $\pm$  chloritized  $\pm$  epidotized matrix. The brecciation seems to be related to the occurrence of epidote-quartz ( $\pm$ chlorite  $\pm$  carbonate) veins which may form a stockwork-style/breccia texture. The hematization is usually restricted between the pillows or the clasts (i.e. in the matrix) but sometimes it is more pervasive and goes through the clasts (Liesegang alteration/onion-skin alteration texture) (Figure 7A). Locally there is a strong carbonate alteration which is also concentrated between the pillows (Figure 7B). There is some evidence that the epidotization may post-date the hematization/oxidation event. Locally the rocks are rusty and it is possible to observe disseminated sulphides ( $\sim$  1%, usually). The hematized mafic volcanics breccia can be included in the the Neoproterozoic to Middle Cambrian Caldwell Group.

The mafic volcanics breccia occurs as unaltered patches embedded within the hematized mafic volcanics breccia rocks. There is also a stripe of these rocks in the northern portion of the property. These rocks are clearly the un-hematized counterpart of the hematized mafic volcanics breccia and share the same characteristics. However, there are possibly more disseminated sulphides (pyrite, up to 10% in one sample) within the mafic volcanics breccia than in the hematized mafic volcanics breccia.



**Figure 7 – Photographs. A) Slightly brecciated hematized mafic volcanics (5 139 958m N, 375 663m E), B) Brecciated hematized mafic volcanics with carbonate filling between the pillows (5 139 596m N, 375 977m E).**

## 6.2. Sampling

Figure 6 shows the location of the samples sent for trace element geochemistry. From these 25 samples, 11 returned gold values ranging from 6 to 51 ppb Au (Table 4) and 2 returned copper values between 1520 ppm and 5200 ppm (Table 5).

**Table 4 – Anomalous Au results from mapping at the Moose Cliff property**

Station	ActLabs #	East	North	Au (ppb)	Main Rock type
1834	407519	376740	5140015	33	Volcanic breccia
1835	407520	376725	5140040	21	Volcanic breccia
1846	407521	376660	5139969	22	Volcanic breccia
1849	407522	376689	5140259	27	Volcanic breccia
1851	407523	376768	5140063	23	Volcanic breccia
1894	407527	376716	5139934	51	Pillow breccia
1898	407529	376642	5139955	28	Volcanic breccia
1929	407531	377513	5140068	16	Qtz wacke
1936	407534	377447	5139875	6	Qtz wacke
2040	451003	377959	5141341	22	Volcanic breccia
2047	451006	377339	5141120	47	Volcanic breccia

**Table 5 – Anomalous Cu results from mapping at the Moose Cliff property**

Station	ActLabs #	East	North	Cu (ppm)	Main Rock type
1898	407529	376642	5139955	1520	Volcanic breccia
2047	451006	377339	5141120	5200	Volcanic breccia

Anomalous gold seems to be largely restricted to the area near the south-western contact of the biggest mafic volcanics breccia patch with the hematized mafic volcanics breccia (Figure 8). The area near this contact is particularly interesting since it is a zone where there is either a strong chemical contrast between the hematized mafic volcanics and the un-hematized rocks and/or a physical contrast between two distinct volcanic flows. Such a contrast zone is often the key to the precipitation of metals during the migration along permeable strata of metals-rich fluids. This is

especially the case for volcanic red-bed copper deposits. Rocks at the Moose Cliff property share several characteristics with rocks from the volcanic red-bed model: continental to shallow marine volcanic setting (highlighted by the occurrence of hematized/oxidized pillowed lavas), sub-greenschist metamorphic grades, basaltic lavas associated with siltstone and sandstone host rocks, locally minor malachite staining (Lefebure and Church, 1996). Gold is often a by-product of Cu in volcanic red-bed copper deposits. Anomalous gold on the Moose Cliff property could also be related to the serpentinization of the ultramafic bodies since gold occurrences related to this process can be observed up to several thousand meters from the outcrop of serpentinites (El Ash and Arksey, 1990; Ghorfi et al., 2006).

Anomalous copper results for the Moose Cliff property all meet the government standards for new showings in the Appalachians (1000 ppm). Two new copper showings have thus been identified: Einna and Eilime. The Einna showing (station 1898, 1520 ppm Cu) is characterized by hematized purple-red mafic volcanics breccia containing some sulphides, locally. The showing is located less than 25m from the contact with the mafic volcanics breccia. The Eilime (station 2047, 5200 ppm Cu) showing is located near the north-eastern contact of the biggest mafic volcanics breccia patch with the hematized mafic volcanics breccias, about 500m southeast of the Cranbourne showing. It is characterized by rusty veinlets/zones rich in sulphides (associated with quartz veinlets ?) in a strongly chloritized matrix-poor mafic volcanics breccia. Considering the main rock types on the Moose Cliff property, the Einna and Eilime showings (and Cranbourne) could be the product of the copper deposition resulting from the encountering of oxidized rocks by copper-rich fluids migrating along permeable strata or structures to the margins of basins. Copper showings on the Moose Cliff property could also be hydrothermal veins related to the movement of fluids associated with the serpentinization and alteration of the ultramafic bodies or a combination of both.

## **7. SGH – Soil gas hydrocarbon geochemistry**

A soil gas hydrocarbon (SGH) geochemistry campaign was conducted as an exploration tool in order to evaluate a prospective area for gold and/or VMS based deposits. The complete SGH report can be found at the end of this report (Appendix IV).

The sampling grid for this SGH project consists of 4 parallel N-S trending lines that are 50m apart with samples spaced at approximately 20m along each line. The samples are 400 to 500g soil samples recovered from the B horizon with a soil auger. A total of 65 samples were recovered for the Moose Cliff SGH campaign. Sample locations as well as sample characteristics (depth, soil horizon, color, texture and surface slope direction) were submitted to Activation Laboratories (Ancaster, Ontario) for analysis and interpretation.

The result of this geochemical sampling project is the identification of two anomalous zones. The gold anomalous zone is located approximately at 5 139 725 – 5 139 825m N/376 480m E while the anomalous region for a VMS deposit is located around 5 139 775m N/376 450m E. These zones are situated exactly in the extension of the line connecting the three copper showings (Einna, Eilime and Cranbourne)(Figure 9).

## **8. Conclusions and recommendations**

Fieldwork conducted during summer of 2010 on the Moose Cliff property initially led to the reconfiguration of the local geological map. Sampling allowed the identification of an anomalous gold region near the south-western contact of the biggest mafic volcanics breccia patch with the hematized mafic volcanics breccia. Two new copper showings were also identified; both of them being located near the contacts between the hematized rocks and the mafic volcanics breccia. All showings seem to point towards mineralization related to deposition processes linked to the precipitation of Cu ±Au following the encountering of oxidized mafic rocks by migrating metals-rich fluids.

It is recommended that *Golden Hope Mines Limited* continues its exploration campaign on the Moose Cliff property with more detailed mapping and extensive sampling specifically around the anomalous gold region and the copper showings. It is also recommended to map the newly acquired claims juxtaposed to the west of the Moose Cliff claims block. Ground geophysics (Mag, VLF, IP) might also be performed in the swamp next to the Rivière Etchemin since there is no outcrop in this area.

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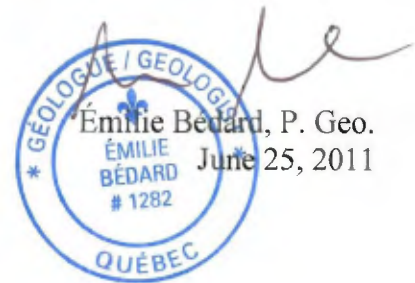
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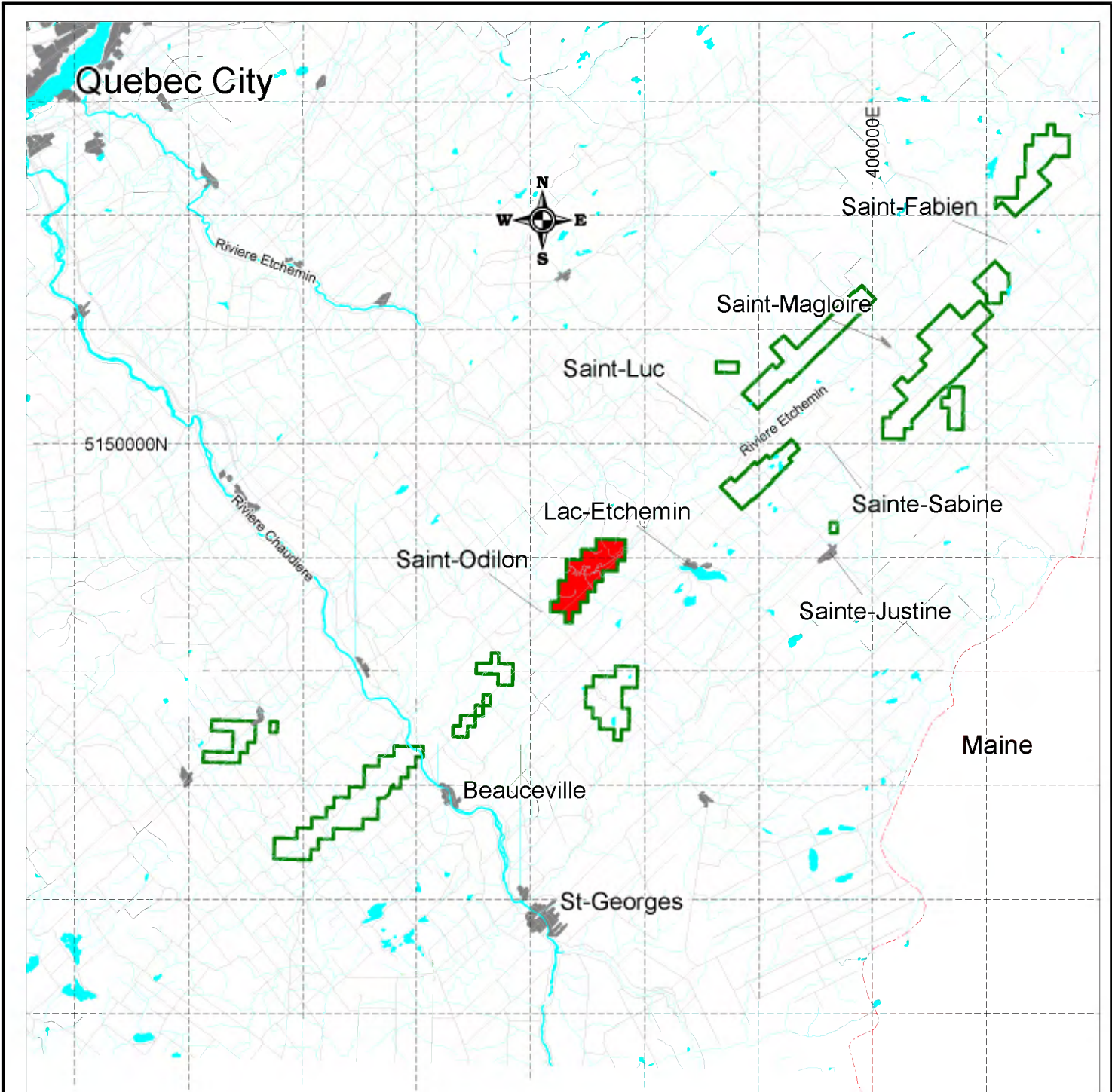
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## 10. Certificate

I, *Émilie Bédard*, resident at 275A rue Principale, Sainte-Justine, Qc, G0R 1Y0, do hereby certify that:

1. I am an independent geologist.
2. I have received a B.Sc. in Geology in 2006 from the Université Laval, Quebec and a M.Sc. in Earth Sciences in 2009 from Université Laval, Quebec.
3. I have practised my profession since 2008.
4. I am a professional geologist presently registered to the board of the « Ordre des Géologues du Québec », member #1282.
5. I am an author of this report which is based on data generated by Golden Hope Mines Limited and data available from various sources as summarized in the reference section.
6. I have participated in the work program described in this report. I also revised and verified the data compiled in this report.





Coordinates: UTM NAD83 - Zone 19

**Golden Hope Mines Limited Claims**

- Moose Cliff property
- Other claims



**Golden Hopes Mine Limited  
Bellechasse Project  
Location map**

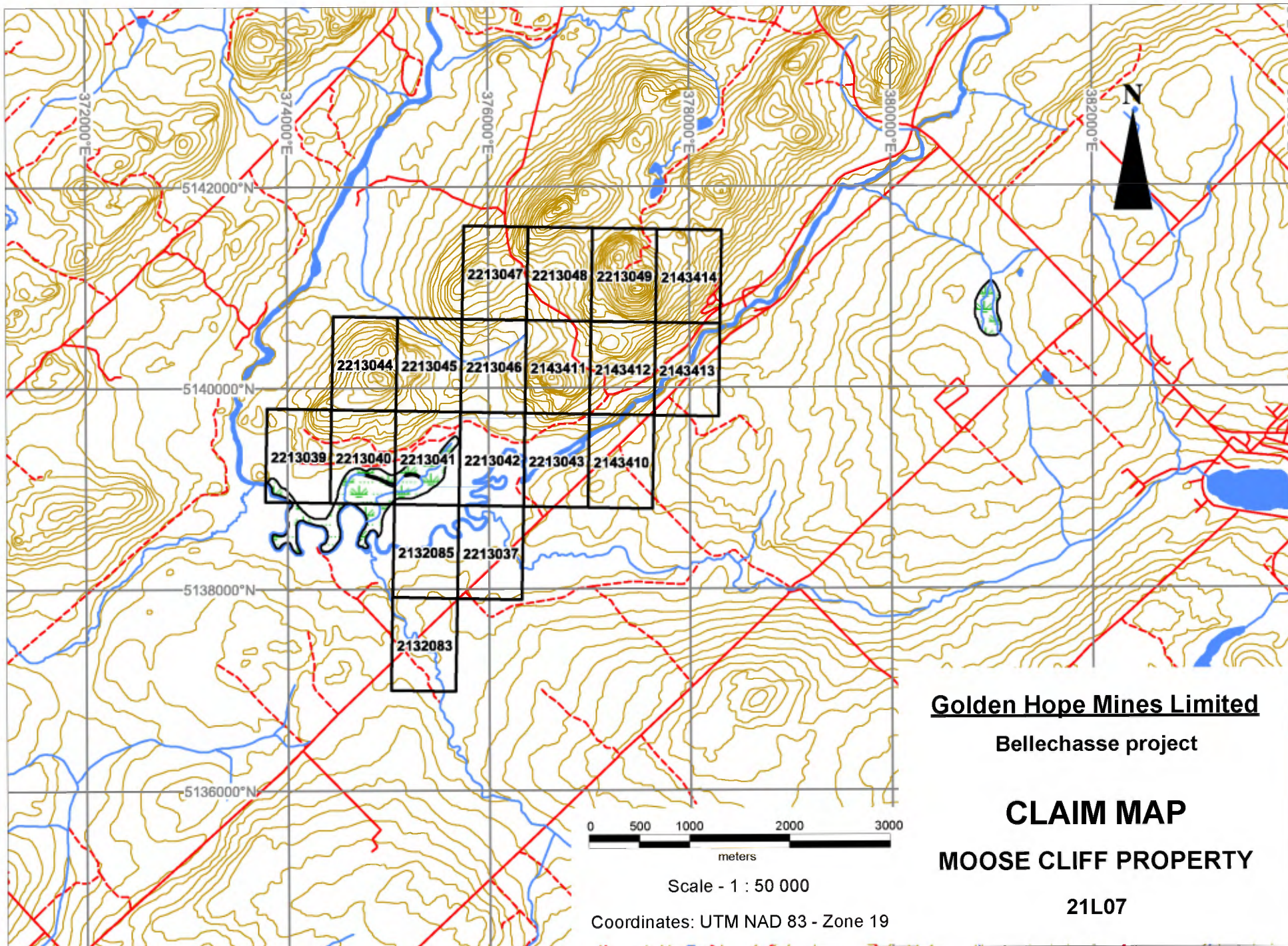


Figure 2 - Location of claims for the Moose Cliff property

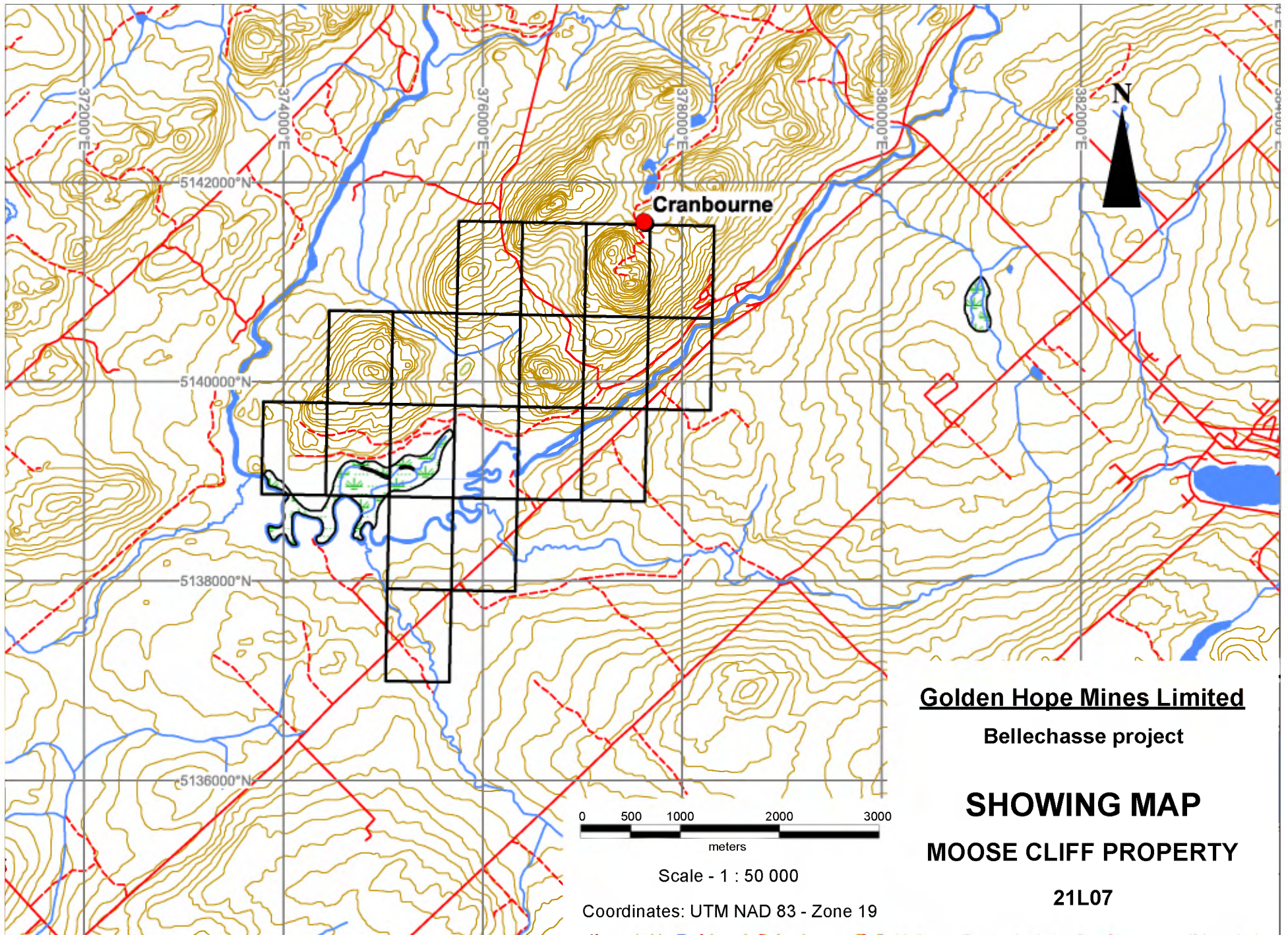


Figure 3 - Showing in the vicinity of the property

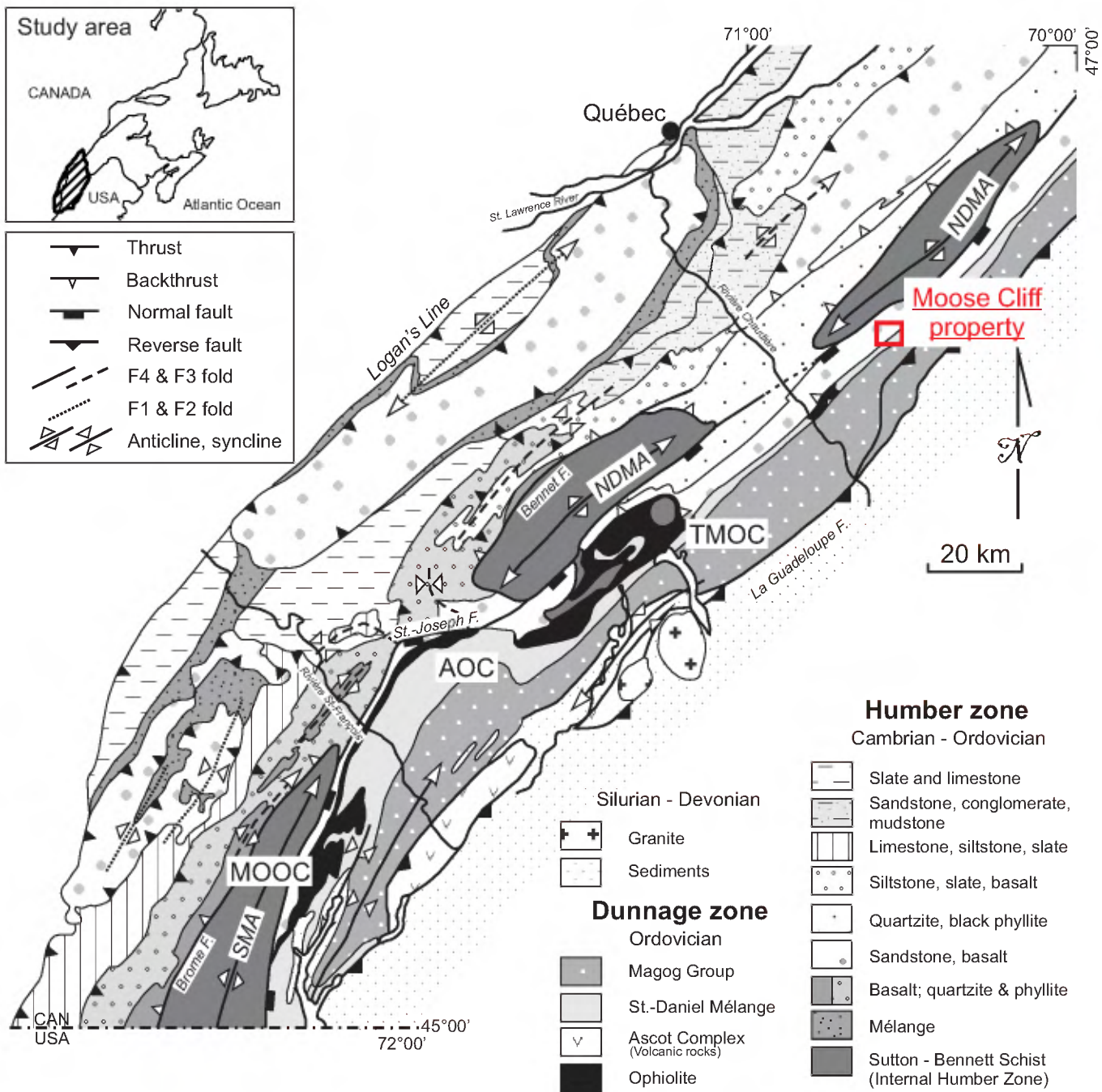


Figure 4 - Geological and structural map of the main tectonostratigraphic zones of the Québec Appalachians showing the approximate location of the property. (Modified after Schroetter et al., 2006). BBL – Baie Verte-Brompton line; SMA – Sutton Mountains anticlinorium; NDMA – Notre-Dame Mountains anticlinoria

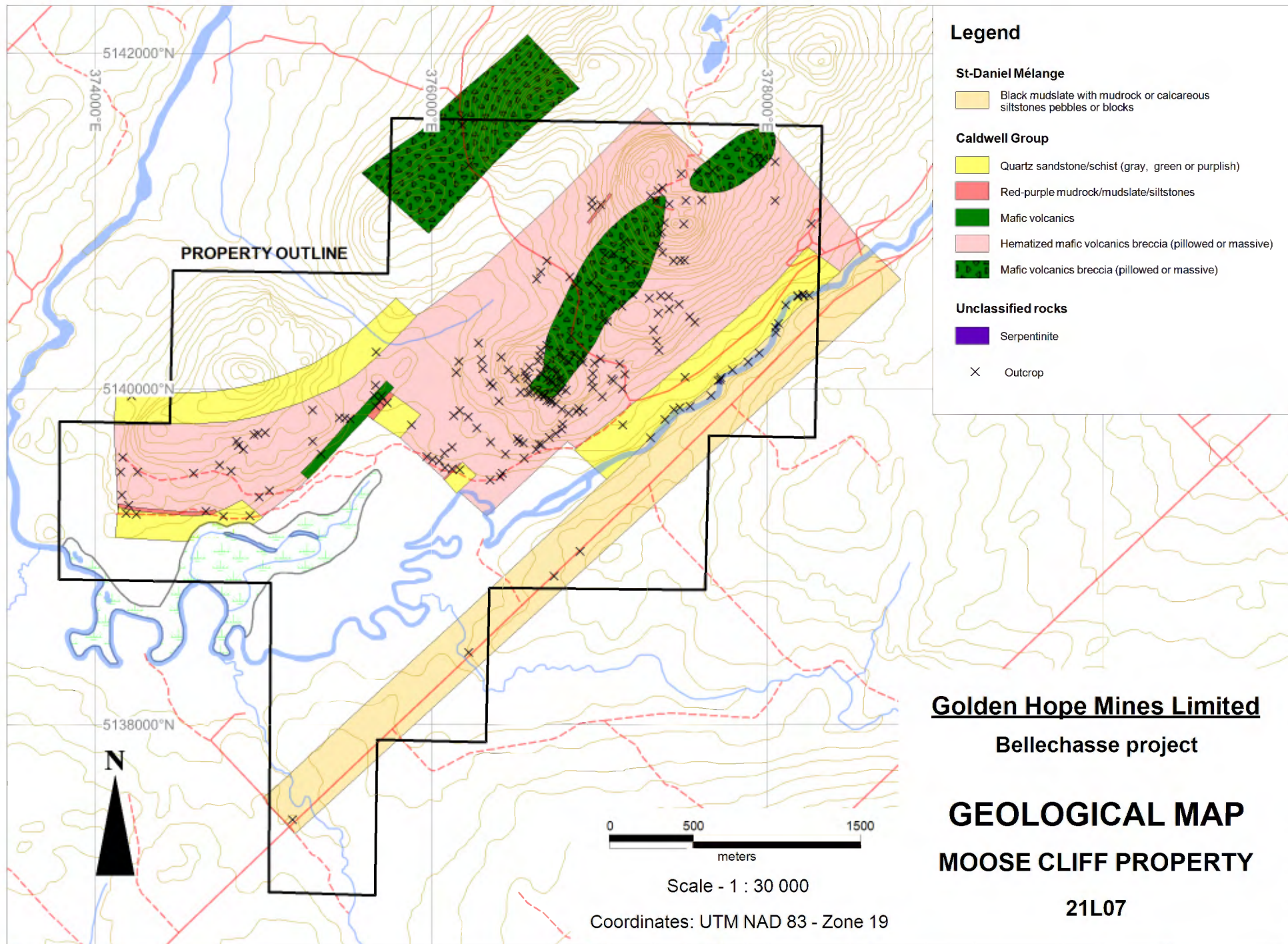


Figure 5 - Geological map of the Moose Cliff property showing the outcrop locations

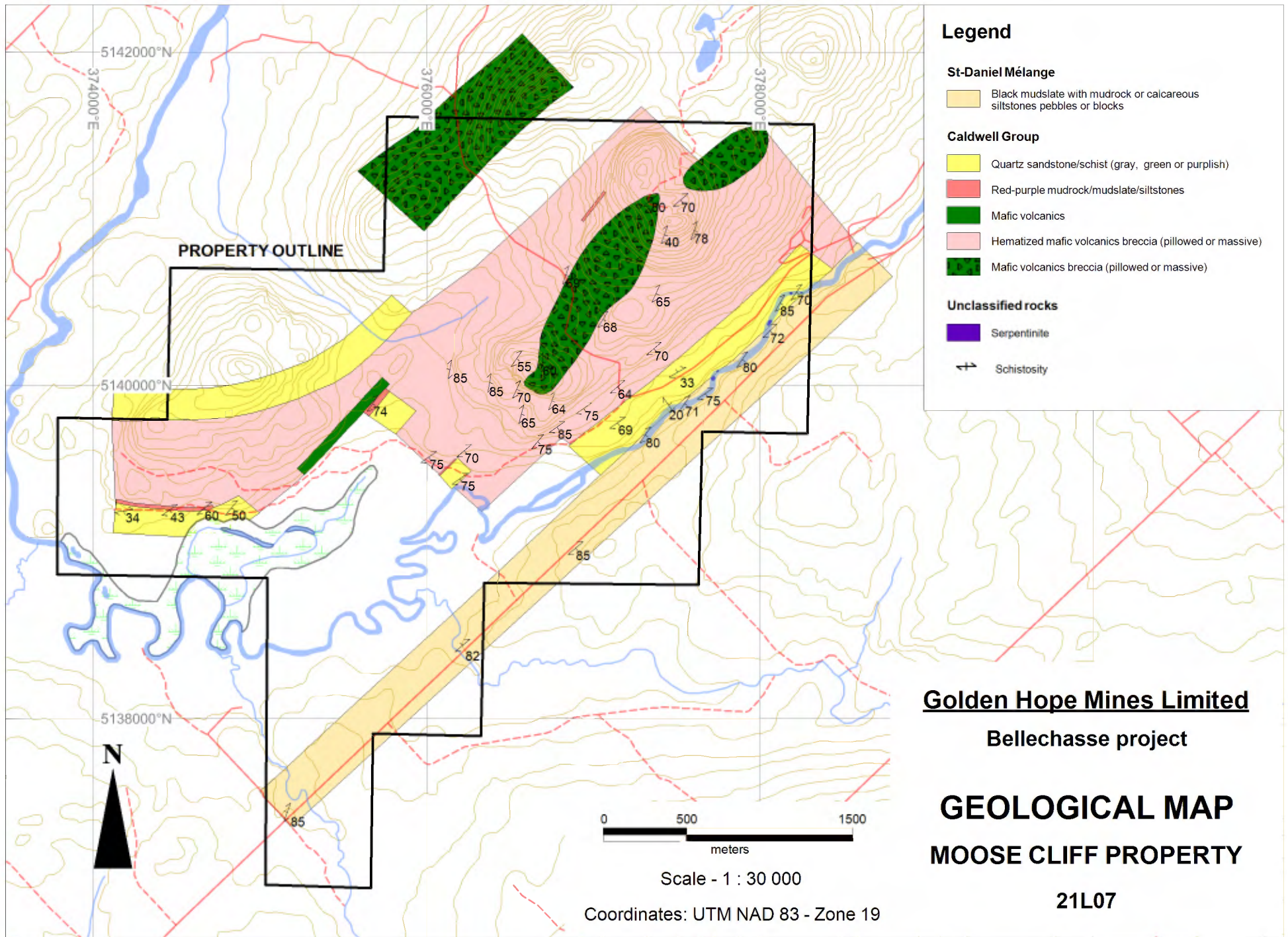


Figure 6 - Geological map of the Moose Cliff property showing the schistosity structures

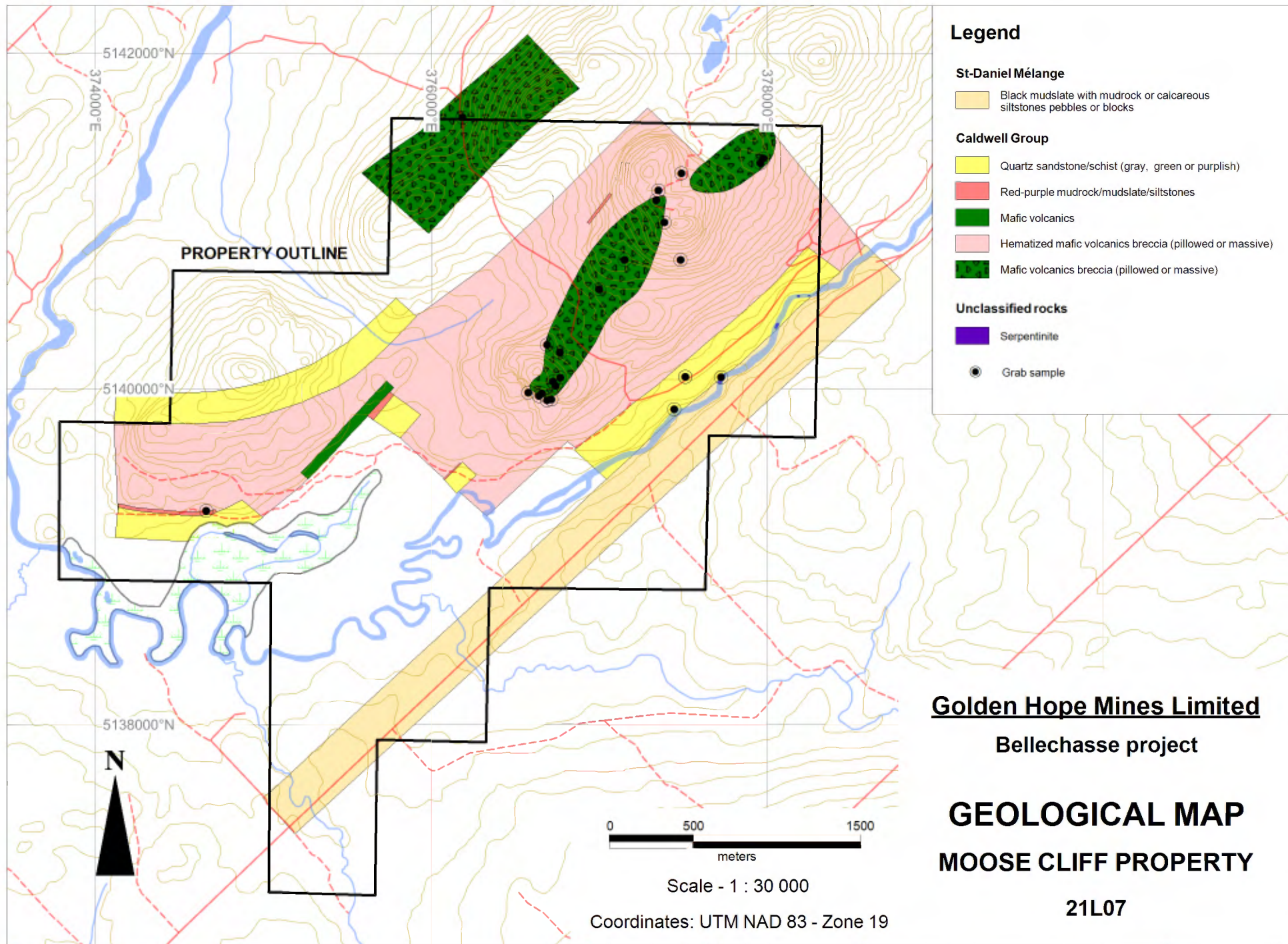


Figure 8 - Geological map of the Moose Cliff property showing the sample locations

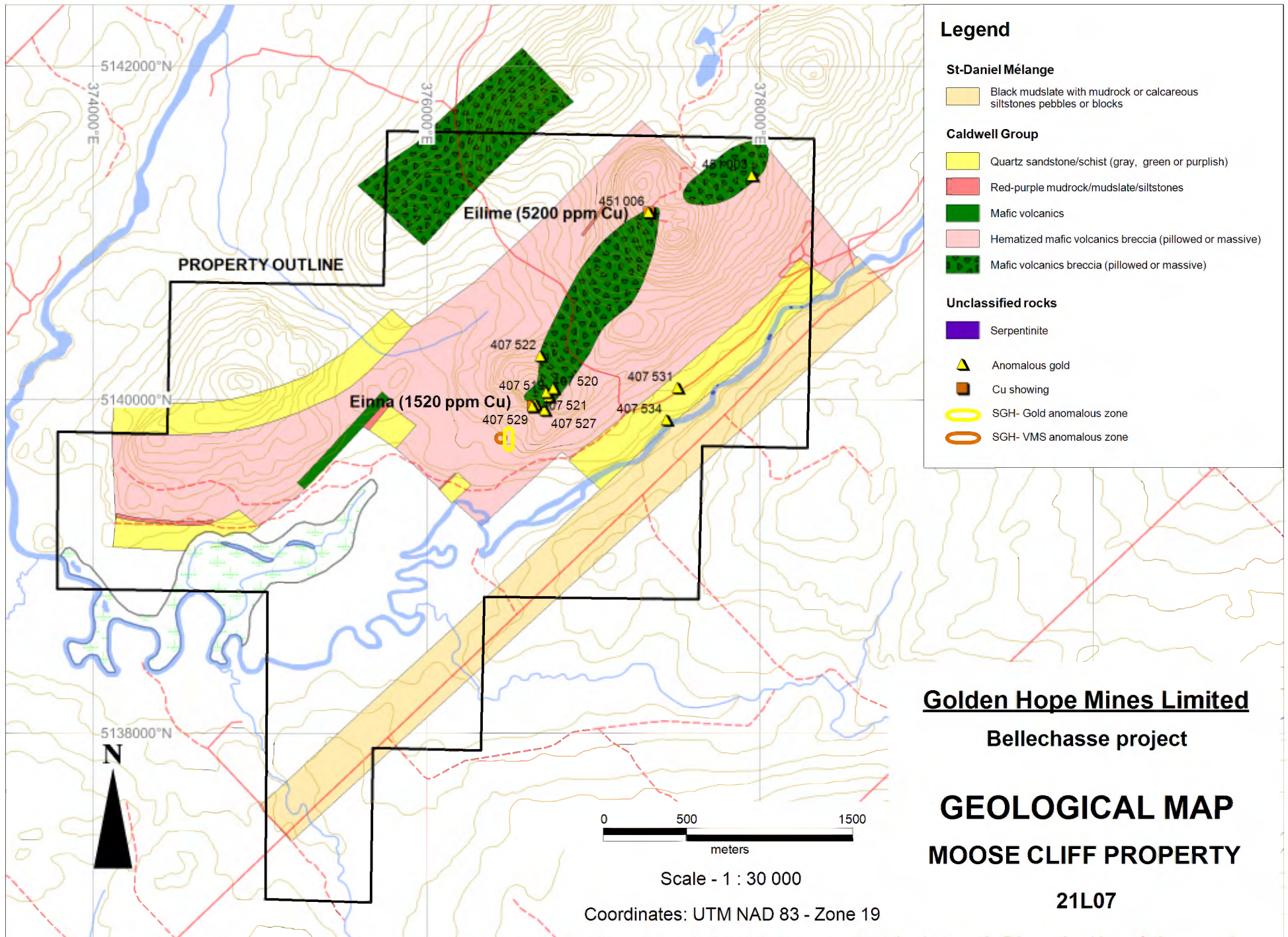


Figure 9 - Geological map of the Moose Cliff property showing the anomalous gold results and the new copper showings

# Appendix I

Outcrop locations, rock descriptions and sample locations

(«A» refers to the main rock type, always described first in the comments while «B» is always the second rock type described in the comments)

(Right-hand rule for the structural measurements)

Station	East	North	Sample	ActLabs #	Main Rock type	Schistosity	Lineation	Veins/Fractures	Comments
1831	376975	5140151			Volcanic breccia			075/85	Trail, 1m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia (92%): 80% clasts (pale blue, ±angular), 20% matrix (red mud/fluid); chlorite-quartz veins (08%): N075/85, 1mm-2cm thick
1832	376803	5139990			Diabase ?				Cliff, 3m <sup>2</sup> ; Diabase (40%): magnetic; Volcanic breccia (60%): red stuff (matrix) looks like chert (both around and inside the clasts), lots of epidote ± quartz veins, chunks of hornblende (<1%, magnetic, quite dense)
1833	376779	5140001			Volcanic breccia				Same cliff as 1832, 8m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: oxydized (all red), maybe less cherty matrix here (the clasts look more "in situ", at least locally; Locally the matrix is substituted by epidote-quartz injection
1834	376740	5140015	A	407519	Volcanic breccia				Near the top of the hill, 4m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: not really oxydized here, the matrix is more like a stockwork of chlorite-mafic veins, locally rich in pyrite ?, the rock is medium to dark blue green, slightly magnetic
1835	376725	5140040	A	407520	Volcanic breccia			270/42	Near the top of the hill, 3m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: less veins/breccification here, 1-2% sulphides (pyrite) in tiny veins, fractures/veining= N270/42
1836	376715	5140054			Volcanic breccia				Same as 1835, more injection/veins here, some pyrite in veins
1837	376692	5140062			Volcanic breccia				Near the top of the hill, 8-9m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 1836, up to 40% quartz-chert stockwork, again some sulphides (pyrite) in veins, locally
1838	376661	5140085			Volcanic breccia				Top of the hill, 5-6m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 1837, 10% quartz-epidote veins, no sulphides here
1839	376651	5140095			Volcanic breccia				Less veins than in 1838, looks breccified, maybe a little oxydized, no sulphides
1840	376586	5140127			Volcanic breccia				Other side of the hill, 3m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: up to 35-40% matrix (red chert/epidote veins), clasts (3cm-1mm), very angular
1841	376557	5140099			Volcanic breccia	015/60			20m <sup>2</sup> , covered with moss; Same as 1840, very rich in epidote
1842	376565	5140075			Volcanic breccia	035/70			Volcanic breccia: red chert matrix, clasts seem more rounded and deformed
1843	376575	5140061			Volcanic breccia				Other side of the hill, 15m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 1841, some carbonate veinlets, locally
1844	376587	5140021			Volcanic breccia				
1845	376636	5139988			Volcanic breccia				
1846	376660	5139969	A	407521	Volcanic breccia				Top of the hill; Volcanic breccia: like 1844, locally rusted (pyrite, <1%)
1847	376678	5139964			Volcanic breccia				Volcanic breccia (80%): same as 1846; Diabase dike ? (20%)
1848	376756	5139972			Volcanic breccia				Same as 1834

Station	East	North	Sample	ActLabs #	Main Rock type	Schistosity	Lineation	Veins/Fractures	Comments
1849	376689	5140259	A	407522	Volcanic breccia				4m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia (85%): matrix is characterized by a stockwork of chlorite veins, some sulphides (disseminated, ± in veins); 15% quartz veins (in shear zone)
1850	376782	5140037			Volcanic breccia				20m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia (95%): up to 85-90% clasts which are fine-grained volcanic rock, probably basalt with a subophitic texture (like diabase) so the dikes I have seen yesterday are probably not dikes, the matrix is ± cherty (white); 05% quartz vein ± epidote
1851	376768	5140063	A	407523	Volcanic rock				3m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic rock: basalt/diabase, fine-grained-medium-grained, ± brecciated, ± altered/chloritized, 2-3% sulphides (disseminated, pyrite, locally)
1852	376750	5140097			Volcanic breccia				Volcanic breccia (95%): basalt/diabase; 05% quartz-epidote veins: stockwork-like texture
1853	376721	5140115			Volcanic breccia				4m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: up to 80% clasts (angular, 2-3cm), matrix seems to be chloritic/mafic, some sulphides (pyrite, disseminated)
1854	376688	5140139			Volcanic breccia	005/60		145/15	20m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: less brecciated than elsewhere, same rock, fracture set= 145/15
1855	376638	5140164			Volcanic breccia				7-8m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: matrix here is cherty (red-purple), epidote+quartz+chlorite veins, carbonate veinlets, same as we have seen elsewhere
1856	376650	5140194			Volcanic breccia				Same as 1855
1857	376654	5140228			Volcanic breccia				Same as 1856: locally there are some very rounded lapillis? Or clasts? Or porphyroblasts (0.5cm-0.2cm, paler with a white rim)
1858	376767	5140214	A	407524	Volcanic breccia				4-5m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: matrix here is not red (chlorite/mafic), epidote-quartz veins, some sulphides (1%, pyrite, disseminated)
1859	376789	5140177			Volcanic breccia				20m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: like 1858, up to 20% carbonate-epidote + quartz veins
1860	376823	5140160			Volcanic breccia				Same as 1859
1861	376904	5140158			Volcanic breccia				5m <sup>2</sup> , blocks; Volcanic breccia: either a reddish (±purple) matrix or a green chlorite-rich mafic matrix
1862	376893	5140180			Volcanic breccia				3m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic rock (80%): basalt/diabase; quartz-epidote veins (20%): stockwork-style
1863	376855	5140204			Volcanic breccia				20m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: 60% clasts, 40% chloritic mafic matrix, up to 20% epidote-quartz veins
1864	376185	5141569			Volcanic breccia				Side of the main road, 1m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: 75% huge clasts (± rounded) which are themselves slightly brecciated, 25% chloritic mafic matrix
1865	376186	5141614	A	407525	Volcanic breccia				Side of the main road, 1m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 1864, locally there are some sulphides in veins or disseminated

Station	East	North	Sample	ActLabs #	Main Rock type	Schistosity	Lineation	Veins/Fractures	Comments
1866	376224	5141332			Volcanic breccia				Side of the main road, 4-5m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 1864: rounded clasts= pillows ?!, 5% epidote-quartz veins
1867	376690	5140763			Pillow breccia				Side of the main road, 7m <sup>2</sup> ; Pillow breccia: brecciated (reddish matrix, oxydizing fluids?), between the pillows= chloritic mafic matrix ± epidote
1868	376828	5140665			Pillow breccia	020/69			Side of the main road, 2m <sup>2</sup> , dirty, covered with lichens; Probably the same thing as 1867
1869	376864	5140619			Basalt/diabase				Side of the road, 3-4m <sup>2</sup> ; Basalt/diabase: fine-grained-medium-grained, subophitic texture, probably brecciated, quartz-epidote veins
1870	376834	5140314			Volcanic breccia				Side of the road, 7-8m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: here the matrix seems mainly chloritic mafic, maybe some reddish spots, locally
1871	377011	5140177			Volcanic breccia				Same as 1870
1872	377123	5140148			Pillow breccia				Side of the road, 5-6m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 1867
1873	377139	5140000			Mafic schist	050/64		260/24	Side of the road, 6-7m <sup>2</sup> ; Mafic schist (99%): up to 30% quartz veins, ± parallel to schistosity, light to medium green; 01% quartz-chlorite veins: N260/24
1874	377141	5139784			Mafic schist/wacke	055/69			<1m <sup>2</sup> ; Looks similar to 1873, but the rock is more gray. Looks like a wacke or metwacke or schist. There are still a lot of quartz veins
1875	377085	5140047			Volcanic breccia				Side of a hill, 6-7m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: 60% clasts (10-20cm, angular, mafic volcanics, very magnetic), 40% matrix (red chert/mudrock)
1876	377077	5140058			Pillow breccia				Same as 1875, here it is maybe possible to see relics of pillows
1877	376963	5140091			Pillow breccia	N260			12m <sup>2</sup> ; Looks similar to 1876. Really magnetic here.
1878	376957	5140042			Pillow breccia				Same as 1877
1879	376965	5140007			Volcanic breccia				Cliff, 20-25m <sup>2</sup> ; Same kind of rock than 1878, less brecciated here, less oxydizing matrix, more masive, some quartz-carbonate-epidote veinlets
1880	377019	5139951			Pillow breccia				Same as 1877, really oxydized here. 10m to the south, pillow breccia ?
1881	376905	5139862			Volcanic breccia				Huge cliff, 30m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 1880
1882	376880	5139884			Volcanic breccia				Same as 1881
1883	376867	5139865			Volcanic breccia	055/75			Basically the same as elsewhere
1884	376820	5139856			Pillow breccia			280/73	Same as 1876, pillow breccia ?, fault= N280/73
1891	376779	5139879			Pillow breccia				2-3m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: pillow breccia, purple matrix, magnetic, 20-25% quartz-epidote veins
1892	376742	5139912			Pillow breccia	020/64			
1893	376718	5139918			Volcanic breccia				Looks similar to 1891 and 1892 but probably more brecciated here. Clasts are smaller, really angular. White alteration: carbonate "stalactites"
1894	376716	5139934	A	407527	Volcanic breccia				Cliff, block at the bottom; Same as 1893, only a little rusted (sulphides ?)

Station	East	North	Sample	ActLabs #	Main Rock type	Schistosity	Lineation	Veins/Fractures	Comments
1895	376708	5139932			Volcanic breccia				Cliff, 20m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: less red matrix here, less brecciated, clasts are bigger and "in situ"
1896	376690	5139929	A	407528	Volcanic breccia				Cliff, same as 1895; More large ep± quartz veins (5cm): malachite alteration (chalcopyrite, ± pyrite), N270/10, white carbonate crust
1897	376671	5139952			Volcanic breccia				Cliff; Volcanic breccia: angular volcanic clasts in a paler siliceous matrix, some rusted spots ± sulphides
1898	376642	5139955	A	407529	Volcanic breccia	015/65			Cliff; Looks similar here, maybe more deformed, good schistosity, the clasts are probably smaller here and maybe more chloritized also, there are some sulphides locally
1899	376594	5139978			Volcanic breccia				Huge block near the cliff; Volcanic breccia: more red stuff/matrix here + tiny epidote-quartz veins
1900	376577	5139975	A	407530	Volcanic breccia				Block in a "debris cone"; Volcanic breccia: locally the matrix is completely replaced by sulphides (pyrite), the outcrop nearby also shows the same texture than the block= seems to be a zone of deformation of some kind
1901	376533	5139980			Volcanic breccia	025/70			Here the matrix is definitely purple/red. Lots of clasts, some of them show a weird circular alteration pattern. Carbonate crust.
1903	376500	5140062			Pillow breccia	035/55			Cliff; Pillow breccia: red/purple matrix in between the pillows, pillows (10cm-40cm), as usual here, s0/s1= N035/55
1904	376462	5140111			Volcanic breccia			25	Bump near the cliff; Volcanic breccia: red/purple matrix, epidote/quartz veins, magnetic, fault= N025
1905	376417	5140188			Volcanic breccia				Bump near the cliff, 15m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: matrix is siliceous and pale green, lots of epidote veins
1906	376282	5140272			Volcanic rock			035/80	Side of the bump, 4m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic rock (20-30%); Epidote-quartz veins (70-80%): N035/80
1907	376301	5140172			Volcanic breccia				Small bump, 5m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia with red/purple matrix/alteration
1908	376309	5140118			Volcanic breccia				Same as 1907
1909	376352	5140036			Pillow breccia				Same as 1908: clasts here look like pillows
1910	376368	5140015			Volcanic breccia	010/85			Volcanic breccia: up to 65-70% red matrix, really deformed
1911	376405	5139925			Volcanic breccia				Side of the mountain, 10-15m <sup>2</sup> ; covered with moss; Volcanic breccia: same as 1908, lots of epidote-quartz veins
1912	376515	5139703			Volcanic breccia				Smaller cliff, 10m <sup>2</sup> , continuous outcrop; Volcanic breccia: red/purple matrix/alteration, very magnetic
1913	376524	5139684			Volcanic rock				Same cliff; Volcanic rock: brecciated ?, looks more massive here, lava flows or joint system= N280/55, the red/purple alteration seems really pervasive here

Station	East	North	Sample	ActLabs #	Main Rock type	Schistosity	Lineation	Veins/Fractures	Comments
1914	376549	5139677			Volcanic breccia			290/80 285/24	Same cliff; Same rock as 1913: looks really brecciated here even if the outcrop itself looks more massive, pillow relics ?, joint systems= N290/80 N285/24 (don't think it is a kind of lava flow)
1915	376625	5139639			Volcanic breccia			195/70	± the same cliff; Less fractured than 1914, looks brecciated again ("in situ" breccification, same rock as 1914), epidote/chlorite/quartz intense veining (N195/70, seems to rotate), carbonate veinlets
1916	376644	5139669			Volcanic breccia				Same cliff; Extremely brecciated (smaller clasts), red/purple alteration matrix, a lot of epidote veins ± quartz
1917	376659	5139667			Volcanic breccia	040/75		110/80	Same cliff; Looks brecciated (there are probably pillow relics again), Big fault (N110/80): only a big depression in the rock, no fault gauge or anything, schistosity is parallel to veining
1918	376705	5139709			Volcanic breccia	030/85		300/35	Same cliff; Same rock as 1917: joint= N300/35, schistosity/veins= N030/85
1919	376744	5139733			Volcanic breccia			040/75	Same cliff; Volcanic breccia (70%): something as 1918, 30% 2-3m thick zone of highly deformed and highly veined rock (N040/75, maybe a zone between two pillow flows?), very rich in red/purple stuff (jaspe?)= sedimentary environment ?
1920	376778	5139759			Pillow breccia	055/85			Same cliff; Same as 1917: pillow relics here, above the pillows (towards the south) it is possible to see the deformed/schistose stuff
1921	376784	5139790			Pillow breccia			015/65	Same cliff; Volcanic breccia: pillows?, red/purple alteration +chlorite +epidote, fault/joint= N015/65
1922	377154	5140087			Pillow breccia				Side of the road, 5m <sup>2</sup> , ugly; Volcanic breccia: pillow relics?, red/purple matrix/alteration, epidote/quartz veins, chloritized, carbonated
1923	378112	5140498			Quartz wacke	030/85		100/30	Side of the Etchemin river, 1m <sup>2</sup> ; quartz wacke: 5% quartz clasts, medium green, very good schistosity, joint= N100/30
1924	378183	5140554			Quartz wacke	035/79			Side of the river, 20m <sup>2</sup> ; quartz wacke (60%): like 1923A; Ultramafic intrusion (40%, really an intrusion?): altered, ± talc, 5m <sup>2</sup> , ± round intrusion
1925	378214	5140565			Quartz wacke	035/70			Side of the river, 50m <sup>2</sup> ; quartz wacke (70%): like 1924A, here it is more an alternance of green/gray/light purple wacke schist, good schistosity, still possible to see cross-laminations; Mafic volcanic (20%): medium green, fine-grained, ±massive, dark green phenocrysts, carbonate veinlets; Deformation zone (10%): between A&B, green medium green, N042.
1926	377956	5140214			Mudshale	N035			Side of the river, <1m <sup>2</sup> ; Mudshale: black, with up to 40% clasts (paler, ± beige), seem to be sedimentary
1927	377889	5140159			Mudshale	035/80			Mudrock/mudshale with clasts: matrix is dark gray-black, clasts are brown or beige, really deformed/broken
1928	377796	5140112			Mudshale				Same as 1927

Station	East	North	Sample	ActLabs #	Main Rock type	Schistosity	Lineation	Veins/Fractures	Comments
1929	377513	5140068	A, B	407531, 407532	Quartz wacke/schist	035/80 240/33			Side of the river; quartz wacke/schist (60%): ±sandstone, pale gray green, small layer of thin phyllosilicates, locally rusted; Ultramafic white rock (10%): altered ultramafic rock, white chromite or pitchblende ?; Ultramafic rock (30%): enclaves in A, or intrusions ?, really deformed, seems to be in A
1930	377727	5140066	A	407533	Quartz wacke/sandstone/schist		M 015/05	320/65 140/10	Same as 1929A, locally rusted, some sulphides; Locally, the sandstone changes to a more cherty stuff, still with the green phyllosilicates layers; M fold axis= N015/05, joint set: N320/65, N140/10
1931	377723	5140054			UM rock				Side of the river, 30m <sup>2</sup> ; Ultramafic rock (60%): dark green-black, altered, ±chromite, ±pyroxene, huge intrusion squeezed in the host rock; quartz wacke-sandstone/schist (35%): same as 1930; Ultramafic white rock (05%): represents the contact between the ultramafic rock and the mudrock (N040/70)
1932	377711	5140048			Mudshale	045/85			Side of the river, continuous outcrop; Contact between the black mudshale/ultramafic rock; Mudshale (80%): dark gray-black-blue, locally chunks of py (2-4cm, 1-2%); Ultramafic rock (20%): the contact between A&B is a deformed zone (N045, 1cm-thick)
1933	377668	5139959			Black-blue mudshale	055/75			Side of the river; Black-blue mudshale
1934	377543	5139895			Black-blue mudshale	035/71 050/70			Same as 1933
1935	377482	5139887			Quartz wacke/lapilli tuff	035/70			Side of the river, continuous outcrop; Quartz wacke/lapilli tuff (80%): light green, up to 40% quartz clasts, some rust, 1% sulphides; quartz veins (20%): 1mm-2cm
1936	377447	5139875	A	407534	Quartz wacke/lapilli tuff	325/20	E 200/85		Same as 1935: veins are folded/deformed (20%, ± parallel to schistosity, otherwise no particular orientation), locally rusted (py chunks), elongation lineation= N200/85
1937	377393	5139817			Quartz wacke/sandstone/schist				Looks more like the quartz sandstone/siltstone/schist of 1930, not a lot of quartz clasts here
1938	377308	5139707			Black-blue mudshale	035/80			Side of the river, 20m <sup>2</sup> ; Black-blue mudshale: locally rusted, spots= chunks
1939	378253	5140556			UM altered rock			N220, N025	Side of the river, continuous outcrop; Ultramafic altered rock (85%): ± massive, contains some high deformation zone (N220, N025); quartz sandstone/siltstone/schist (15%): light gray-green (towards the west); Contact between A&B looks ± gradual/abrupt
1940	378220	5140552			Purple/green quartz wacke/schist				Side of the river, in front of 1925; Purple/green quartz wacke/schist: good schistosity, purple mudshale laminae (1-5cm)

Station	East	North	Sample	ActLabs #	Main Rock type	Schistosity	Lineation	Veins/Fractures	Comments
1941	378186	5140548			Quartz wacke				Same rock as 1924 except there is no ultramafic rock here; quartz wacke (feldspar?) + up to 20% quartz-chlorite veins
1942	378069	5140389			Altered serpentinite				Side of the river, 10-12m <sup>2</sup> ; Altered ultramafic rock: dark green-black, not very deformed/broken, rich in pyroxene (20%)
1943	378051	5140366			Altered serpentinite				Same as 1942
1944	378054	5140336			Black-blue mudshale	045/72			Side of the river, continuous outcrop; Black-blue mudshale: to the west the rock is locally more massive= more rich in quartz laminae, ± rusted
1945	376554	5139586			Volcanic breccia				Side of the trail, 12-15m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: red/purple matrix/alteration, epidote veins
1946	376426	5139497			Volcanic breccia				Same as 1945
1947	376414	5139476			Pillow breccia			030/85	Side of the trail, 7-8 m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: pillow relics, extremely purple/red, lots of epidote veins + chlorite, deformation/veins= N030/85
1948	376353	5139457			Volcanic breccia				Side of the trail, 4m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: "in situ", no purple/red alteration, several epidote veins= stockwork, 5m to the west, we see the purple alteration again
1949	376171	5139517			Quartz wacke	055/75			Near the trail, 10m <sup>2</sup> ; quartz wacke (85%): medium green, up to 40% quartz clasts, 15% quartz veins: several orientation but N080/55 is the main one
1950	376126	5139523			Red mudrock/shale/siltstone	050/70			Near the trail, 15m <sup>2</sup> ; Red mudrock/shale/siltstone (40%); quartz wacke (20%): green, up to 35% quartz veins; Volcanic breccia (40%): pillow relics, purple/red alteration, epidote/chlorite veins; The contact between A&B is quite neat (more quartz veins though) while the contact between A&C is not visible.
1951	376083	5139530			Volcanic breccia				Near the trail, 8m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: red/purple alteration/matrix, maybe some very red clasts are really red sedimentary rock? Incorporated in the breccia.
1952	376009	5139577			Pillow lavas	055/75			See 1953. We found a chunk of wacke in-between the "alleged pillows" the outcrop 1953 is clearly a pillow lava sequence so 1952 is the same.
1953	375977	5139596			Pillow lavas				Near the trail, 50m <sup>2</sup> , huge cliff; Pillow lavas: does not seem brecciated or it is only "in situ" breccification; Between the pillows, it is either a pale purple stuff (sed?) or it is filled with carbonates; Locally the rock is really rusted (near the carbonates); it is not possible to identify the top of the sequence; Again, pillows are really purple but they look way more volcanic than the stuff of 1952.
1954	375039	5139393			Volcanic breccia				Side of a ski-doo trail; Volcanic breccia: dark green, epidote veins, + small red/purple alteration veins
1955	374978	5139355			Volcanic breccia				Same as 1953 but no purple alteration here.

Station	East	North	Sample	ActLabs #	Main Rock type	Schistosity	Lineation	Veins/Fractures	Comments
1956	374811	5139510			Pillow lavas				Looks like 1953, not a lot of carbonates though
1957	374742	5139544			Pillow lavas				Same as 1956.
1958	374852	5139661			Volcanic breccia				Near the trail, 15-20m <sup>2</sup> , wet and dirty; Volcanic breccia: pillow relics, same as usual
1959	374884	5139640			Volcanic breccia				Same as 1958: pillow relics?, green-purple
1960	376653	5140697			Volcanic breccia				1m <sup>2</sup> , wet-dirty; Volcanic breccia: purple and green, deformed;
1961	376630	5140653			Volcanic breccia			020/65	4m <sup>2</sup> , wet; Volcanic breccia (50%): green; Epidote veins (50%): parts of the outcrop are completely covered with ep veins (N020/65)
1962	376166	5140162			Volcanic breccia				Cliff, 20m <sup>2</sup> , wet-ugly; Volcanic breccia: purple and green, epidote veins;
1963	376151	5140096			Volcanic breccia	190/85			Same as 1962.
1964	375674	5140219			Mafic volcanics				Side of the trail, 3m <sup>2</sup> ; Mafic volcanics: dark blue, strongly magnetic, carbonate veinlets, epidote veins, does not seem brecciated
1965	375295	5139874			Mafic volcanics				Side of the trail, 2m <sup>2</sup> ; Mafic volcanics: purple veinlets, seem to be the same rock as 1964, tiny sulphides (<1%), ±brecciated (purple veinlets), epidote-carbonate veins
1966	375012	5139738			Mafic volcanics				Side of the trail, 1m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 1965: chlorite veinlets + chloritized phenocrysts
1967	374970	5139734			Pillow breccia				Side of the trail, 2m <sup>2</sup> ; Pillow breccia: between pillows= chlorite+epidote+purple stuff, pillows are breccified (chlorite+epidote)
1968	374946	5139726			Pillow breccia			260/30	Side of the trail, 5m <sup>2</sup> , cliff-wet; Same as 1967: veins= N260/30, pillow relics ?
1969	374843	5139687			Oxydized rock			230/55	Side of the trail, 10m <sup>2</sup> ; Seems to be the same rock here but it is completely oxydized/alterd in red/purple, there are still pillow relics, epidote-chlorite-quartz veins; 10m to the west, the rock is amygdular (carbonate-filled vesicules), the purple alteration is also less important, joint/deformation zone (N230/55)
1970	374587	5139496			Oxydized rock			263/40, 300/60	Side of the trail, 5m <sup>2</sup> ; Same rock as 1969: up to 10% quartz-epidote veins (N263/40, N300/60)
1971	374254	5139504			Oxydized rock				Same as 1969.
1972	374165	5139590			Pillow breccia				Side of the trail, 15m <sup>2</sup> ; Pillow breccia: no purple alteration here, chlorite-quartz± epidote veins + filling between the pillows, breccified
1973	374218	5139956			Quartz wacke				Side of the trail, 15m <sup>2</sup> , blocks?; quartz wacke (90%): up to 40% quartz clasts, 5-10% chlorite veins; 10% quartz veins (neat)

Station	East	North	Sample	ActLabs #	Main Rock type	Schistosity	Lineation	Veins/Fractures	Comments
1974	374151	5139505			Pillow breccia				Ridge, 10m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: pillow relics, the rock is blue-gray, epidote-chlorite veining; 10m to the south, it is possible to find the purple alteration again
1975	374160	5139368			Pillow breccia				Looks similar to 1974: purple alteration veinlets, epidote ± chlorite ± quartz veinlets, strongly magnetic
1976	374199	5139307			Red mudshale				2m <sup>2</sup> ; Red mudshale: jaspe?, red brick
1977	374184	5139258			Quartz wacke	082/34		005/51	Side of the trail, 25-30m <sup>2</sup> ; quartz wacke (90%): same as 1973; 10% quartz vein: half are parallel to schistosity while the other half have no perpendicular orientation; Joint= N005/51
1978	374247	5139252			Quartz wacke			030/75	Side of the trail, 5m <sup>2</sup> ; quartz wacke (65%): pale green and purple (epidotized, oxydized); quartz veins (35%): 0.2-0.5 cm, N030/75, some of the quartz veins are also purple (pale); 20m to the east, there are purple mudrock clasts in the wacke, Also the quartz clasts seem to be purple in a light green matrix
1979			A	407535	Mafic schist/volc rock	055/43			Side of the trail, 20m <sup>2</sup> ; Mafic schist/volc rock: strong schistosity, dark green to medium green, purple/red veinlets + clasts, carbonate veins, protolith?= volc or sed
1980	374660	5139271			Deformed volc breccia	050/60, 060/60		305/45	Side of the trail, 15m <sup>2</sup> ; Deformed volcanic breccia (60%): good schistosity/foliation, up to 20% epidote-quartz veins, chloritized, purple streaks or laminae, magnetic; Red mudrock (40%): red brick color; It is possible to see the contact between A&B, it is very neat/sharp but there is no evidence of what is coming first; Joint= 305/45
1981	374763	5139239			Deformed volc breccia	040/50			Side of the trail, 20m <sup>2</sup> ; Deformed volcanic breccia (60%): same as 1980A, mafic rock with purple veins?/alteration?; quartz wacke (40%): medium to pale green, chlorite veins
1982	374921	5139243			Quartz wacke				Side of the trail, 5m <sup>2</sup> ; quartz wacke: pale green and purple, chloritized, not particularly deformed
1983	376958	5141081			Volcanic breccia				Side of a trail, 7-8m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: rock is dark blue-gray, strongly magnetic, purple veinlets/streaks, 3-5% epidote ± quartz veins
1984	377010	5141095			Volcanic breccia				10-15m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia (90%): same as 1983; Red mudrock (10%): red brick to purple colored rock, good schistosity. Contact is approximately parallel to schistosity (N035/70). Red stuff is "under" the breccia.
1985	376959	5141123			Pillow breccia			080/50	4-5m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 1983, ep ± quartz veins (N080/50), pillow relics
1986	376954	5140634			Volcanic breccia				Side of the trail, 4m <sup>2</sup> , really flat; Mafic to intermediate volcanics breccia: medium green with darker phenocrysts clasts (75%, 0.5-5cm, subangular) in a darker chloritic matrix (25%), looks like there are some epidote veins, 1% sulphides (pyrite, disseminated)

Station	East	North	Sample	ActLabs #	Main Rock type	Schistosity	Lineation	Veins/Fractures	Comments
1987	377000	5140590	A	407536	Volcanic breccia				Side of the trail, 6m <sup>2</sup> , crap pile; Same as 1986: sulphides here also (py, <1%, diss.)
1988	377067	5140531			Mafic volcanics				Near a trail, 30m <sup>2</sup> ; Mafic volcanics: probably same composition as 1987, maybe a little more mafic, not as brecciated, up to 20% epidote veins
1989	377201	5140562			Mafic volcanics				Side of a trail, 10m <sup>2</sup> ; Probably the same kind of rock than 1988, epidotized, 10% quartz veins: ±stockwork
1990	377229	5140626			Volcanic breccia				Side of a trail, 20m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 1986
1991	377188	5140740			Mafic volcanics				Side of a trail, 6m <sup>2</sup> ; Mafic volcanics (90%): medium green with darker phenocrysts; 10% epidote-quartz-chlorite veins
1992	377090	5140806			Mafic volcanics				Side of a trail, 6m <sup>2</sup> ; Looks similar to 1991, maybe less veins/alteration
1993	377037	5140794			Mafic volcanics				Same as 1992, maybe more brecciated, again some sulphides (pyrite, disseminated, <1%)
1994	377151	5140764	A	407537	Mafic volcanics			190/82	Side of a trail, 10m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 1991: probably more brecciated, locally up to 2% pyrite (euhedral), joint= 190/82
1995	377149	5140873			Mafic volcanics				Big cliff near the trail, 70m <sup>2</sup> ;
1996	377300	5140538			Volcanic breccia				Side of a trail, 2m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia with purple/red alteration
1997	377369	5140554			Volcanic breccia	025/65			Side of a trail, 3m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia with purple alteration and purple cherty matrix + red clasts within the breccia
1998	377417	5140548			Volcanic breccia				Side of the trail, 10m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 1977: volcanic breccia with purple alteration
1999	377137	5140490			Volcanic breccia				Side of a trail, 7m <sup>2</sup> ; Mafic to intermediate volcanics breccia: medium green with darker phenocrysts clasts in a darker chloritic matrix
2000	377051	5140400			Volcanic breccia	032/68			Side of a trail, 10m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia with purple alteration/matrix/clasts (clasts seem tiny here... while some are definitely bigger
2001	377026	5140406			Volcanic breccia				Side of the trail, 10m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 1986: Mafic to intermediate volcanics breccia
2002	377571	5140397			Volcanic breccia			290/17	Cliff, 30m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia with purple alteration between/in the clasts, strongly magnetic, epidote veins (<5%), joint= N290/17
2003	377540	5140428			Volcanic breccia				10-15m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia with purple alteration/matrix/clasts, more epidote veins here & also some quartz veins
2004	377477	5140503			Volcanic breccia				1m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 2004;
2005	377420	5140474			Volcanic breccia				1m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 2004;
2006	377352	5140449			Volcanic breccia				3m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 2004;
2007	377325	5140350			Volcanic breccia				Cliff, 15m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia with purple alteration (less important here), several epidote + quartz veins (10-15%, quartz in the inside and epidote on the outside), quartz only veins (stockwork style)

Station	East	North	Sample	ActLabs #	Main Rock type	Schistosity	Lineation	Veins/Fractures	Comments
2008	377343	5140284			Volcanic breccia				10m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: 60% clasts (really angular, ± purple alteration), 40% matrix (cherty, ±matrix)
2009	377357	5140228			Volcanic breccia	050/70			Cliff, 30m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: ±brecciated, way less matrix here, do not see the clasts here
2010	375518	5139820			Mafic volcanics				6m <sup>2</sup> ; Mafic volcanics: medium green, up to 20-30% epidote-quartz veins (stockwork style)
2011	375488	5139824			Volcanic breccia				3m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: with purple alteration, carbonate-epidote veins (10%, carbonate in the inside, epidote in the outside), magnetic
2012	375455	5139826			Volcanic breccia				3m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia with purple alteration: same as 2011
2013	375295	5139687			Pillow breccia				5m <sup>2</sup> ; Pillow breccia: looks similar to 2012, maybe a little bit less brecciated, between the clasts/pillows= chloritized stuff + purple alteration
2014	375346	5139610			Mafic volcanics				10m <sup>2</sup> ; Mafic volcanics: medium green, similar to 2010, carbonate + epidote veins, ± brecciated
2015	375672	5139896			Red mudrock	035/74			In a trail, 1m <sup>2</sup> , blocks; Red mudrock (50%): red brick color
2016	375695	5139926			Volcanic breccia				Volcanic breccia: up to 20% to 30% epidote-quartz veins, the rock is green-purple, strongly magnetic
2017	375663	5139958			Pillow breccia				15m <sup>2</sup> ; Pillow breccia: pillows are ± round (impossible to determine where is the top), 10-50cm, in between the pillows= cherty stuff + chlorite + purple alteration, pillows are breccified + purple alteration
2018	375672	5140020			Breccia				Big bump, 4-5m <sup>2</sup> ; Breccia: extremely brecciated rock (clasts are not bigger than 2cm, clasts of purple rock, quartz and green rock, 50% clasts (angular)/50% matrix (greener, chlorite), some parts are less breccified (clasts are bigger)
2019	375706	5139956			Mafic volcanics				2m <sup>2</sup> ; Mafic volcanics: brecciated, up to 40-50% epidote-quartz veins (stockwork style)
2020	375739	5139917			Red mudrock	040/65			3m <sup>2</sup> ; Red mudrock (50%): red brick color, good schistosity, up to 10% quartz veins parallel to schistosity; quartz wacke (50%): up to 40% quartz clasts; quartz is to the south of the red mudrock
2021	375884	5139783			Quartz wacke				5m <sup>2</sup> ; Quartz wacke: same as 2020B
2022	376049	5139571			Volcanic breccia				4m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: lots of chlorite-purple-carbonate alteration, really brecciated
2023	376080	5139616			Mafic volcanics				5m <sup>2</sup> ; Mafic volcanics: chloritized, up to 40-50% epidote-quartz veins
2024	376125	5139652			Pillow breccia				30m <sup>2</sup> ; Pillow breccia: like 2017, sometimes in between the pillows the filling stuff seem to be sedimentary (±siltstone)
2025	376137	5139841			Pillow breccia				40m <sup>2</sup> ; Pillow breccia: same as 2024

Station	East	North	Sample	ActLabs #	Main Rock type	Schistosity	Lineation	Veins/Fractures	Comments
2026	376171	5139869			Pillow breccia				20m <sup>2</sup> ; Pillow breccia (90%); 10% quartz veins (too dirty to see where exactly the quartz is here)
2027	376222	5139832			Pillow breccia				10m <sup>2</sup> ; Pillow breccia: same as 2026, epidotization seem to postdate the purple alteration
2028	376272	5139766			Pillow breccia				5m <sup>2</sup> ; Probably the same thing, purple alteration, some quartz veins (2%)
2029	376354	5139683			Volcanic breccia				25m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: purple alteration-breccia, don't seem to be pillowed here
2030	376444	5139610			Volcanic breccia				Same as 2029
2031	376224	5138431			Clasts mudstones	230/82			Side of the road; Clasts mudstones: up to 30-35% clasts (mudstone (green to gray), laminated carbonated rock/mudrock (up to 5cm, rotated)), gray matrix (± metallic gray)
2032	375175	5137434			Mudstone with mudrock chunks	200/85			Side of the road; Mudrock with big mudrock chunks: similar to 2031 without the small green-gray clasts, 1% chunks of pyrite
2033	376734	5138884			Mudstone with mudrock chunks				Side of the road; The rock is very similar to 2032, but is probably more deformed/heterogeneous, 10-20% mudrock clasts
2034	376888	5139031			Mudstone with mudrock chunks	050/85			Side of the road; Same as 2033
2038	378048	5141351			Volcanic breccia				Ski trail, 1m <sup>2</sup> , really flat; Volcanic breccia: no pillow here, purple and green (chlorite) alteration, ±epidote, some fragments are really magnetic
2039	377978	5141369		451002	Volcanic breccia				Ski trail, 5m <sup>2</sup> ; Breccia: no purple alteration here, only epidote veinlets, mafic volcanics, brecciated, <1% disseminated pyrite locally, <1% quartz veins (1mm-1cm);
2040	377959	5141341		451003	Volcanic breccia				Ski trail, 5m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 2039, rusted and up to 10% pyrite locally
2041	377925	5141384			Mafic pillows				Ski trail, 5m <sup>2</sup> ; Mafic pillows: between the pillows= dark hyaloclastite ? (snake skin with garnet), 1% disseminated sulphides near the quartz veins and in between the pillows, <1% quartz±carbonate veins
2042	377675	5141298			Mafic pillows				Ski trail, 5m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 2039, up to 10% epidote veins ± hematite
2043	377588	5141286			Volcanic breccia				Ski trail, 10m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: dark green volcanics, really magnetic, fragments are smaller here (2cm-4.5cm), pillow relics ?
2044	377489	5141280		451004	Mafic volcanics			195/70	Ski trail, 15m <sup>2</sup> ; Mafic volcanics (33%): brecciated ?, epidote veins, up to 10% quartz veins ±chlorite ±chalcopyrite (N195/70); Volcanic breccia (66%): red-purple matrix (±soft, 40%) and volcanic clasts (angular, 60%), up to 15-20% epidote veins
2045	377379	5141196			Volcanic breccia				Ski trail, 60m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: looks similar to 2044B but the matrix here is green (mafic/chlorite), some purple alteration in "veins", up to 15% epidote veins, 2% quartz veins

Station	East	North	Sample	ActLabs #	Main Rock type	Schistosity	Lineation	Veins/Fractures	Comments
2046	377353	5141179		451005	Volcanic breccia				Ski trail, 60m <sup>2</sup> , same cliff as 2045; Volcanic breccia: 62% mafic clasts (strongly magnetic), 35% matrix (mafic?, epidotized, in the matrix there is up to 37% black glossy clasts (look UM or extremely altered mafic, it is what i have called hyaloclastite earlier), sometimes the matrix is brick-red), 5% epidote veins, <1% carbonate veins
2047	377339	5141120		451006	Volcanic breccia	050/80			Ski trail, 20m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: less matrix here, the matrix looks different (more chloritized/dark, only a few "ultramafic" clasts), rusted locally (veins/zones rich in pyrite associated with a quartz veins ?), locally the rock is porphyroblastic
2048	377420	5141100			Volcanic breccia				Ski trail, near the top, 20m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 2046, here the purple alteration is within the clasts not in the matrix, the matrix is similar to 2046 with the glossy black clasts (look less like ultramafic clasts here), 2-3% carbonate veins
2049	377518	5141119			Volcanic breccia	050/70			Ski trail; Volcanic breccia: pillows, purple alteration/veins, between the pillows the matrix looks like the matrix of 2048, 10% epidote veins
2050	377613	5141124			Volcanic breccia				Ski trail; same as 2048
2051	378050	5141119			Volcanic breccia				Ski trail, 20m <sup>2</sup> , covered with lichens; Volcanic breccia: looks similar to 2050, green and purple, pillowed
2052	378264	5140984			Volcanic breccia				Same as 2051, more purple alteration here
2053	377504	5140980			Volcanic breccia	020/78			Top of the Mont-Original; Volcanic breccia: similar to the breccias seen today, maybe no black glossy clasts in the matrix here, purple and green, carbonate-filled amydules, carbonate veins (1-2%), epidote veins (5-10%), ± pillows
2054	377511	5140765			Pillow breccia				Ski-trail; Pillow breccia: huge pillows (up to 1m), purple and green, really chloritized in between the pillows (± apple-green with purple streaks (clasts or veinlets), epidote veins
2055	377485	5140764		451007	Pillow breccia				Ski trail, 40m <sup>2</sup> ; Same as 2054, strong chlorite/epidote alteration between the pillows, there are also the black glossy clasts in between the pillows, some rust locally, no visible sulphides
2056	377444	5140762			Volcanic breccia				Ski trail, 20m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: purple and green, purple alteration around the clasts, epidote veins/stockwork cross-cutting the breccification (15-20%), chlorite veinlets, clasts are either mafic volcanic or are completely chloritized or altered in purple, matrix seems to be siliceous/cherty
2057	377379	5140810			Volcanic breccia				Ski trail, 40m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: mafic volcanics, no purple alteration, epidote-quartz veins (10%), chlorite veinlets; 6-7m to the NW, the rock is vesicular/amygdular (carbonate), the purple alteration shows up again

Station	East	North	Sample	ActLabs #	Main Rock type	Schistosity	Lineation	Veins/Fractures	Comments
2058	377358	5140849			Pillow breccia				Pillow breccia: same as everywhere else
2059	377362	5140921			Volcanic breccia	020/40			Volcanic breccia: same as 2057, no purple alteration, ± well-defined schistosity
2060	377374	5140931			Volcanic breccia				Ski trail, 20m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: strongly breccified, purple and green, angular clasts in a ±cherty matrix, similar to what we have seen elsewhere
2061	377389	5140987		451008	Volcanic breccia	050/52		050/52	Ski trail, 15m <sup>2</sup> ; Volcanic breccia: dark to medium green (± chloritized), no purple alteration, epidote veins, chlorite veinlets, up to 10-15% quartz-carbonate veins (in a deformation zone/fault), disseminated sulphides
2062	377306	5141149			Pillow breccia				Ski trail, 12m <sup>2</sup> ; Pillow breccia: purple and green, as usual

## Appendix II

Trace element geochemistry results for grab samples

Analyte Symbol	Au	Ag	Cu	Cd	Mo	Pb	Ni	Zn	S	Al	As	Ba	Be	Bi	Br	Ca	Co	Cr	Cs	Fe	Hf
Unit Symbol	ppb	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm
Detection Limit	2	0.3	1	0.3	1	3	1	1	0.01	0.01	0.5	50	1	0.1	0.5	0.01	1	2	1	0.01	1
Analysis Method	INAA	MULT INAA / TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	MULT INAA / TD-ICP	MULT INAA / TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	INAA	INAA	TD-ICP	TD-MS	INAA	TD-ICP	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA
407519	33	0.4	128	< 0.3	< 1	29	70	96	0.26	6.7	9.2	310	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	3.98	49	123	< 1	8.91	1
407520	21	< 0.3	141	< 0.3	< 1	19	83	94	0.34	6.79	7.8	290	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	5.35	53	126	< 1	8.87	< 1
407521	22	< 0.3	212	< 0.3	< 1	7	73	196	0.38	6.45	7.3	260	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	4.78	53	138	< 1	10	1
407522	27	< 0.3	53	0.7	2	8	33	162	0.47	3.36	8.8	< 50	< 1	0.2	< 0.5	0.93	21	49	< 1	5.91	< 1
407523	23	0.4	324	2	3	< 3	68	486	1.43	6.24	8.2	< 50	< 1	0.2	< 0.5	5.19	55	88	< 1	10.3	1
407524	< 2	< 0.3	144	0.6	< 1	< 3	61	177	0.1	6.17	9.9	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	7.98	49	72	< 1	8.74	2
407525	< 2	< 0.3	283	0.4	< 1	< 3	70	106	0.49	6.56	7.4	270	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	5.6	53	69	< 1	8.76	2
407527	51	< 0.3	36	0.9	< 1	< 3	61	357	0.01	8.06	29.9	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	10.4	55	53	< 1	11	1
407528	< 2	< 0.3	8	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	12	77	< 0.01	8.68	9.9	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	1.95	9	10	1	2.04	1
407529	28	1	1520	0.8	< 1	< 3	120	129	0.34	6.08	11.4	< 50	< 1	0.5	< 0.5	7.5	85	120	< 1	9.64	1
407530	< 2	< 0.3	600	< 0.3	1	< 3	73	158	0.04	6.97	3.5	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	5.23	64	85	< 1	8.84	1
407531	16	0.3	304	4.4	< 1	< 3	60	1180	2.3	6.04	5.8	< 50	< 1	0.3	< 0.5	4.78	50	89	2	10.6	2
407532	< 2	< 0.3	38	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	66	60	0.02	7.56	7.1	500	2	< 0.1	< 0.5	2.59	24	200	3	4.88	6
407533	< 2	< 0.3	7	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	1320	32	< 0.01	0.36	8.6	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	6.81	70	1960	< 1	2.72	< 1
407534	6	< 0.3	25	< 0.3	< 1	38	39	80	0.69	7.97	14.6	940	2	0.1	< 0.5	0.31	20	76	2	4.94	8
407535	< 2	< 0.3	147	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	75	80	0.01	7.13	5.3	320	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	6.07	52	165	< 1	7.78	1
407536	< 2	< 0.3	132	0.4	< 1	< 3	75	129	0.24	6.54	< 0.5	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	4.39	54	98	< 1	9.03	< 1
407537	< 2	< 0.3	316	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	62	122	0.32	5.76	3.8	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	5.02	48	88	< 1	8.95	1
451002	< 2	< 0.3	104	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	64	86	0.07	5.52	1.2	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	4.79	50	71	< 1	8.49	< 1
451003	22	0.5	566	3.1	< 1	< 3	66	279	1.81	6.67	< 0.5	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	6.12	70	76	< 1	12.1	< 1
451004	< 2	< 0.3	164	0.9	< 1	< 3	73	114	0.01	6.41	< 0.5	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	5.76	61	74	< 1	9.04	1
451005	< 2	< 0.3	186	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	61	88	0.01	5.52	< 0.5	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	9.28	50	73	< 1	8.73	1
451006	46	1.6	5200	5	< 1	< 3	53	536	2.39	5.94	8.8	120	< 1	0.3	< 0.5	7.05	81	81	< 1	11.7	< 1
451007	< 2	< 0.3	263	0.9	< 1	< 3	76	104	< 0.01	6.42	3.5	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	4.31	62	105	2	11.4	< 1
451008	< 2	< 0.3	122	1.3	< 1	< 3	65	84	0.11	6.5	< 0.5	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	5.71	51	79	< 1	9.38	1

Analyte Symbol	Ge	Hg	In	Re	Ir	K	Li	Mg	Mn	Na	P	Rb	Sb	Sc	Se	Sn	Sr	Ta	Te	Ti	Th
Unit Symbol	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppb	%	ppm	%	ppm	%	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm
Detection Limit	0.1	1	0.2	0.001	5	0.01	0.5	0.01	1	0.01	0.001	15	0.1	0.1	0.1	1	1	0.5	0.1	0.01	0.2
Analysis Method	TD-MS	INAA	TD-MS	TD-MS	INAA	TD-ICP	TD-MS	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	INAA	TD-ICP	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA/T D-ICP- MS	TD-MS	TD-ICP	INAA	TD-MS	TD-ICP	INAA
407519	0.5	< 1	< 0.2	< 0.001	< 5	0.07	28.4	4.84	1250	2.83	0.035	< 15	< 0.1	49.3	< 0.1	< 1	73	< 0.5	0.2	0.65	< 0.2
407520	0.6	< 1	< 0.2	< 0.001	< 5	0.34	27.9	5.09	1320	1.96	0.032	< 15	0.3	45.6	< 0.1	< 1	118	< 0.5	0.2	0.57	0.7
407521	0.5	< 1	< 0.2	0.01	< 5	0.04	32.3	6.04	1470	1.27	0.033	34	0.4	44.4	< 0.1	< 1	43	< 0.5	0.2	0.61	< 0.2
407522	0.3	< 1	< 0.2	< 0.001	< 5	0.05	13.3	2.63	820	1.1	0.023	< 15	0.3	24	< 0.1	< 1	7	< 0.5	0.2	0.38	< 0.2
407523	0.3	< 1	< 0.2	0.01	< 5	0.24	35.8	4.38	1290	0.25	0.027	23	< 0.1	40	< 0.1	< 1	12	< 0.5	0.1	0.53	< 0.2
407524	0.6	< 1	< 0.2	< 0.001	< 5	0.03	13.2	3.35	1380	0.86	0.027	< 15	< 0.1	44.4	< 0.1	< 1	142	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.27	0.8
407525	0.7	< 1	< 0.2	< 0.001	< 5	0.03	37.6	4.74	1850	1.71	0.035	< 15	< 0.1	44.2	< 0.1	< 1	64	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.66	0.6
407527	0.9	< 1	< 0.2	< 0.001	< 5	0.25	15	2.24	1410	0.09	0.027	< 15	< 0.1	44.3	< 0.1	< 1	8	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.47	< 0.2
407528	0.8	< 1	< 0.2	< 0.001	< 5	3.79	21.9	0.29	332	7	0.004	< 15	< 0.1	6.7	< 0.1	< 1	19	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.1	< 0.2
407529	0.8	< 1	< 0.2	0.01	< 5	0.02	19.9	3.78	1270	0.07	0.035	< 15	< 0.1	57.1	< 0.1	< 1	793	0.6	0.5	0.29	< 0.2
407530	0.6	< 1	< 0.2	< 0.001	< 5	0.08	29.7	5.18	1730	1.53	0.025	< 15	0.3	50	< 0.1	< 1	70	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.46	< 0.2
407531	0.4	< 1	< 0.2	0.01	< 5	0.08	39.8	5.7	1320	0.8	0.03	< 15	< 0.1	46.1	< 0.1	< 1	16	< 0.5	0.1	0.48	< 0.2
407532	0.5	< 1	< 0.2	< 0.001	< 5	1.53	22.4	2.44	844	3.63	0.111	< 15	< 0.1	18.6	< 0.1	< 1	167	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.17	8.6
407533	0.3	< 1	< 0.2	< 0.001	< 5	0.04	10.9	13.4	839	0.08	0.002	< 15	< 0.1	4.2	< 0.1	< 1	21	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.01	< 0.2
407534	0.6	< 1	< 0.2	< 0.001	< 5	2.9	37.2	0.86	519	0.35	0.054	127	0.9	12.2	< 0.1	2	45	1.2	0.1	0.54	10.8
407535	0.4	< 1	< 0.2	< 0.001	< 5	0.07	78.9	3.68	1520	3.06	0.019	< 15	< 0.1	44.1	< 0.1	< 1	402	< 0.5	0.1	0.24	< 0.2
407536	0.5	< 1	< 0.2	< 0.001	< 5	0.05	25.2	5.31	1520	3.15	0.032	< 15	< 0.1	46.1	< 0.1	< 1	25	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.66	< 0.2
407537	0.5	< 1	< 0.2	< 0.001	< 5	0.05	20.4	4.73	1850	2.01	0.037	< 15	< 0.1	46.1	< 0.1	< 1	19	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.68	< 0.2
451002	0.6	< 1	< 0.2	0.005	< 5	0.04	19.8	5.02	1510	2.17	0.035	< 15	< 0.1	47.2	< 0.1	< 1	53	< 0.5	0.1	0.52	0.9
451003	0.6	< 1	< 0.2	0.065	< 5	0.02	19.3	4.61	1370	0.8	0.031	< 15	< 0.1	44.4	< 0.1	< 1	124	< 0.5	0.5	0.59	< 0.2
451004	0.4	< 1	< 0.2	< 0.001	< 5	0.04	30.8	4.89	1490	1.26	0.029	< 15	< 0.1	50.9	< 0.1	< 1	52	< 0.5	0.1	0.19	< 0.2
451005	0.6	< 1	< 0.2	0.001	< 5	0.14	19.6	4.52	1630	1.05	0.02	< 15	< 0.1	38.3	< 0.1	< 1	133	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.18	0.4
451006	0.7	< 1	0.2	0.013	< 5	0.05	10	2.78	1020	0.52	0.026	< 15	0.2	41.6	19.1	< 1	282	< 0.5	0.1	0.29	< 0.2
451007	0.7	< 1	< 0.2	< 0.001	< 5	1.6	19.5	4.06	1650	2.05	0.032	< 15	0.4	48.1	< 0.1	< 1	41	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.42	< 0.2
451008	1	< 1	< 0.2	0.002	< 5	0.03	22.2	5.51	1320	1.48	0.032	< 15	0.2	48.1	< 0.1	< 1	31	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.57	< 0.2

Analyte Symbol	Tl	U	V	W	Y	La	Ce	Nd	Sm	Eu	Tb	Yb	Lu	Mass
Unit Symbol	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	g
Detection Limit	0.1	0.5	2	1	1	0.5	3	5	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.05	

Analysis Method	TD-MS	INAA	TD-ICP	INAA	TD-ICP	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA
407519	< 0.1	< 0.5	350	20	22	2.2	8	10	1.8	0.7	< 0.5	3.4	0.61	29.3
407520	< 0.1	< 0.5	339	< 1	22	1.9	9	< 5	1.6	0.7	1.2	3.1	0.59	32.2
407521	< 0.1	< 0.5	368	< 1	22	2.3	9	7	1.6	0.7	< 0.5	3.2	0.36	37.9
407522	< 0.1	< 0.5	211	< 1	10	1.1	< 3	< 5	0.7	0.3	< 0.5	1.5	0.23	32.5
407523	< 0.1	< 0.5	321	< 1	19	1.5	7	6	1.4	0.5	0.6	2.6	0.53	33.5
407524	< 0.1	< 0.5	244	< 1	23	2	7	< 5	1.8	0.7	0.8	3.4	0.63	32.8
407525	< 0.1	< 0.5	376	< 1	26	2.1	9	< 5	1.7	0.7	< 0.5	3.3	0.65	40.7
407527	< 0.1	< 0.5	358	< 1	25	2.3	6	< 5	1.8	0.7	< 0.5	3.4	0.63	38.9
407528	0.7	< 0.5	69	< 1	5	2.2	6	< 5	0.6	0.3	< 0.5	1.1	0.25	29.8
407529	< 0.1	< 0.5	172	< 1	24	2.4	11	< 5	2	0.9	0.6	3.7	0.68	28.9
407530	< 0.1	< 0.5	325	< 1	26	2.2	10	10	1.9	1	< 0.5	4.1	0.71	31.6
407531	< 0.1	< 0.5	344	< 1	22	2.6	7	6	1.6	0.6	< 0.5	3.2	0.58	34.1
407532	0.3	< 0.5	49	< 1	23	45	86	27	5.8	1	< 0.5	2.5	0.45	25.9
407533	< 0.1	< 0.5	16	< 1	2	5.4	7	< 5	0.5	< 0.2	< 0.5	0.3	< 0.05	25.8
407534	0.7	< 0.5	77	< 1	20	33.2	74	27	4.7	1.3	< 0.5	2.5	0.44	19.5
407535	< 0.1	< 0.5	178	< 1	18	1.9	5	< 5	1.4	0.7	< 0.5	2.7	0.51	27.6
407536	< 0.1	< 0.5	344	< 1	25	2.4	9	< 5	1.8	0.7	< 0.5	3.4	0.63	32.8
407537	< 0.1	< 0.5	360	< 1	26	2.5	7	< 5	1.9	0.8	0.8	3.6	0.64	33.1
451002	< 0.1	< 0.5	316	< 1	22	2.6	10	< 5	2	0.7	< 0.5	3.4	0.33	31.5
451003	< 0.1	< 0.5	384	< 1	27	3.3	12	< 5	2.2	1	0.7	4	0.37	30.1
451004	< 0.1	< 0.5	269	< 1	26	2.5	10	7	2.2	0.9	< 0.5	4	0.38	30.1
451005	< 0.1	< 0.5	202	< 1	23	2.2	10	6	1.8	0.8	0.7	3.4	0.26	30.4
451006	< 0.1	< 0.5	283	< 1	22	2.2	10	< 5	1.8	0.9	< 0.5	3.3	0.25	34.1
451007	< 0.1	< 0.5	283	< 1	25	2.2	10	8	2	0.8	< 0.5	3.6	0.34	29.8
451008	< 0.1	< 0.5	349	< 1	26	2.9	10	< 5	2.1	0.9	< 0.5	3.8	0.38	27.7

# Appendix III

Assay certificates for grab samples

(Some samples listed in Appendix III are not from the property so these results are not found in Appendix II but they were left in Appendix III so as not to alter the assay certificates)



Date Submitted: 20-Sep-10  
Invoice No.: A10-6113 (i)  
Invoice Date: 15-Dec-10  
Your Reference:

Golden Hope Mines  
233 rue Principale  
Ste Justine QC G0R 1Y0  
Canada

ATTN: Sylvain Ouellette

## CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

19 Rock samples were submitted for analysis.

The following analytical package was requested: Code 1H2 INAA(INAAGEO)/Total Digestion ICP(TOTAL)/Total Digestion ICP/MS

REPORT **A10-6113 (i)**

This report may be reproduced without our consent. If only selected portions of the report are reproduced, permission must be obtained. If no instructions were given at time of sample submittal regarding excess material, it will be discarded within 90 days of this report. Our liability is limited solely to the analytical cost of these analyses. Test results are representative only of material submitted for analysis.

### Notes:

Elements which exceed the upper limits should be analyzed by assay techniques. Some elements are reported by multiple techniques. These are indicated by MULT.

CERTIFIED BY :

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "Emmanuel Esemé". The signature is written in a cursive, somewhat stylized font with some loops and flourishes.

Emmanuel Esemé , Ph.D.  
Quality Control

### ACTIVATION LABORATORIES LTD.

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Activation Laboratories Ltd. Report: A10-6113 (i) rev

Analyte Symbol	Au	Ag	Cu	Cd	Mo	Pb	Ni	Zn	S	Al	As	Ba	Be	Bi	Br	Ca	Co	Cr	Cs	Fe	Hf	Ge	Hg	In	
Unit Symbol	ppb	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	
Detection Limit	2	0.3	1	0.3	1	3	1	1	0.01	0.01	0.5	50	1	0.1	0.5	0.01	1	2	1	0.01	1	0.1	1	0.2	
Analysis Method	INAA	MULT INAA / TD- ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	MULT INAA / TD- ICP	MULT INAA / TD- ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	INAA	INAA	TD-ICP	TD-MS	INAA	TD-ICP	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	TD-MS	INAA	TD-MS
A 407519	33	0.4	128	< 0.3	< 1	29	70	96	0.26	6.70	9.2	310	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	3.98	49	123	< 1	8.91	1	0.5	< 1	< 0.2	
A 407520	21	< 0.3	141	< 0.3	< 1	19	83	94	0.34	6.79	7.8	290	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	5.35	53	126	< 1	8.87	< 1	0.6	< 1	< 0.2	
A 407521	22	< 0.3	212	< 0.3	< 1	7	73	196	0.38	6.45	7.3	260	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	4.78	53	138	< 1	10.0	1	0.5	< 1	< 0.2	
A 407522	27	< 0.3	53	0.7	2	8	33	162	0.47	3.36	8.8	< 50	< 1	0.2	< 0.5	0.93	21	49	< 1	5.91	< 1	0.3	< 1	< 0.2	
A 407523	23	0.4	324	2.0	3	< 3	68	486	1.43	6.24	8.2	< 50	< 1	0.2	< 0.5	5.19	55	88	< 1	10.3	1	0.3	< 1	< 0.2	
A 407524	< 2	< 0.3	144	0.6	< 1	< 3	61	177	0.10	6.17	9.9	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	7.98	49	72	< 1	8.74	2	0.6	< 1	< 0.2	
A 407525	< 2	< 0.3	283	0.4	< 1	< 3	70	106	0.49	6.56	7.4	270	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	5.60	53	69	< 1	8.76	2	0.7	< 1	< 0.2	
A 407526	< 2	< 0.3	11	< 0.3	< 1	34	16	44	0.02	3.51	10.1	350	1	< 0.1	< 0.5	0.09	5	43	2	1.78	2	0.8	< 1	< 0.2	
A 407527	51	< 0.3	36	0.9	< 1	< 3	61	357	0.01	8.06	29.9	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	10.4	55	53	< 1	11.0	1	0.9	< 1	< 0.2	
A 407528	25	1.1	1120	1.0	< 1	10	125	125	0.30	6.05	5.7	< 50	< 1	0.4	< 0.5	7.84	73	131	< 1	10.5	2	0.8	< 1	< 0.2	
A 407529	14	0.4	545	0.6	< 1	8	96	160	0.05	6.65	3.1	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	5.17	57	90	< 1	10.0	2	0.5	< 1	< 0.2	
A 407530	< 2	0.5	240	4.7	< 1	4	69	1080	1.97	5.47	3.5	< 50	< 1	0.3	< 0.5	4.37	45	98	< 1	11.8	2	0.6	< 1	< 0.2	
A 407531	< 2	0.4	36	0.3	< 1	8	68	58	0.02	7.10	2.3	300	1	< 0.1	< 0.5	2.55	20	221	2	5.45	7	0.2	< 1	< 0.2	
A 407532	< 2	< 0.3	6	< 0.3	< 1	5	1350	31	< 0.01	0.31	6.2	110	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	7.21	62	1890	< 1	2.99	< 1	0.1	< 1	< 0.2	
A 407533	7	0.4	23	< 0.3	2	14	31	66	0.23	7.49	5.8	510	1	< 0.1	< 0.5	0.87	9	62	2	3.71	9	0.3	< 1	< 0.2	
A 407534	6	< 0.3	25	< 0.3	< 1	38	39	80	0.69	7.97	14.6	940	2	0.1	< 0.5	0.31	20	76	2	4.94	8	0.6	< 1	< 0.2	
A 407535	< 2	< 0.3	147	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	75	80	0.01	7.13	5.3	320	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	6.07	52	165	< 1	7.78	1	0.4	< 1	< 0.2	
A 407536	< 2	< 0.3	132	0.4	< 1	< 3	75	129	0.24	6.54	< 0.5	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	4.39	54	98	< 1	9.03	< 1	0.5	< 1	< 0.2	
A 407537	< 2	< 0.3	316	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	62	122	0.32	5.76	3.8	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	5.02	48	88	< 1	8.95	1	0.5	< 1	< 0.2	

**Activation Laboratories Ltd.      Report:    A10-6113 (i) rev**

Analyte Symbol	Re	Ir	K	Li	Mg	Mn	Na	P	Rb	Sb	Sc	Se	Sn	Sr	Ta	Te	Ti	Th	Tl	U	V	W	Y	La
Unit Symbol	ppm	ppb	%	ppm	%	ppm	%	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
Detection Limit	0.001	5	0.01	0.5	0.01	1	0.01	0.001	15	0.1	0.1	0.1	1	1	0.5	0.1	0.01	0.2	0.1	0.5	2	1	1	0.5
Analysis Method	TD-MS	INAA	TD-ICP	TD-MS	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	INAA	TD-ICP	INAA	INAA	INAA	MULT INAA/TD- ICP-MS	TD-MS	TD-ICP	INAA	TD-MS	TD-ICP	INAA	TD-MS	INAA	TD-ICP	INAA	TD-ICP	INAA
A 407519	< 0.001	< 5	0.07	28.4	4.84	1250	2.83	0.035	< 15	< 0.1	49.3	< 0.1	< 1	73	< 0.5	0.2	0.65	< 0.2	< 0.1	< 0.5	350	20	22	2.2
A 407520	< 0.001	< 5	0.34	27.9	5.09	1320	1.96	0.032	< 15	0.3	45.6	< 0.1	< 1	118	< 0.5	0.2	0.57	0.7	< 0.1	< 0.5	339	< 1	22	1.9
A 407521	0.010	< 5	0.04	32.3	6.04	1470	1.27	0.033	34	0.4	44.4	< 0.1	< 1	43	< 0.5	0.2	0.61	< 0.2	< 0.1	< 0.5	368	< 1	22	2.3
A 407522	< 0.001	< 5	0.05	13.3	2.63	820	1.10	0.023	< 15	0.3	24.0	< 0.1	< 1	7	< 0.5	0.2	0.38	< 0.2	< 0.1	< 0.5	211	< 1	10	1.1
A 407523	0.010	< 5	0.24	35.8	4.38	1290	0.25	0.027	23	< 0.1	40.0	< 0.1	< 1	12	< 0.5	0.1	0.53	< 0.2	< 0.1	< 0.5	321	< 1	19	1.5
A 407524	< 0.001	< 5	0.03	13.2	3.35	1380	0.86	0.027	< 15	< 0.1	44.4	< 0.1	< 1	142	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.27	0.8	< 0.1	< 0.5	244	< 1	23	2.0
A 407525	< 0.001	< 5	0.03	37.6	4.74	1850	1.71	0.035	< 15	< 0.1	44.2	< 0.1	< 1	64	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.66	0.6	< 0.1	< 0.5	376	< 1	26	2.1
A 407526	< 0.001	< 5	1.47	22.6	0.76	330	0.46	0.032	52	0.4	4.9	< 0.1	< 1	25	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.18	3.4	0.2	< 0.5	44	< 1	5	15.8
A 407527	< 0.001	< 5	0.25	15.0	2.24	1410	0.09	0.027	< 15	< 0.1	44.3	< 0.1	< 1	8	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.47	< 0.2	< 0.1	< 0.5	358	< 1	25	2.3
A 407528	0.010	< 5	0.01	16.8	3.61	1300	0.06	0.037	< 15	< 0.1	60.8	< 0.1	< 1	841	< 0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	< 0.1	< 0.5	323	< 1	23	3.7
A 407529	0.010	< 5	0.07	27.9	5.09	1760	1.63	0.029	< 15	< 0.1	53.2	< 0.1	< 1	71	< 0.5	0.1	0.55	< 0.2	< 0.1	< 0.5	360	< 1	24	2.9
A 407530	0.010	< 5	0.06	29.3	5.25	1310	0.80	0.031	< 15	< 0.1	50.3	< 0.1	< 1	14	< 0.5	1.8	0.58	0.8	< 0.1	< 0.5	377	< 1	18	3.2
A 407531	< 0.001	< 5	1.16	16.7	2.31	853	3.86	0.111	67	< 0.1	19.0	< 0.1	< 1	156	2.5	< 0.1	0.23	9.0	0.3	1.8	58	< 1	19	45.3
A 407532	< 0.001	19	0.03	12.2	14.0	825	0.08	0.002	< 15	< 0.1	4.2	< 0.1	< 1	22	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.01	0.6	< 0.1	0.8	13	< 1	2	6.0
A 407533	0.010	< 5	1.45	19.1	0.98	532	3.89	0.050	< 15	< 0.1	10.7	< 0.1	1	125	< 0.5	0.1	0.29	8.2	0.3	1.6	52	< 1	22	37.5
A 407534	< 0.001	< 5	2.90	37.2	0.86	519	0.35	0.054	127	0.9	12.2	< 0.1	2	45	1.2	0.1	0.54	10.8	0.7	< 0.5	77	< 1	20	33.2
A 407535	< 0.001	< 5	0.07	78.9	3.68	1520	3.06	0.019	< 15	< 0.1	44.1	< 0.1	< 1	402	< 0.5	0.1	0.24	< 0.2	< 0.1	< 0.5	178	< 1	18	1.9
A 407536	< 0.001	< 5	0.05	25.2	5.31	1520	3.15	0.032	< 15	< 0.1	46.1	< 0.1	< 1	25	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.66	< 0.2	< 0.1	< 0.5	344	< 1	25	2.4
A 407537	< 0.001	< 5	0.05	20.4	4.73	1850	2.01	0.037	< 15	< 0.1	46.1	< 0.1	< 1	19	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.68	< 0.2	< 0.1	< 0.5	360	< 1	26	2.5

Analyte Symbol	Ce	Nd	Sm	Eu	Tb	Yb	Lu	Mass
Unit Symbol	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	g
Detection Limit	3	5	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.05	
Analysis Method	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA
A 407519	8	10	1.8	0.7	< 0.5	3.4	0.61	29.3
A 407520	9	< 5	1.6	0.7	1.2	3.1	0.59	32.2
A 407521	9	7	1.6	0.7	< 0.5	3.2	0.36	37.9
A 407522	< 3	< 5	0.7	0.3	< 0.5	1.5	0.23	32.5
A 407523	7	6	1.4	0.5	0.6	2.6	0.53	33.5
A 407524	7	< 5	1.8	0.7	0.8	3.4	0.63	32.8
A 407525	9	< 5	1.7	0.7	< 0.5	3.3	0.65	40.7
A 407526	33	11	2.3	0.6	< 0.5	1.0	0.18	27.7
A 407527	6	< 5	1.8	0.7	< 0.5	3.4	0.63	38.9
A 407528	7	11	3.1	1.3	0.6	3.9	0.68	34.7
A 407529	10	7	2.9	1.2	0.9	3.9	0.66	32.9
A 407530	< 3	11	2.6	0.7	< 0.5	3.5	0.61	31.9
A 407531	98	39	8.5	1.5	< 0.5	2.6	0.39	28.3
A 407532	12	< 5	0.8	< 0.2	< 0.5	0.3	0.07	31.4
A 407533	76	37	7.8	2.2	< 0.5	2.8	0.43	27.8
A 407534	74	27	4.7	1.3	< 0.5	2.5	0.44	19.5
A 407535	5	< 5	1.4	0.7	< 0.5	2.7	0.51	27.6
A 407536	9	< 5	1.8	0.7	< 0.5	3.4	0.63	32.8
A 407537	7	< 5	1.9	0.8	0.8	3.6	0.64	33.1

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Quality Control																								
Analyte Symbol	Au	Ag	Cu	Cd	Mo	Pb	Ni	Zn	S	Al	As	Ba	Be	Bi	Ca	Co	Cr	Fe	Ge	In	Re	K	Li	Mg
Unit Symbol	ppb	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	%
Detection Limit	2	0.3	1	0.3	1	3	1	1	0.01	0.01	0.5	50	1	0.1	0.01	1	2	0.01	0.1	0.2	0.001	0.01	0.5	0.01
Analysis Method	INAA	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	INAA	INAA	TD-ICP	TD-MS	TD-ICP	INAA	INAA	INAA	TD-MS	TD-MS	TD-MS	TD-ICP	TD-MS	TD-ICP
GXR-1 Meas		31.6	1210	3.3	18	708	42	723	0.25	3.04			1	1440	0.94					0.8		0.05	9.8	0.26
GXR-1 Cert		31.0	1110	3.30	18.0	730	41.0	760	0.257	3.52			1.22	1380	0.960					0.770		0.0500	8.20	0.217
DNC-1 Meas																								5.0
DNC-1 Cert																								5.20
GXR-4 Meas		3.7	6420	0.4	310	60	59	84	1.77	6.06			2	19.6	1.10					< 0.2		3.87	11.2	1.69
GXR-4 Cert		4.00	6520	0.860	310	52.0	42.0	73.0	1.77	7.20			1.90	19.0	1.01					0.270		4.01	11.1	1.66
SDC-1 Meas		< 0.3	29	0.4	3	28	38	97	0.06	7.48			3	0.3	1.15							2.66	36.9	1.02
SDC-1 Cert		0.0410	30.0	0.0800	0.250	25.0	38.0	103	0.0650	8.34			3.00	2.60	1.00							2.72	34.0	1.02
SCO-1 Meas		0.6	28	< 0.3	< 1	29	28	93		6.62			2	0.4	2.08							2.20	44.6	1.61
SCO-1 Cert		0.134	28.7	0.140	1.37	31.0	27.0	103		7.24			1.84	0.370	1.87							2.30	45.0	1.64
GXR-6 Meas		0.7	70	0.4	2	95	26	129	0.01	12.4			1	0.2	0.21					< 0.2		1.81	32.7	0.63
GXR-6 Cert		1.30	66.0	1.00	2.40	101	27.0	118	0.0160	17.7			1.40	0.290	0.180					0.260		1.87	32.0	0.609
DNC-1a Meas			97					252		53														4.9
DNC-1a Cert			100					247		70.0														5.20
OREAS 13b (4-Acid) Meas		1.4	2370		9			2220	133	1.18														
OREAS 13b (4-Acid) Cert		0.86	2327		9.0			2247	133	1.20														
DMMAS 111 Meas	1680										1500	1300				32	60	3.09						
DMMAS 111 Cert	1670										1450	1140				34	52	2.79						
DMMAS 111 Meas	1770										1480	1220				36	58	2.73						
DMMAS 111 Cert	1670										1450	1140				34	52	2.79						
A 407529 Orig		< 0.3	480	0.7	< 1	< 3	80	167	0.04	6.99			< 1	< 0.1	5.37				0.3	< 0.2	< 0.001	0.08	27.9	5.05
A 407529 Dup		< 0.3	486	0.8	< 1	< 3	78	164	0.04	6.91			< 1	< 0.1	5.29				0.4	< 0.2	< 0.001	0.08	29.7	5.04
A 407536 Orig		< 0.3	112	< 0.3	< 1	8	76	128	0.21	7.05			< 1	< 0.1	4.31				0.5	< 0.2	0.001	0.04	24.3	5.21
A 407536 Dup		< 0.3	116	< 0.3	< 1	4	71	126	0.21	6.21			< 1	< 0.1	4.21				1.1	< 0.2	0.001	0.03	24.5	4.93
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1	< 0.1	< 0.01				< 0.1	< 0.2	< 0.001	< 0.01	< 0.5	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1	< 0.1	< 0.01				< 0.1	< 0.2	< 0.001	< 0.01	< 0.5	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	2	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 2									< 0.5	< 50				< 1	< 2	< 0.01						
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	3	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1	< 0.1	< 0.01				< 0.1	< 0.2	< 0.001	< 0.01	< 0.5	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01						< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01		</												

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Quality Control																									
Analyte Symbol	Mn	Na	P	Sc	Se	Sn	Sr	Te	Ti	Tl	U	V	Y	La	Ce	Sm	Ag	Ni	Zn	Br	Cs	Hf	Hg	Ir	
Unit Symbol	ppm	%	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppb	
Detection Limit	1	0.01	0.001	0.1	3	1	1	0.1	0.01	0.1	0.5	2	1	0.5	3	0.1	5	20	50	0.5	1	1	1	5	
Analysis Method	TD-ICP	INAA	TD-ICP	INAA	TD-MS	TD-MS	TD-ICP	TD-MS	TD-ICP	TD-MS	INAA	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	
GXR-1 Meas	878		0.060		17	27	294	9.4		0.4		91	27												
GXR-1 Cert	852		0.0650		16.6	54.0	275	13.0		0.390		80.0	32.0												
DNC-1 Meas																									
DNC-1 Cert																									
GXR-4 Meas	142		0.131		6	6	205	1.0		2.8		91	13												
GXR-4 Cert	155		0.120		5.60	5.60	221	0.970		3.20		87.0	14.0												
SDC-1 Meas	835		0.055		< 1	< 1	169		0.13			44	32												
SDC-1 Cert	883		0.0690		3.00	3.00	183		0.606			102	40.0												
SCO-1 Meas	387		0.086			2	158		0.34			134	19												
SCO-1 Cert	410		0.0900			3.70	174		0.380			131	26.0												
GXR-6 Meas	1080		0.034		< 3	< 1	41	< 0.1		2.3		107	12												
GXR-6 Cert	1010		0.0350		0.940	1.70	35.0	0.0180		2.20		186	14.0												
DNC-1a Meas							129					141	14												
DNC-1a Cert							144					148	18.0												
OREAS 13b (4-Acid) Meas																									
OREAS 13b (4-Acid) Cert																									
DMMAS 111 Meas		1.95		6.2							13.0			15.3	28	2.0									
DMMAS 111 Cert		1.87		5.80							14.00			14.00	19.30	1.90									
DMMAS 111 Meas		1.94		5.8							14.8			14.2	24	1.7									
DMMAS 111 Cert		1.87		5.80							14.00			14.00	19.30	1.90									
A 407529 Orig	1760		0.026		< 3	< 1	74	< 0.1	0.44	< 0.1		300	24												
A 407529 Dup	1740		0.026		< 3	< 1	69	< 0.1	0.47	< 0.1		328	24												
A 407536 Orig	1520		0.030		< 3	< 1	25	< 0.1	0.47	< 0.1		276	23												
A 407536 Dup	1540		0.032		< 3	< 1	25	< 0.1	0.64	< 0.1		361	20												
Method Blank Method Blank	< 1	< 0.001		< 3	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.01	< 0.1		< 2	< 1												
Method Blank Method Blank	3	< 0.001					< 1		< 0.01			< 2	< 1												
Method Blank Method Blank	14	< 0.001					< 1		< 0.01			< 2	< 1												
Method Blank Method Blank	14	< 0.001					< 1		< 0.01			< 2	< 1												
Method Blank Method Blank	3	< 0.001					< 1		< 0.01			< 2	< 1												
Method Blank Method Blank	4	< 0.001		< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.01	< 0.1			< 2	< 1												
Method Blank Method Blank				< 3	< 1		< 0.1		< 0.1																
Method Blank Method Blank	2	< 0.001					< 1		< 0.01			< 2	< 1												
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.01		< 0.1							< 0.5			< 0.5	< 3	< 0.1	< 5	< 20	< 50	< 0.5	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 5	
Method Blank Method Blank	2	< 0.001		< 3	< 1	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.01	< 0.1			< 2	< 1												
Method Blank Method Blank	18	< 0.001					< 1		< 0.01			< 2	< 1												
Method Blank Method Blank	9	< 0.001					< 1		< 0.01			< 2	< 1												
Method Blank Method Blank	9	< 0.001					< 1		< 0.01			< 2	< 1												
Method Blank Method Blank	10	< 0.001					< 1		< 0.01			< 2	< 1												
Method Blank Method Blank				< 3	< 1		< 0.1		< 0.1																





Date Submitted: 18-Oct-10  
Invoice No.: A10-7233  
Invoice Date: 16-Nov-10  
Your Reference:

Golden Hope Mines  
233 rue Principale  
Ste Justine QC G0R 1Y0  
Canada

ATTN: Sylvain Ouellette

## CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

11 Rock samples were submitted for analysis.

The following analytical package was requested: Code 1H2 INAA(INAAGEO)/Total Digestion ICP(TOTAL)/Total Digestion ICP/MS

REPORT **A10-7233**

This report may be reproduced without our consent. If only selected portions of the report are reproduced, permission must be obtained. If no instructions were given at time of sample submittal regarding excess material, it will be discarded within 90 days of this report. Our liability is limited solely to the analytical cost of these analyses. Test results are representative only of material submitted for analysis.

### Notes:

Elements which exceed the upper limits should be analyzed by assay techniques. Some elements are reported by multiple techniques. These are indicated by MULT.

CERTIFIED BY :

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "Emmanuel Esemé". The signature is written in a cursive, somewhat stylized font.

Emmanuel Esemé , Ph.D.  
Quality Control

### ACTIVATION LABORATORIES LTD.

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Analyte Symbol	Au	Ag	Cu	Cd	Mo	Pb	Ni	Zn	S	Al	As	Ba	Be	Bi	Br	Ca	Co	Cr	Cs	Fe	Hf	Ge	Hg	In
Unit Symbol	ppb	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
Detection Limit	2	0.3	1	0.3	1	3	1	1	0.01	0.01	0.5	50	1	0.1	0.5	0.01	1	2	1	0.01	1	0.1	1	0.2
Analysis Method	INAA	MULT INAA / TD- ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	MULT INAA / TD- ICP	MULT INAA / TD- ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	INAA	INAA	TD-ICP	TD-MS	INAA	TD-ICP	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	TD-MS	INAA	TD-MS
A407548	< 2	< 0.3	64	< 0.3	2	5	70	64	< 0.01	8.58	2.7	500	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	0.54	40	223	4	8.18	< 1	1.8	< 1	< 0.2
A407549	< 2	< 0.3	12	< 0.3	< 1	4	53	48	< 0.01	8.37	3.3	310	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	3.25	31	186	4	7.30	< 1	1.6	< 1	< 0.2
A407550	12	< 0.3	45	< 0.3	< 1	32	27	28	1.55	2.42	12.8	170	< 1	0.2	< 0.5	0.07	27	47	1	3.20	< 1	0.1	< 1	< 0.2
A451001	19	0.4	92	< 0.3	4	53	29	42	0.29	7.86	36.6	470	2	0.3	< 0.5	0.04	9	191	4	5.71	6	1.3	< 1	< 0.2
A451002	< 2	< 0.3	104	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	64	86	0.07	5.52	1.2	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	4.79	50	71	< 1	8.49	< 1	0.6	< 1	< 0.2
A451003	22	0.5	566	3.1	< 1	< 3	66	279	1.81	6.67	< 0.5	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	6.12	70	76	< 1	12.1	< 1	0.6	< 1	< 0.2
A451004	< 2	< 0.3	164	0.9	< 1	< 3	73	114	0.01	6.41	< 0.5	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	5.76	61	74	< 1	9.04	1	0.4	< 1	< 0.2
A451005	< 2	< 0.3	186	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	61	88	0.01	5.52	< 0.5	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	9.28	50	73	< 1	8.73	1	0.6	< 1	< 0.2
A451006	46	1.6	5200	5.0	< 1	< 3	53	536	2.39	5.94	8.8	120	< 1	0.3	< 0.5	7.05	81	81	< 1	11.7	< 1	0.7	< 1	0.2
A451007	< 2	< 0.3	263	0.9	< 1	< 3	76	104	< 0.01	6.42	3.5	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	4.31	62	105	2	11.4	< 1	0.7	< 1	< 0.2
A451008	< 2	< 0.3	122	1.3	< 1	< 3	65	84	0.11	6.50	< 0.5	< 50	< 1	< 0.1	< 0.5	5.71	51	79	< 1	9.38	1	1.0	< 1	< 0.2

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Analyte Symbol	Re	Ir	K	Li	Mg	Mn	Na	P	Rb	Sb	Sc	Se	Sn	Sr	Ta	Te	Ti	Th	Tl	U	V	W	Y	La
Unit Symbol	ppm	ppb	%	ppm	%	ppm	%	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
Detection Limit	0.001	5	0.01	0.5	0.01	1	0.01	0.001	15	0.1	0.1	0.1	1	1	0.5	0.1	0.01	0.2	0.1	0.5	2	1	1	0.5
Analysis Method	TD-MS	INAA	TD-ICP	TD-MS	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	INAA	TD-ICP	INAA	INAA	INAA	MULT INAA/TD- ICP-MS	TD-MS	TD-ICP	INAA	TD-MS	TD-ICP	INAA	TD-MS	INAA	TD-ICP	INAA	TD-ICP	INAA
A407548	0.001	< 5	5.33	18.2	1.69	1230	1.69	0.008	142	2.0	45.6	< 0.1	< 1	38	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.28	1.0	0.6	< 0.5	88	< 1	7	5.4
A407549	< 0.001	< 5	4.22	13.0	1.31	1900	2.43	0.008	96	1.2	40.4	< 0.1	< 1	101	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.26	0.7	0.5	< 0.5	72	< 1	8	4.4
A407550	0.002	< 5	1.60	11.5	0.52	795	< 0.01	0.019	55	2.1	6.8	< 0.1	< 1	7	< 0.5	0.5	0.13	3.4	0.7	1.2	40	< 1	7	13.8
A451001	0.001	< 5	5.22	35.9	1.40	856	0.07	0.056	184	3.7	20.8	< 0.1	2	11	< 0.5	0.4	0.34	8.0	1.4	3.0	109	< 1	18	29.5
A451002	0.005	< 5	0.04	19.8	5.02	1510	2.17	0.035	< 15	< 0.1	47.2	< 0.1	< 1	53	< 0.5	0.1	0.52	0.9	< 0.1	< 0.5	316	< 1	22	2.6
A451003	0.065	< 5	0.02	19.3	4.61	1370	0.80	0.031	< 15	< 0.1	44.4	< 0.1	< 1	124	< 0.5	0.5	0.59	< 0.2	< 0.1	< 0.5	384	< 1	27	3.3
A451004	< 0.001	< 5	0.04	30.8	4.89	1490	1.26	0.029	< 15	< 0.1	50.9	< 0.1	< 1	52	< 0.5	0.1	0.19	< 0.2	< 0.1	< 0.5	269	< 1	26	2.5
A451005	0.001	< 5	0.14	19.6	4.52	1630	1.05	0.020	< 15	< 0.1	38.3	< 0.1	< 1	133	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.18	0.4	< 0.1	< 0.5	202	< 1	23	2.2
A451006	0.013	< 5	0.05	10.0	2.78	1020	0.52	0.026	< 15	0.2	41.6	19.1	< 1	282	< 0.5	0.1	0.29	< 0.2	< 0.1	< 0.5	283	< 1	22	2.2
A451007	< 0.001	< 5	1.60	19.5	4.06	1650	2.05	0.032	< 15	0.4	48.1	< 0.1	< 1	41	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.42	< 0.2	< 0.1	< 0.5	283	< 1	25	2.2
A451008	0.002	< 5	0.03	22.2	5.51	1320	1.48	0.032	< 15	0.2	48.1	< 0.1	< 1	31	< 0.5	< 0.1	0.57	< 0.2	< 0.1	< 0.5	349	< 1	26	2.9

Analyte Symbol	Ce	Nd	Sm	Eu	Tb	Yb	Lu	Mass
Unit Symbol	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	g
Detection Limit	3	5	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.05	
Analysis Method	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA	INAA
A407548	13	7	1.2	0.4	< 0.5	1.3	0.17	27.4
A407549	11	< 5	1.2	0.3	< 0.5	1.2	0.12	29.4
A407550	46	9	1.9	0.4	< 0.5	1.0	0.13	29.6
A451001	77	22	4.3	1.0	< 0.5	3.0	0.42	23.3
A451002	10	< 5	2.0	0.7	< 0.5	3.4	0.33	31.5
A451003	12	< 5	2.2	1.0	0.7	4.0	0.37	30.1
A451004	10	7	2.2	0.9	< 0.5	4.0	0.38	30.1
A451005	10	6	1.8	0.8	0.7	3.4	0.26	30.4
A451006	10	< 5	1.8	0.9	< 0.5	3.3	0.25	34.1
A451007	10	8	2.0	0.8	< 0.5	3.6	0.34	29.8
A451008	10	< 5	2.1	0.9	< 0.5	3.8	0.38	27.7

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Quality Control																								
Analyte Symbol	Au	Ag	Cu	Cd	Mo	Pb	Ni	Zn	S	Al	As	Ba	Be	Bi	Ca	Co	Cr	Fe	Ge	In	Re	K	Li	Mg
Unit Symbol	ppb	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	%
Detection Limit	2	0.3	1	0.3	1	3	1	1	0.01	0.01	0.5	50	1	0.1	0.01	1	2	0.01	0.1	0.2	0.001	0.01	0.5	0.01
Analysis Method	INAA	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	INAA	INAA	TD-ICP	TD-MS	TD-ICP	INAA	INAA	INAA	TD-MS	TD-MS	TD-MS	TD-ICP	TD-MS	TD-ICP
GXR-1 Meas		31.8	1170	3.3	15	708	42	725	0.23	2.77			1	1360	0.93					0.8		0.06	7.5	0.25
GXR-1 Cert		31.0	1110	3.30	18.0	730	41.0	760	0.257	3.52			1.22	1380	0.960					0.770		0.0500	8.20	0.217
GXR-4 Meas		3.3	6460	0.5	313	43	42	72	1.79	6.99			2	19.3	1.13					0.2		3.77	10.3	1.84
GXR-4 Cert		4.00	6520	0.860	310	52.0	42.0	73.0	1.77	7.20			1.90	19.0	1.01					0.270		4.01	11.1	1.66
SDC-1 Meas		< 0.3	29	< 0.3	< 1	21	37	103	0.06	7.82			3	0.3	1.15							3.45	34.9	1.07
SDC-1 Cert		0.0410	30.0	0.0800	0.250	25.0	38.0	103	0.0650	8.34			3.00	2.60	1.00							2.72	34.0	1.02
SCO-1 Meas		< 0.3	27	0.3	< 1	25	29	100		4.54			2	0.4	1.75							1.53	44.9	1.46
SCO-1 Cert		0.134	28.7	0.140	1.37	31.0	27.0	103		7.24			1.84	0.370	1.87							2.30	45.0	1.64
GXR-6 Meas		< 0.3	61	0.4	< 1	81	25	116	< 0.01	13.4			1	0.2	0.25					< 0.2		1.90	40.1	0.69
GXR-6 Cert		1.30	66.0	1.00	2.40	101	27.0	118	0.0160	17.7			1.40	0.290	0.180					0.260		1.87	32.0	0.609
DNC-1a Meas			98				246	57															4.7	
DNC-1a Cert			100				247	70.0															5.20	
OREAS 13b (4-Acid) Meas		0.8	2190		8		2140	109	1.10															
OREAS 13b (4-Acid) Cert		0.86	2327		9.0		2247	133	1.20															
DMMAS 111 Meas	1670										1500	1250				36	58	2.91						
DMMAS 111 Cert	1670										1450	1140				34	52	2.79						
A451002 Orig		< 0.3	108	1.0	< 1	< 3	65	90	0.07	6.05			< 1	< 0.1	4.93				0.7	< 0.2	0.004	0.05	21.5	5.24
A451002 Dup		< 0.3	101	< 0.3	1	< 3	62	83	0.07	4.99			< 1	< 0.1	4.66				0.5	< 0.2	0.008	0.03	18.1	4.80
Method Blank Method Blank														< 0.1					< 0.1	< 0.2	< 0.001		< 0.5	
Method Blank Method Blank		< 0.3	< 1	< 0.3	< 1	< 3	< 1	1	< 0.01	< 0.01			< 1		< 0.01							< 0.01		< 0.01

Quality Control																
Analyte Symbol	Mn	Na	P	Sc	Se	Sn	Sr	Te	Ti	Tl	U	V	Y	La	Ce	Sm
Unit Symbol	ppm	%	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
Detection Limit	1	0.01	0.001	0.1	3	1	1	0.1	0.01	0.1	0.5	2	1	0.5	3	0.1
Analysis Method	TD-ICP	INAA	TD-ICP	INAA	TD-MS	TD-MS	TD-ICP	TD-MS	TD-ICP	TD-MS	INAA	TD-ICP	TD-ICP	INAA	INAA	INAA
GXR-1 Meas	889		0.060		17	37	287	13.1		0.4		88	28			
GXR-1 Cert	852		0.0650		16.6	54.0	275	13.0		0.390		80.0	32.0			
GXR-4 Meas	152		0.135		7	9	203	1.2		3.2		89	13			
GXR-4 Cert	155		0.120		5.60	5.60	221	0.970		3.20		87.0	14.0			
SDC-1 Meas	883		0.058		< 1	173			0.14			39	32			
SDC-1 Cert	883		0.0690			3.00	183		0.606			102	40.0			
SCO-1 Meas	390		0.081			4	138		0.35			136	12			
SCO-1 Cert	410		0.0900			3.70	174		0.380			131	26.0			
GXR-6 Meas	952		0.030		< 3	1	46	0.1		2.2		122	11			
GXR-6 Cert	1010		0.0350		0.940	1.70	35.0	0.0180		2.20		186	14.0			
DNC-1a Meas							128					142	15			
DNC-1a Cert							144					148	18.0			
OREAS 13b (4-Acid) Meas																
OREAS 13b (4-Acid) Cert																
DMMAS 111 Meas		1.85		5.9							15.1			13.8	23	1.7
DMMAS 111 Cert		1.87		5.80							14.00			14.00	19.30	1.90
A451002 Orig	1530		0.032		< 3	< 1	55	0.2	0.38	< 0.1		289	25			
A451002 Dup	1480		0.038		< 3	< 1	52	0.1	0.65	< 0.1		344	20			
Method Blank Method Blank					< 3	< 1		< 0.1		< 0.1						
Method Blank Method Blank	7		< 0.001				< 1		< 0.01			< 2	< 1			

# Appendix IV

SGH – Soil gas hydrocarbon geochemistry report



**SGH – SOIL GAS HYDROCARBON  
Predictive Geochemistry**

*for*

***GOLDEN HOPE MINES  
"MOOSE CLIFF SURVEY"***

*October 15, 2010*

*\* Dale Sutherland, Eric Hoffman*

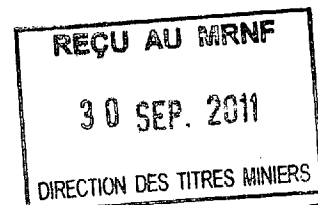
*Activation Laboratories Ltd*

(\* - author)

**EVALUATION OF SGH "SOIL SAMPLE" DATA**

**EXPLORATION FOR: "GOLD and/or VMS" TARGETS**

**Workorder: A10-4997**



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## **SOIL GAS HYDROCARBON (SGH) GEOCHEMISTRY – OVERVIEW**

SGH is a deep penetrating geochemistry that involves the analysis of surficial samples from over potential mineral or petroleum targets. The analysis involves the testing for 162 hydrocarbon compounds in the C5-C17 carbon series range applicable to a wide variety of sample types. SGH has been successful for delineating targets found at over 500 metres in depth. Samples of various media have been successfully analyzed such as soil (any horizon), drill core, rock, peat, lake-bottom sediments and even snow. The SGH analysis incorporates a very weak leach, essentially aqueous, that only extracts the surficial bound hydrocarbon compounds and those compounds in interstitial spaces around the sample particles. These are the hydrocarbons that have been mobilized from the target depth. SGH is unique and should not be confused with other hydrocarbon tests or traditional analyses that measure C1 (Methane) to C5 (Pentane) or other gases. SGH is also different from soil hydrocarbon tests that thermally extract or desorb all of the hydrocarbons from the whole soil sample. This test is less specific as it does not separate the hydrocarbons and thus does not identify or measure the responses as precisely. These tests also do not use a forensic approach to identification. The hydrocarbons in the SGH extract are separated by high resolution capillary column gas chromatography to isolate, confirm, and measure the presence of only the individual hydrocarbons that have been found to be of interest from initial research and development and from performance testing in two Canadian Mining Industry Research Organization (CAMIRO) projects (97E04 and 01E02).

Over the past 14 years of research, Activation Laboratories Ltd. has developed an in-depth understanding of the unique SGH signatures associated with different commodity targets. Using a forensic approach we have developed target signatures or templates for identification, and the understanding of the expected geochromatography that is exhibited by each class of SGH compounds. In 2004 we began to include an SGH interpretation report delivered with the data to enable our clients to realize the complete value and understanding of the SGH results in the shortest time frame and provide the benefit from past research sponsored by Actlabs, CAMIRO, OMET and other projects.

SGH has attracted the attention of a large number of Exploration companies. In the above mentioned research projects the sponsors have included (in no order): Western Mining Corporation, BHP-Billiton, Inco, Noranda, Outokumpu, Xstrata, Cameco, Cominco, Rio Algom, Alberta Geological Survey, Ontario Geological Survey, Manitoba Geological Survey and OMET. Further, beyond this research, Activation Laboratories Ltd. has interpreted the SGH data for over 400 targets from clients since January of 2004. In both CAMIRO research projects over known mineralization and in exploration projects over unknown targets, SGH has performed exceptionally well. As an example, in the first CAMIRO research project that commenced in 1997 (Project 97E04), there were 10 study areas that were submitted blindly to Actlabs. These study sites were selected since other inorganic geochemistries were unsuccessful at illustrating anomalies related to the target.

## **SOIL GAS HYDROCARBONS (SGH) GEOCHEMISTRY – OVERVIEW**

Although Actlabs was only provided with the samples and their coordinates, SGH was able to locate the blind mineralization with exceptional accuracy in 9 of the 10 surveys. SGH has recently been very successful in exploration and discovery of unknown targets e.g. Golden Band Resources drilled an SGH anomaly and discovered a significant vein containing "visible" gold. ([www.goldenbandresources.com](http://www.goldenbandresources.com))

**Sample Type and Survey Design:** It is highly recommended that a ***minimum*** of 50 sample "locations" is preferred to obtain enough samples into background areas on both sides of **small** suspected targets (wet gas plays, Kimberlite pipes, Uranium Breccia pipes, veins, etc.). SGH is not interpreted in the same way as inorganic based geochemistries. SGH must have enough samples over both the target and background areas in order to fully study the dispersion patterns or geochromatography of the SGH classes of compounds. Based on our minimum recommendation of at least 50 sample locations we further suggest that all samples be **evenly spaced** with about one-third of the samples over the target and one-third on each side of the target in order for SGH to be used for exploration. Targets other than gas plays, pipes, dykes or veins usually require additional samples to represent both the target and background areas.

SGH has been shown to be very robust to the use of different sample types even "within" the same survey or transect. Research has illustrated that it is far more important to the ultimate interpretation of the results to take a complete sample transect or grid than to skip samples due to different sample media. The most ideal natural sample is still believed to be soil from the "Upper B-Horizon", however excellent results can also be obtained from other soil horizons, humus, peat, lake-bottom sediments, and even snow. The sampling design is suggested to use evenly spaced samples from 15 metres to 200 metres and line spacing from 50 metres to 500 metres depending on the size and type of target. A 4:1 ratio is suggested, however, larger orientation surveys have also been successful. Ideally even large grids should have one-third of the samples over the target and two-thirds of the samples into anticipated background areas. This will allow the proper assessment of the SGH geochromatographic vectoring and background site signature levels with minimal bias. Individual samples taken at significant distances from the main survey area to represent background are not of value in the SGH interpretation as SGH results are not background subtracted. Samples can be drip dried in the field and do not need special preservation for shipping and has been specifically designed to avoid common contaminants from sample handling and shipping. SGH has also been shown to be robust to cultural activities even to the point that successful results and interpretation has been obtained from roadside right-of-ways.

## **SOIL GAS HYDROCARBONS (SGH) GEOCHEMISTRY – OVERVIEW**

**Sample Preparation and Analysis:** Upon receipt at Activation Laboratories the samples are air-dried in isolated and dedicated environmentally controlled rooms set to 40°C. The dried samples are then sieved. In the sieving process, it is important that compressed air is not used to clean the sieves between samples as trace amounts of compressor oils “may” poison the samples and significantly affect some target signatures. At Activation Laboratories a vacuum is used to clean the sieve between each sample. The -60 mesh sieve fraction (<250 microns, although different mesh sizes can be used at the preference of the exploration geologist) is collected and packaged in a Kraft paper envelope and transported from our sample preparation building to our analytical building on the same street in Ancaster Ontario. Each sample is then extracted, separated by gas chromatography and analyzed by mass spectrometry using customized parameters enabling the highly specific detection of the 162 targeted hydrocarbons at a reporting limit of one part-per-trillion (ppt). This trace level limit of reporting is critical to the detection of these hydrocarbons that, through research, have been found to be related at least in part to the breakdown and release of hydrocarbons from the death phase of microbes directly interacting with a deposit at depth. The hydrocarbon signatures are directly linked to the deposit type which is used as a food source. The hydrocarbons that are mobilized and metabolized by the microbes are released in the death phase of each successive generation. Very few of the hydrocarbons measured are actually due to microbe cell structure, or hydrocarbons present or formed in the genesis of the deposit or from anthropogenic contamination. The results of the SGH analysis is reported in raw data form in an Excel spreadsheet as “semi-quantitative” concentrations without any additional statistical modification.

**Mobilized Inorganic Geochemical Anomalies:** It is important to note that SGH is essentially “blind” to any inorganic content in samples as only organic compounds as hydrocarbons are measured. Thus inorganic geochemical surface anomalies that have migrated away from the mineral source, and thus may be interpreted and found to be a false target location, is not detected and does not affect SGH results. This fact is of great advantage when comparing the SGH results to inorganic geochemical results. If there is agreement in the location of the anomalies between the organic and inorganic technique, such as Actlabs’ Enzyme Leach, a significant increase in confidence in the target location can be realized. If there is no agreement or a shift in the location of the anomalies between the techniques, the inorganic anomaly may have been mobilized in the surficial environment.

**The Nugget Effect:** As SGH is “blind” to the inorganic content in the survey samples, any concern of a “nugget effect” will not be encountered with SGH data. A “nugget effect” may be of a concern for inorganic geochemistries from surveys over copper, gold, lead, nickel, etc. type targets.

## **SOIL GAS HYDROCARBONS (SGH) GEOCHEMISTRY – OVERVIEW**

**SGH Interpretation Report:** All SGH submissions must be accompanied by relative or UTM coordinates so that we may ensure that the sample survey design is appropriate for use with SGH, and to provide an SGH interpretation with the results. In our interpretation procedure, we separate the results into 19 SGH sub-classes. These classes include specific alkanes, alkenes, thiophenes, aromatic, and polyaromatic compounds. Note that none of the SGH hydrocarbons are “gaseous” at room temperature and pressure. The classes are then evaluated in terms of their geochromatography and for coincident compound class anomalies that are unique to different types of mineralization. Actlabs uses a six point scale in assigning a subjective rating of similarity of the SGH signatures found in the submitted survey to signatures previously reviewed and researched from known case studies over the same commodity type. Also factored into this rating is the appropriateness of the survey and amount of data/sample locations that is available for interpretation. This rating scale is described in detail in the following section.

## **SGH RATING SYSTEM - DESCRIPTION**

To date SGH has been found to be successful in the depiction of buried mineralization for Gold, Nickel, VMS, SEDEX, Uranium, Polymetallic, and Copper, as well as for Kimberlites. SGH data has developed into a dual exploration tool. From the interpretation, a vertical projection of the predicted location of the target can be made as well as a statement on the rating of the comparability of the identification of the anticipated target type to that from known case studies, as an example: if the client anticipates the target to be a Gold deposit, what is the rating or comparability that the target is similar to the SGH results over a Gold deposit in Nunavut, shear hosted and sediment hosted deposits in Nevada, or Paleochannel Gold mineralization in Western Australia.

- A rating of “6” is the highest or best rating, and means that the SGH classes most important to describing a Gold related hydrocarbon signature are all present and consistently vector to the same location with well defined anomalies. To obtain this rating there also needs to be other SGH classes that when mapped lend support to the predicted location.
- A rating of “5” means that the SGH classes most important to describing a Gold signature are all present and consistently describe the same location with well defined anomalies. The SGH signatures may not be strong enough to also develop additional supporting classes.
- A rating of “4” means that the SGH classes most important to describing a Gold signature are mostly present describing the location with well defined anomalies. Supporting classes may also be present.

## **SGH RATING SYSTEM - DESCRIPTION** (continued)

- A rating of "3" means that the SGH classes most important to describing a Gold signature are mostly present and describe the same location with fairly well defined anomalies. Some supporting classes may or may not be present.
- A rating of "2" means that some of the SGH classes most important to describing a Gold signature are present but a predicted location is difficult to determine. Some supporting classes may be present
- A rating of "1" is the lowest rating, and means that one of the SGH classes most important to describing a Gold signature is present but a predicted location is difficult to determine. Supporting classes are also not helpful.
- The SGH rating is directly and significantly affected by the survey design. Small data sets, especially if significantly <50 sample locations, or transects/surveys that are geographically too short will automatically receive a lower rating no matter how impressive an SGH anomaly might be. When there is not enough sample locations to adequately review the SGH class geochromatography, or when the sample spacing is inadequate, or if the spacing is highly variable such that it biases the interpretation of the results, then the confidence in the interpretation of any geochemistry is adversely affected. The SGH rating is not just a rating of the agreement between the SGH pathfinder classes for a particular target type; it is a rating of the overall confidence in the SGH results from this particular survey. The interpretation is only based on the SGH results without any information from other geochemical, geological or geophysical information unless otherwise specified.

## **SGH RATING SYSTEM – HISTORY & UNDERSTANDING**

The subjective SGH rating system has been used since 2004 when Activation Laboratories started providing an SGH Interpretation Report with ever submission for SGH analysis to aid our clients in understanding this organic geochemistry and ensuring that they obtain the best results for their surveys. As explained in the previous section, the SGH rating is not just a rating of how definitive an SGH anomaly is, and is not based just on the map(s) provided in this report. It is a rating of "confidence in the interpreted anomaly" from the combination of (i) are the expected SGH Pathfinder Classes of compounds present from the template for this target type (one Pathfinder Class map is shown in the report, at least three must be present to adequately describe the correct signature for a particular target), (ii) how well do these SGH Pathfinder Classes agree in describing an particular area, (iii) how well does this agreement compare to SGH case studies over known targets of that type, (iv) how well is the interpreted anomaly defined by the survey (i.e. a single

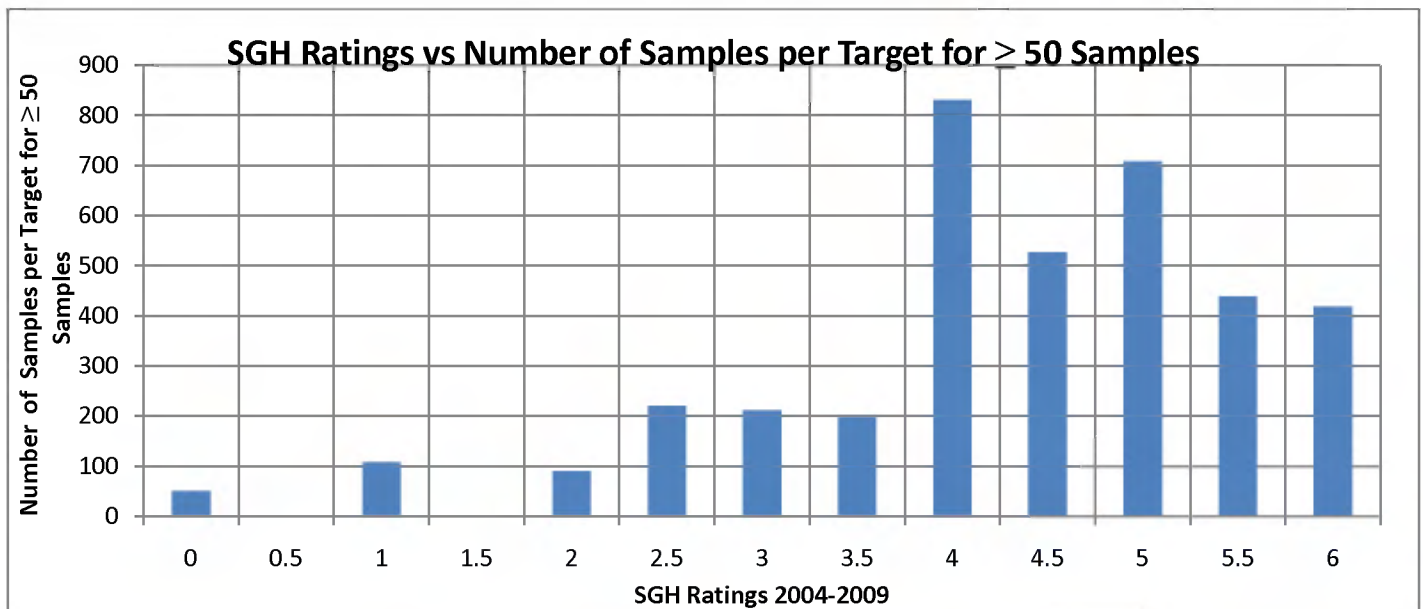
## **SGH RATING SYSTEM – HISTORY & UNDERSTANDING (cont.)**

transect does not provide the same confidence as a complete grid of samples), and (v) is there at least a minimum of 50 sample locations in the survey so that there may be an adequate amount of data to observe the geochromatography of the different SGH Pathfinder Class of compounds.

The question often arises by clients as to the frequency of a rating, e.g. "how often is a rating of 5.0 given in an interpretation". To better understand this we present this review of the history of the SGH rating program since 2004 and some of the underlying situations that can affect the historical rating charts.

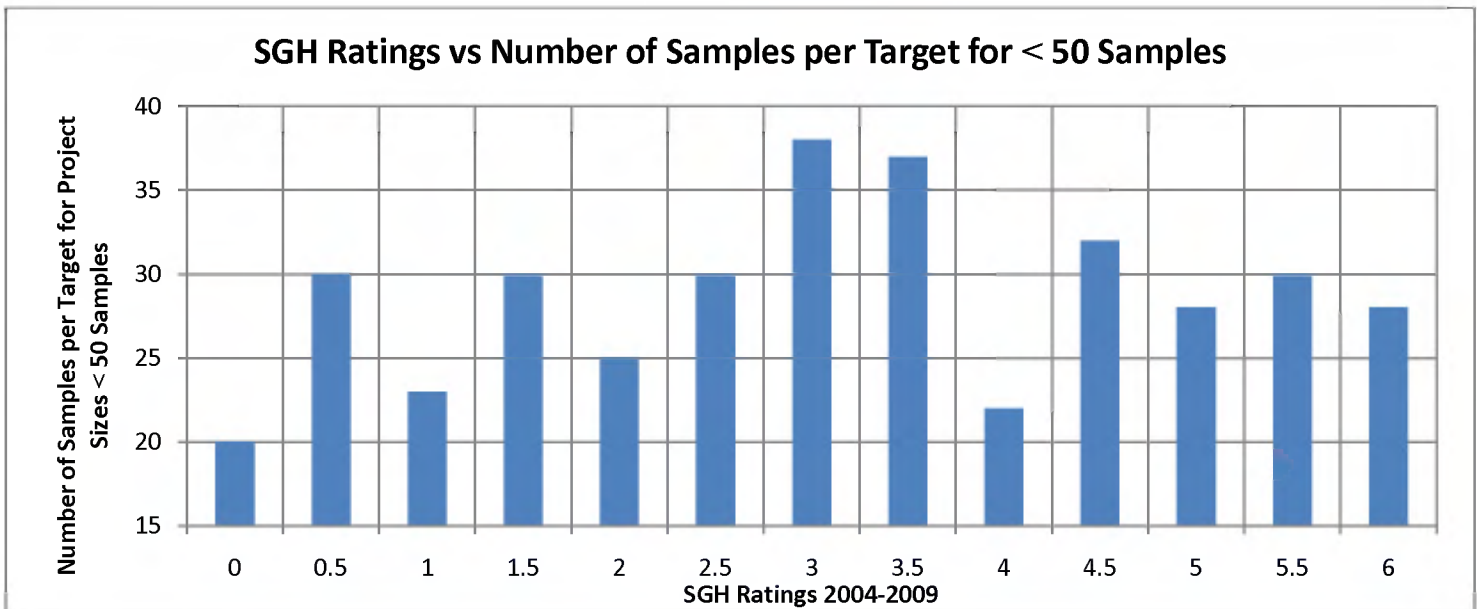
Originally it was recommended that a minimum of 35 sample location be used for small target exploration, however it was quite quickly realized that this is often insufficient and at least 50 sample locations were required. In 2007, the rating scale was refined to include increments of 0.5 units rather than just integer values from 0 to 6.

A rating frequency may be biased high as most clients conduct an orientation study over a known target, thus several of these projects result in high ratings. Note that, at this time, the rating is not said to be linked to grade of a deposit or depth to the target. Even in exploration surveys clients tend to submit samples over more promising targets due to knowledge of the geology and prior geochemical or geophysical results. As shown in the following chart, projects with SGH data from 200 or more sample locations have a higher level of confidence in the interpretation as the geochromatography of the SGH Pathfinder Classes of compounds can be more completely observed and reviewed.

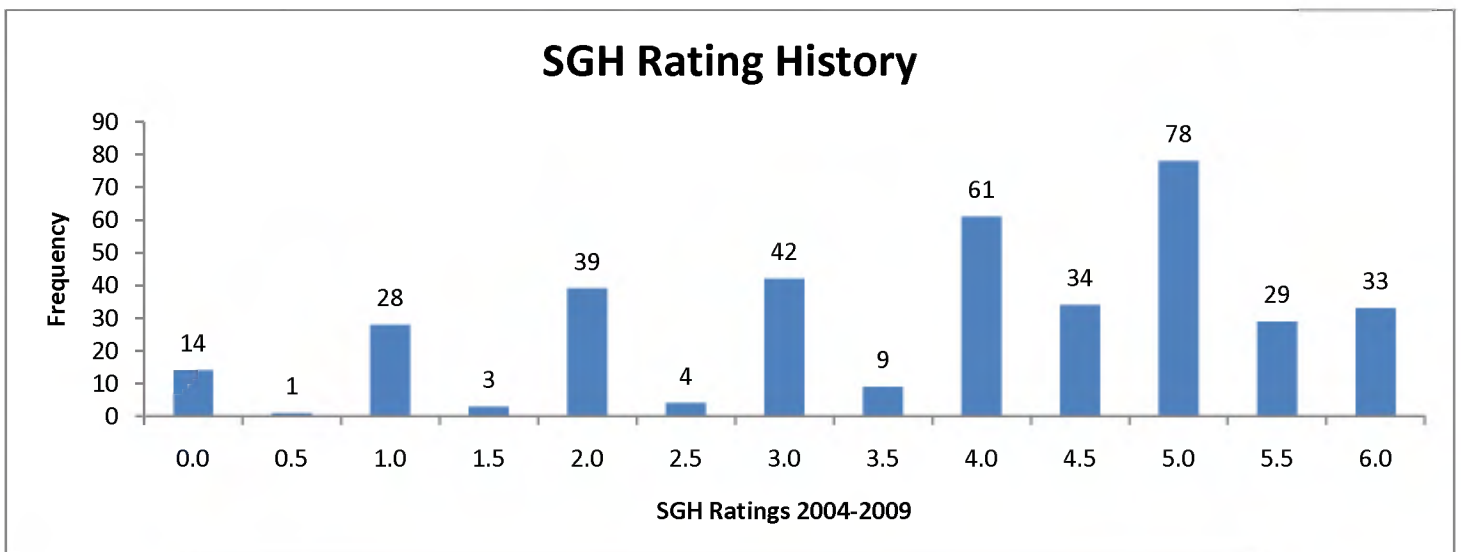


## **SGH RATING SYSTEM – HISTORY & UNDERSTANDING (cont.)**

The rating frequency may be biased low as research projects often include a bare minimum of samples to reduce costs. Research projects may also be over targets known to be difficult to depict with geochemistry. Multiple targets in close vicinity in a survey may result in a low bias as the Pathfinder Class geochromatography is more difficult to deconvolute. Ratings may also be biased low if less than the recommended 50 sample locations is submitted as indicated by the following chart. This chart also illustrates that there is no interpretation bias to a particular rating value.

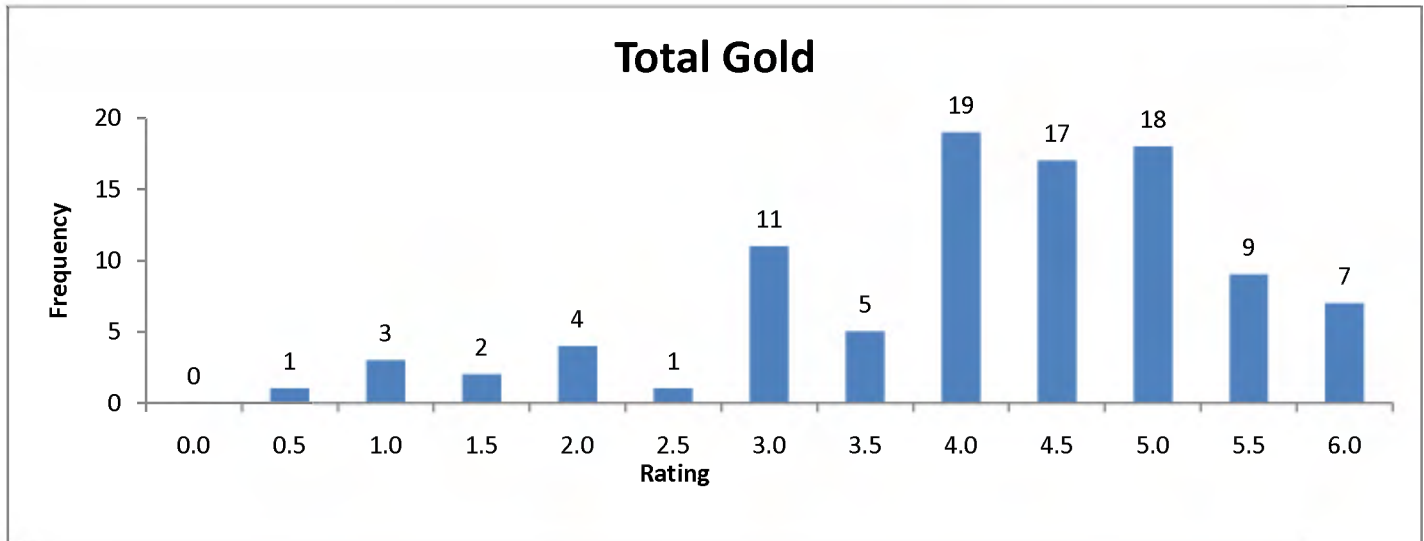


The overall rating frequency for over 400 targets from January 2004 to December 2009 is shown in the chart below illustrating that surveys over more promising targets are most often submitted for best use of research or exploration dollars. It also indicates that the 0.5 increments were less frequent as they started in 2007.



## **SGH RATING SYSTEM – HISTORY & UNDERSTANDING (cont.)**

More specific for SGH interpretation for Gold targets, the overall rating frequency for 97 targets from January 2004 to December 2009 is shown in the chart below that also illustrates that surveys over more promising Gold targets are most often submitted for best use of research or exploration dollars.



## **SGH DATA QUALITY**

- Reporting Limit:** The SGH Excel spreadsheet of results contains the raw unaltered concentrations of the individual SGH compounds in units of "part-per-trillion" (ppt). The reporting of these ultra low levels is vital to the measurement of the small amounts of hydrocarbons now known to be leached/metabolized and subsequently released by dead bacteria that have been interacting with the ore at depth. To ensure that the data has a high level of confidence, a "reporting limit" is used. The reporting limit of 1 ppt actually represents a level of confidence of approximately 5 standard deviations where SGH data is assured to be "real" and non-zero. Thus in SGH the use of a reporting limit automatically removes site variability and there is no need to further background subtract any data as the reporting limit has already filtered out any site background effects. Thus we recommend that all data that is equal to or greater than 2 ppt should be used in any data review. It is important to review all SGH data as low values that may be the centre of halo anomalies and higher values as apical anomalies or as halo ridges are all important.
- Laboratory Replicate Analysis:** A laboratory replicate is a sample taken randomly from the submitted survey being analyzed and are not unrelated samples taken from some large stockpile of bulk material. In the Organics laboratory an equal portion of this sieved sample, or pulp, is taken and analyzed in the same manner using the Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometer. The comparison of laboratory replicate and field duplicate results for chemical tests in the parts-per-million or even parts-per-billion range has typically

## **SGH DATA QUALITY** (continued)

been done using an absolute "relative percent difference (RPD)" statistic which is an easy proxy for error estimation rather than a more complete analysis of precision as specified by Thompson and Howarth. An RPD statistic is not appropriate for SGH results as the reporting limit for SGH is 1 part-per-trillion. Further, SGH is a semi-quantitative technique and was not designed to have the same level of precision as other less sensitive geochemistry's as it is only used as an exploration tool and not for any assay work. SGH is also designed to cover a wide range of organic compounds with an unprecedented 162 compounds being measured for each sample. In order to analyze such a wide molecular weight range of compounds, sacrifices were made to the variability especially in the low molecular weight range of the SGH analysis. The result is that the first fifteen SGH compounds in the Excel spreadsheet is expected to exhibit more imprecision than the other 147 compounds. An SGH laboratory replicate is a large set of data for comparison even for just a few pairs of analyses. Precision calculations using a Thompson and Howarth approach should only be used for estimating error in individual measurements, and not for describing the average error in a larger data set. In geochemical exploration geochemists seek concentration patterns to interpret and thus rigorous precision in individual samples is not required because the concentrations of many samples are interpreted collectively. For these reasons recent and independent research at Acadia University in Canada promote that a percent Coefficient of Variation (%CV) should be used as a universal measurement of relative error in all geochemical applications. As SGH results are a relatively large data set for nearly all submissions, %CV is a better statistic for use with SGH. By using %CV, the concentration of duplicate pairs is irrelevant because the units of concentration cancel out in the formation of the coefficient of variation ratio. For SGH, the %CV is calculated on all values  $\geq 2$  ppt. These values are averaged and represent a value for each pair of replicate analysis of the sample. All of the %CV values for the replicates are then averaged to report one %CV value to represent the overall estimate of the relative error in the laboratory sub-sampling from the prepared samples, and any instrumental variability, in the SGH data set for the survey. Actlabs' has successfully addressed the analytical challenge to minimize analytical variability for such a large list of compounds. Thus as SGH is also interpreted as a signature and is solely used for exploration and not assay measurement, the data from SGH is "**fit for purpose**" as a geochemical exploration tool.

- **Historical SGH Precision:** In the general history of geochemistry, studies indicate that a large component of total measurement error is introduced during the collection of the initial sample and in sub-sampling, and that only a subordinate amount of error in the result is introduced during preparation and analysis. A historical record encompassing many projects for SGH, including a wide variety of sample

**SGH DATA QUALITY** (continued)

types, geology and geography, shows that the consistency and precision for the analysis of SGH is excellent with an overall precision of 6.8% Coefficient of Variation (%CV). When last calculated, this number has a range having a maximum of 12.4% CV, a minimum of 3.0% CV, with a standard deviation of 1.6%, in a population made up of over 400 targets (over 45,000 samples) interpreted since June of 2004. Again the precision of 6.8% CV included all of the sample types as soil from different horizons, peat, till, humus, lake-bottom sediments, ocean-bottom sediments, and even snow. When field duplicates have been revealed to us, we have found that the precision of the field duplicates are in the range of about 9 to 12 %CV. As SGH is interpreted using a combination of compounds as a chemical "class" or signature, the affect of a few concentrations that may be imprecise in a direct comparison of duplicates is not significant. Further, projects that have been re-sampled at different times or seasons are expected to have different SGH concentrations. The SGH anomalies may not be in exactly the same position or of the same intensity due to variable conditions that may have affected the dispersion of different pathfinder classes. However, the SGH "signature" as to the presence of the specific mix of SGH pathfinder classes will definitely still exist, and will retain the ability to identify the deposit type and vector to the same target location.

- **LABORATORY MATERIALS BLANK – QUALITY ASSURANCE (LMB-QA):**

The Laboratory Materials Blank Quality Assurance measurements (LMB-QA) shown in the SGH spreadsheet of results are matrix free blanks analyzed for SGH. These blanks are not standard laboratory blanks as they do not accurately reflect an amount expected to be from laboratory handling or laboratory conditions that may be present and affect the sample analysis result. The LMB-QA measurements are a pre-warning system to only detect any contamination originating from laboratory glassware, vials or caps. As there is no substrate to emulate the sample matrix, the full solvating power of the SGH leaching solution, effectively a water leach, is fully directed at the small surface area of the glassware, vials or caps. In a sample analysis the solvating power of the SGH leaching solution is distributed between the large sample surface area (from soil, humus, sediments, peat, till, etc.) and the relatively small contribution from the laboratory materials surfaces. The sample matrix also buffers the solvating or leaching effect in the sample versus the more vigorous leaching of the laboratory materials which do not experience this buffering effect. Thus the level of the LMB-QA reported is biased high relative to the sample concentration and the actual contribution of the laboratory reagents, equipment, handling, etc. to the values in samples is significantly lower. This situation in organic laboratory analysis only occurs at such extremely low part-per-trillion (ppt) measurement levels. This is one of the reasons that SGH uses a reporting limit and not a detection limit. The 1 ppt reporting limit used in the SGH spreadsheet of raw concentration data is 3 to 5

## **SGH DATA QUALITY** (continued)

times greater than a detection limit. The reporting limit automatically filters out analytical noise, the actual LMB-QA, and most of the sample survey site background. This has been proven as SGH values of 1 to 3 parts-per-trillion (ppt) have very often illustrated the outline of anomalies directly related to mineral targets. Thus all SGH values greater than or equal to 1 or 2 ppt should be used as reliable values for interpretations.

The LMB-QA values thus should not be used to background subtract any SGH data. The LMB-QA values are only an early warning as a quality assurance procedure to indicate the relative cleanliness of laboratory glassware, vials, caps, and the laboratory water supply at the ppt concentration level. Do not subtract the LMB-QA values from SGH sample data.

## **SGH DATA LEVELING**

The combination of SGH data from different field sampling events has rarely required leveling in order to combine survey grids. The only circumstances that have occasionally required leveling has been the combination of samples that are very fine in texture, thus having a combined large surface area to samples of peat that may be in nearby areas. Even after maceration of the peat and in using the maximum size of sample amenable to this test method, peat samples have a significantly lower surface area. Peat samples have only required leveling in one survey in the last 500 SGH interpretations.

In only the last year (2009-2010) it has been observed that SGH data may require leveling when different field sampling events have significantly different soil temperature. It has been documented that when "soil" samples are taken from "frozen" ground that SGH data leveling may be required as frozen samples act as a frozen cap to the hydrocarbon flux and may collect a higher concentration of hydrocarbon compounds. Only two surveys have required leveling due to very different sampling site temperatures in the last 500 SGH interpretations.

The author has taken introductory training in the leveling of geochemical data. In the process of leveling, both data sets are reviewed in terms of maximum, minimum and average values for each SGH Pathfinder Class intended for use in the interpretation. Data is sectioned into quartiles and each section is assigned specific leveling factors that are applied to one data set. It should be noted that any type of data leveling is an approximation.

**No data leveling was required for this project.**

## **SGH DATA INTERPRETATION**

- **GEOCHEMICAL ANOMALY THRESHOLD VALUE:**

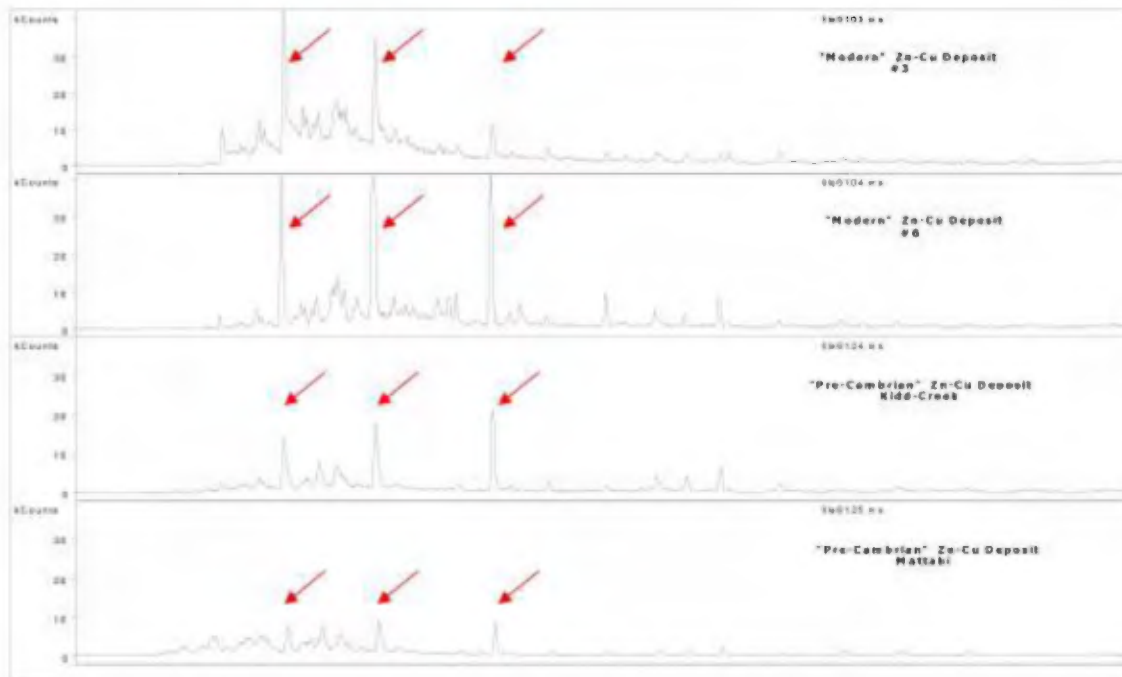
In the interpretation of "inorganic" geochemical data one of the determinations to be made is to calculate a "Threshold" value above which data is considered anomalous. This is done on an element by element basis. In the interpretation of this "organic" geochemical data this determination is done differently. The determination of a threshold value is not calculated for each hydrocarbon compound. The determination of a threshold value is also a concentration below which geochemical data is considered as "noise" for the purposes of geochemical interpretation. As discussed on page 10, SGH uses a "Reporting Limit" instead of some type of Detection Limit. The amount of noise that is already eliminated in the data, as below the Reporting Limit of 1 part-per-trillion (shown in the data spreadsheet as "-1" as "not-detected at a Reporting Limit of 1 ppt") is equivalent to approximately 5 standard deviations of variability. To thus calculate an additional Threshold Value is a loss of real and valuable data. Further, in the interpretation of SGH data, individual compounds are not considered (unless explicitly mentioned in the report). The interpretation of SGH data is exclusively conducted by "compound chemical class" which is the sum of four to fourteen individual hydrocarbons in the same organic chemical class as these compounds naturally have the same chemical properties that ultimately define their spatial dispersion characteristics in their rise from a mineral target through the overburden. This combined class is more reliable than the measurement of any one compound. SGH also eliminates the need for a Threshold value determination above the Reporting Limit due to the "high specificity" of the specific hydrocarbons and the classes they form. Each of the hydrocarbons has been hand selected due to their lower probability of being found in general surface soils. Further, only those classes where the majority of the compounds are detected above the Reporting Limit are considered in the interpretation. This defines the SGH geochemistry as having less geochemical noise due to the use of a reporting limit and as having higher confidence in the use of groups (classes) of data instead of individual compounds. However the most important aspect of interpretation is the use of a forensic signature. At least three specific "Pathfinder" classes, based on the combinations or template of classes we have developed, must be present to define the hydrocarbon signature to confidently predict the presence of a specific type of mineral target. Do not calculate another Threshold value. FACT: It has been proven many times that important chemical anomalies can exist even at 5 ppt.

- **SGH PATHFINDER CLASS MAGNITUDE:**

The magnitude of any individual concentration or that of a hydrocarbon class does not imply that the data is of more importance or that mineralization is of higher quantity or grade. SGH interpretations must use the review of the combination of specific hydrocarbon classes to make any interpretation.

## **SGH – FORENSIC GEOCHEMICAL SIGNATURES**

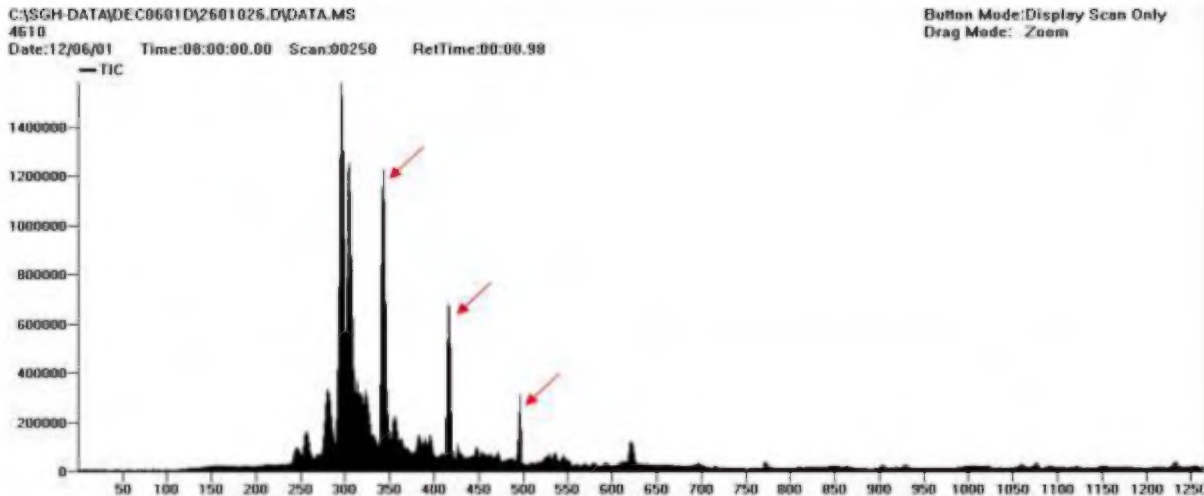
- One of the first experiments in 1996 in the development of the SGH analysis was to observe if an SGH response could be obtained directly from an ore sample. From office shelf specimens, small rock chips were obtained which were then crushed and milled. The fine pulp obtained was then subjected to the SGH analysis. These shelf specimen samples were from well known Volcanic Massive Sulphide deposits of the Mattabi deposit from the Archean Sturgeon Lake Camp in Northwestern Ontario and from the Kidd Creek Archean volcanic-hosted copper-zinc deposit. Even these specimen samples contain a geochemical record of the hydrocarbons produced by the bacteria that had been feeding on these deposits at depth. As a comparison, SGH analysis were similarly conducted on modern-day VMS ore samples taken from a “black smoker” hydrothermal volcanic vent from the deep sea bed of the Juan de Fuca Ridge where high concentrations of microbial growth was also known to exist. The raw data profiles as GC/MS Total Ion Chromatograms are shown below to illustrate the “visible” portion of the VMS signature obtained from the SGH analysis.



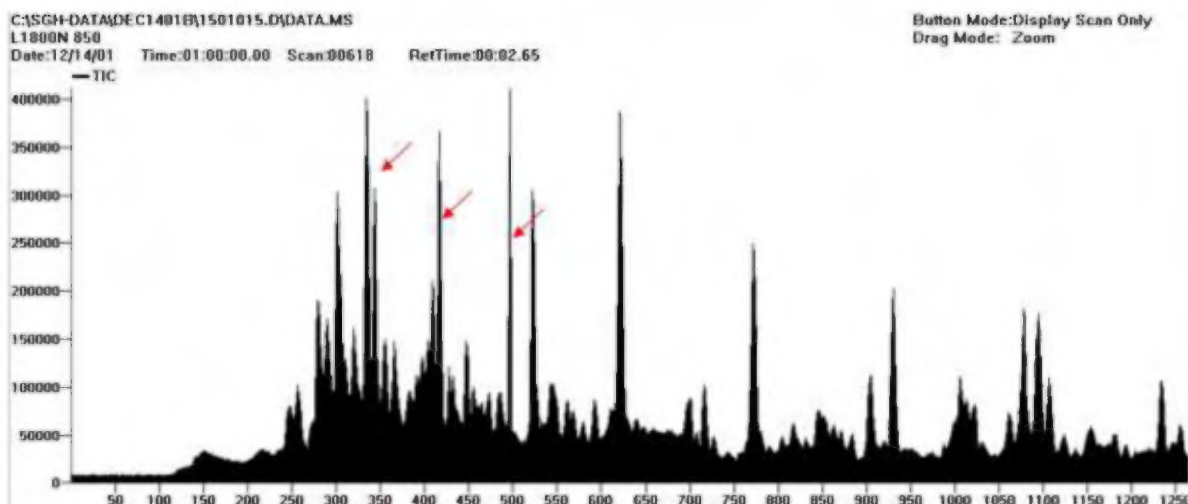
The top two profiles were obtained from two samples of the modern day “black smokers”. The third and fourth chromatograms in the above image were obtained from the Pre-Cambrian Zn-Cu Kidd Creek and Mattabi deposits. The red arrows point to three compounds that are a portion of the SGH signature for VMS type deposits. This visible portion of the VMS signature of hydrocarbons can easily be seen in the analysis of each of these four samples.

## **SGH – FORENSIC GEOCHEMICAL SIGNATURES** (cont.)

The next question in our early objectives was to see if this SGH signature could also be observed in surficial soil samples that had been taken over VMS deposits. Through our research projects, soil samples were obtained from over the Ruttan Cu-Zn VMS deposit near Leaf Rapids, Manitoba and located in the Paleoproterozoic Rusty Lake greenstone belt. The profile obtained, as observed in the raw GC/MS chromatogram, is shown in this next image below:



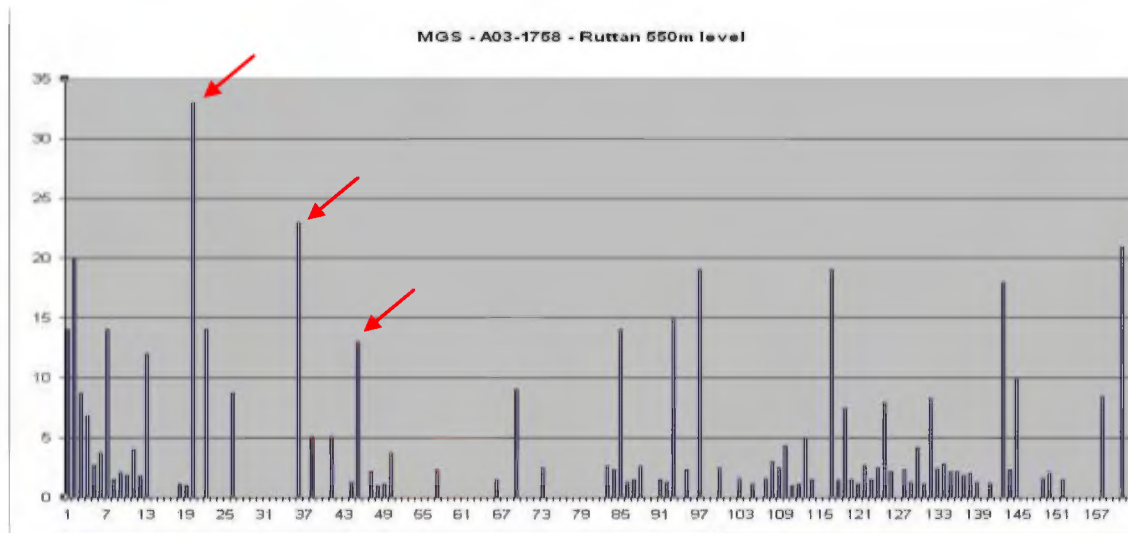
The three compounds indicated by the red arrows represent the same visible portion of the VMS signature observed from the modern day black smoker samples and the ore samples taken from the Mattabi and Kidd Creek, even though this soil was taken from over a different VMS deposit in a geographically different area. Is this coincidence? Another soil sample was obtained from Noranda's Gilmour South base-metal occurrence in the Bathurst Mining camp in northern New Brunswick. As shown below, this sample contained a very complex SGH signature, however the visible portion of the VMS signature as indicated by the red arrows is still observed as in the black smoker, Mattabi and Kidd Creek ore samples.



## **SGH – FORENSIC GEOCHEMICAL SIGNATURES** (cont.)

In research conducted by the Ontario Geological Survey, this same portion of the SGH signature was also observed over the VMS deposit at Cross Lake in Ontario. Note that the visible signature shown as the three compounds indicated by the red arrows is only a small portion of the complete SGH VMS signature. The full VMS signature is made up of at least three groups, as three organic chemical classes, that together contain at least 35 of the individual SGH hydrocarbons.

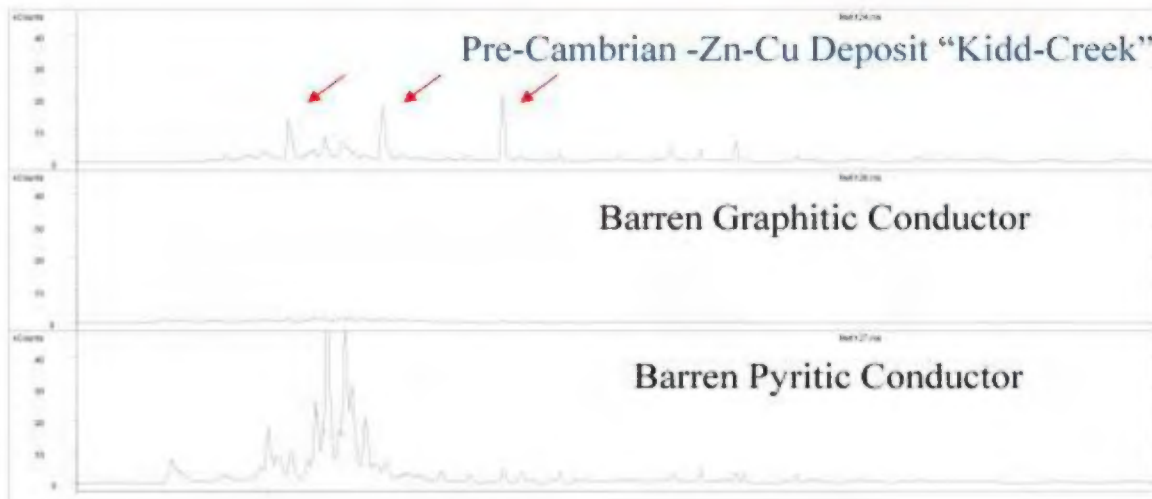
The chromatograms shown on the preceding page from the GC/MS analysis are not used directly in the interpretation of SGH data. As we are only interested in a specific list of 162 hydrocarbons, the mass spectrometer and associated software programs specifically identifies the hydrocarbons of interest, runs calculations using relative responses to a short list of hydrocarbons used as standards, and develops an Excel spreadsheet of semi-quantitative concentration data to represent the sample. Thus the SGH results for a sample, like that observed in ore from the Ruttan, are filtered to obtain the concentrations for the specific 162 hydrocarbons. A simple bar graph drawn from the Excel spreadsheet of the hydrocarbons and their concentrations results in a DNA like **forensic SGH signature** as shown below. The portion discussed here as the “visible” SGH VMS signature in the GC/MS chromatograms, is again shown by the red arrows.



Through the work done in the SGH CAMIRO research projects, it was observed that the hydrocarbon signature produced by the SGH technique appeared to also be able to be used to differentiate barren from ore-bearing conductors. This was explored further through the submission and analysis of specific specimen samples that represented a barren pyritic conductor and a barren graphitic conductor.

## **SGH – FORENSIC GEOCHEMICAL SIGNATURES** (cont.)

The GC/MS chromatograms from these two specimens are compared to that obtained from the Kidd-Creek ore as shown below. This diagram conclusively shows that the SGH signatures obtained from the two types of barren conductors are completely different than that obtained by SGH over VMS type ore. SGH is thus able to differentiate between ore-bearing conductors and barren conductors as the Forensic SGH Geochemical signature is different.



- SGH has been described by the Ontario Geological Survey of Canada (OGS) as a "REDOX cell locator". Many SGH surveys for Gold and other mineral targets can result in multiple types of anomalies, depending on the class of SGH compounds, even over the same target and in the same set of samples. Thus "Apical", "Nested-Halo", and "Rabbit-Ear" or "Halo" type SGH anomalies are all typically observed from the effect of REDOX cells that have developed over deposits. REDOX cells are also related to the presence of bacteriological activity.
- The VMS template of SGH Pathfinder Classes uses low and medium weight classes of hydrocarbon compounds. Again, at least three Pathfinder Class group maps, associated with the SGH signature for VMS, must be present to begin to be considered for assignment of a good rating. The Pathfinder Class anomalies in these maps must logically concur and support a consistent interpretation in relation to the expected geochromatographic characteristics of the Pathfinder Class, for a specific area. The SGH Pathfinder Class map(s) shown in this report is usually the most diagnostic for the presence of Volcanic Massive Sulphide based mineralization. This interpretation development history for VMS is similar to the development history for other target types. The reader should not draw a conclusion that SGH is used only for sulphide based mineralization as some of the most intense SGH anomalies have been associated with Kimberlites where sulphides are essentially not present.

**INTERPRETION OF SGH RESULTS – A10-4997**  
**GOLDEN HOPE MINES – MOOSE CLIFF PROJECT**

**SGH SURVEY INTERPRETATION**

- This report is based on the SGH results from the analysis of a total of 65 soil samples from the MOOSE CLIFF Project. The survey is made up of 4 parallel North-South trending transects that are 50 metres apart with samples spaced at approximately 20 metres along each transect. UTM coordinates were provided to map the SGH results for these surveys.
- The number of samples submitted for this project is adequate to use SGH as an exploration tool. Note that the SGH data is only reviewed for the particular target deposit type requested, in this case for the presence of a Gold and/or VMS based deposit. It is also assumed that there is only one potential target in the survey. To obtain the best interpretation the client should indicate if there are possible multiple targets, say from geophysical data. The possibility of multiple targets "in close proximity" (~200 metres for Gold) should be known due to potential overlap and increased complexity of resulting geochromatographic anomalies which could alter the interpretation.
- Note that the associated SGH results are presented in a separate Excel spreadsheet for A10-4997. This raw data is semi-quantitative and is presented in units of pg/g or parts-per-trillion (ppt).
- **The overall precision of the SGH analysis for the samples in this MOOSE CLIFF project was excellent** as demonstrated by 4 samples taken from the survey which were used for laboratory replicate analysis. The average Coefficient of Variation (%CV) of the replicate results for the MOOSE CLIFF survey was 9.0% for these replicate samples which represents excellent levels of analytical performance especially at the low parts-per-trillion (ppt) measurements in the Soil Gas Hydrocarbon geochemistry.
- SGH has been described by the Ontario Geological Survey of Canada (OGS) as a "REDOX cell locator". Many SGH surveys for Gold and other mineral targets can result in multiple types of anomalies, depending on the class of SGH compounds, even over the same target and in the same set of samples. Thus "Apical", "Nested-Halo", and "Rabbit-Ear" or "Halo" type anomalies are all typically observed from the effect of REDOX cells that have developed over deposits. REDOX cells are also related to the presence of bacteriological activity.
- At this time we cannot comment on either the depth to mineralization or grade, except that SGH has been able to detect mineralization at up to 520 metres in depth to date (McArthur River P2 pod-uranium, CAMIRO 97E04).

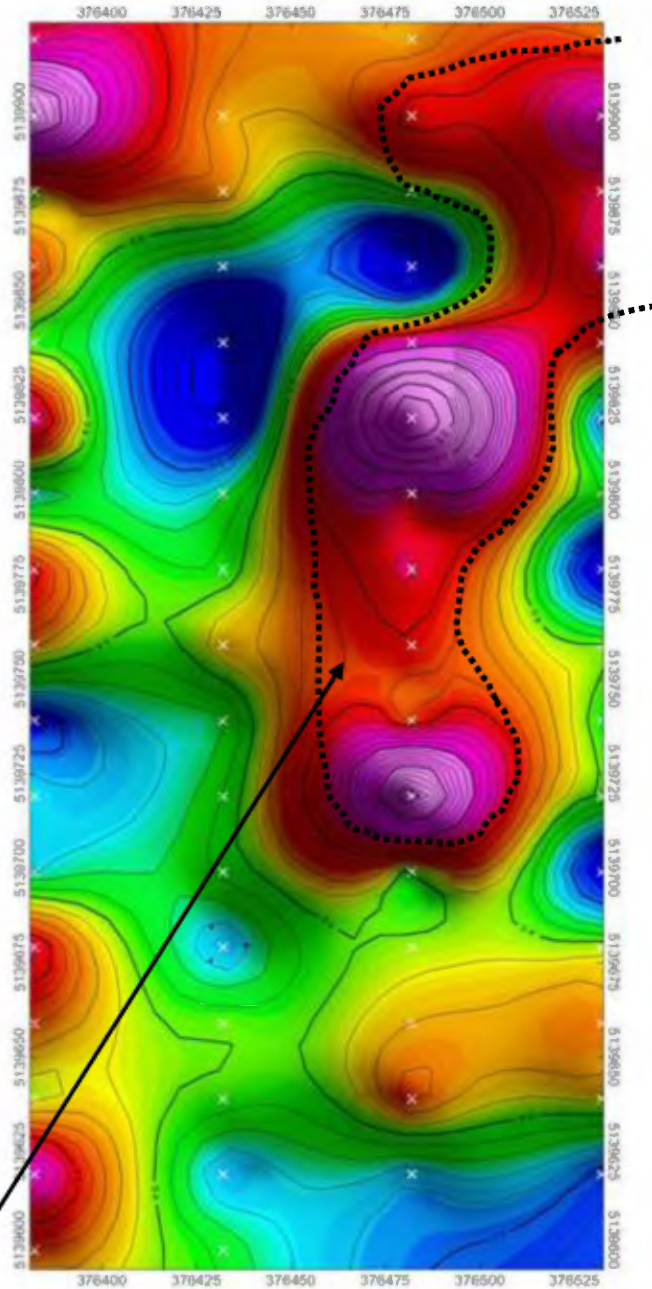
**INTERPRETION OF SGH RESULTS – A10-4997**  
**GOLDEN HOPE MINES – MOOSE CLIFF PROJECT**

**SGH SURVEY INTERPRETATION – GOLD PATHFINDER CLASS MAP**

- The map shown on page 21 for the MOOSE CLIFF project in plan view is also shown as a 3D view on page 22. This map is an SGH "Pathfinder Class map" for targeting Gold mineralization. The map represents the simple summation of several individual hydrocarbon compound concentrations that are grouped from within the same organic chemical class. SGH Pathfinder Class maps have been shown to be robust as they are each described using from 4 to 14 (unless otherwise stated) chemically related SGH compounds which are simply summed to create each class map. Thus each map has a higher level of confidence as it is not illustrating just one compound response. A legend of the compound classes appears at the bottom of the SGH data spreadsheet. The overall SGH interpretation Rating has even a higher level of confidence as it further relies on the consensus between at least two additional pathfinder classes that together make the signature of the target at depth.
- The Gold template of SGH Pathfinder Classes use low and medium weight classes of hydrocarbon compounds. At least three Pathfinder Class maps associated with the SGH signature for Gold must be present to begin to be considered for assignment of a good rating. The Pathfinder Class anomalies must also concur and support a consistent interpretation, in relation to the expected geochromatographic characteristics of the Pathfinder Class, for a specific area. These SGH templates have been shown to be applicable to a wide variety of lithology such as epithermal, porphyry, sedimentary hosted, orogenic, vein and other types of gold deposits.
- The dotted black lines applied to the SGH Pathfinder Class maps on page 21 are the interpretations that have been applied to illustrate, as a vertical projection, possible gold based mineralization at some depth. Other SGH Pathfinder Class maps (not shown in this report) also agree on the assignment of this boundary.

**INTERPRETION OF SGH RESULTS – A10-4997**  
**GOLDEN HOPE MINES – MOOSE CLIFF PROJECT**

**SGH "GOLD" PATHFINDER CLASS MAP**



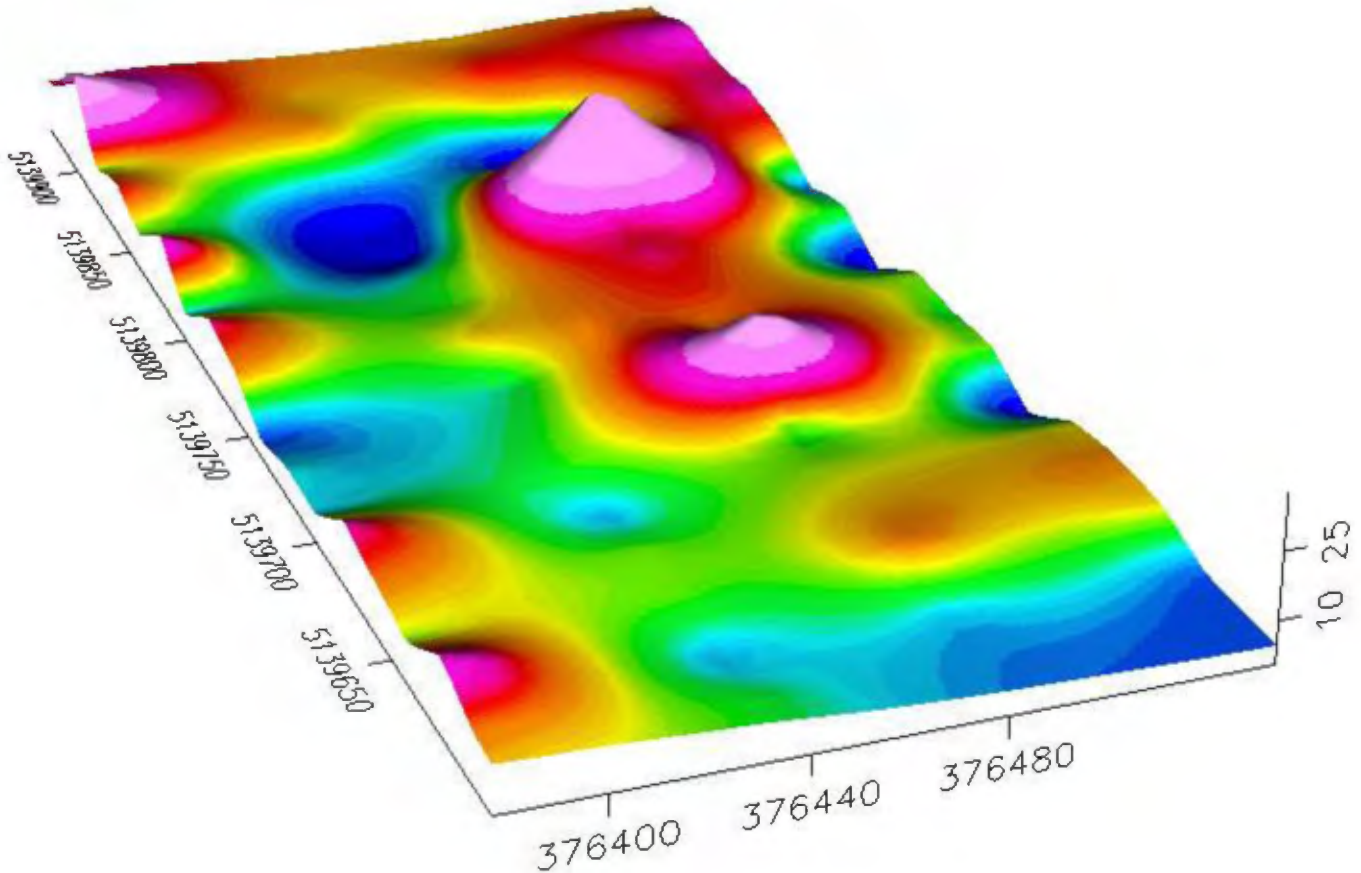
ANOMALOUS ZONE



Results represent only the material tested. Actlabs is not liable for any claim/damage from the use of this report in excess of the test cost. Samples are discarded in 90 days unless requested otherwise. This report is only to be reproduced in full.

**INTERPRETION OF SGH RESULTS – A10-4997**  
**GOLDEN HOPE MINES – MOOSE CLIFF PROJECT**

**SGH "GOLD" PATHFINDER CLASS MAP -3D VIEW**



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**INTERPRETION OF SGH RESULTS – A10-4997**  
**GOLDEN HOPE MINES – MOOSE CLIFF PROJECT**

**SGH SURVEY INTERPRETATION RATING**

- After review of all of the SGH Pathfinder Class maps, the SGH results from these soil samples suggest a **"rating of 3.0"** for the anomalous zone within the black dotted outline applied to the map of the MOOSE CLIFF grid on page 21 as to the presence of Gold mineralization. This rating is based on a scale of 6.0, in 0.5 increments, with a value of 6.0 being the best. The rating represents the similarity of these SGH results, and the developed Pathfinder Class maps, primarily to case studies for Gold in Nunavut, shear hosted as well as sediment hosted deposits in Nevada, and Paleochannel Gold deposits in Australia. The degree of confidence in the rating only starts to be "good" at a level of 4.0.
- In the anomalous zone outlined on page 21, the two central more intense apical anomalies may be the best location where SGH predicts the best drill target as a vertical superposition for Gold mineralization. However, this interpretation is complexed as the VMS signature discussed in the next section intersects this zone, thus there is a mixture of signatures which is automatically more difficult to interpret. The lower rating for the anomalous zone identified on page 21 reflects the lower confidence due to the mixture of signatures. Note that Activation Laboratories Ltd. has no experience in drilling and vertical drilling may not be the best approach for exploration of these anomalies.
- This interpretation is based only on this survey and on these SGH results.
- The client should use a combination of these SGH results and its report with additional geochemical, geophysical, and geological information to possibly obtain a more confident and precise target location.

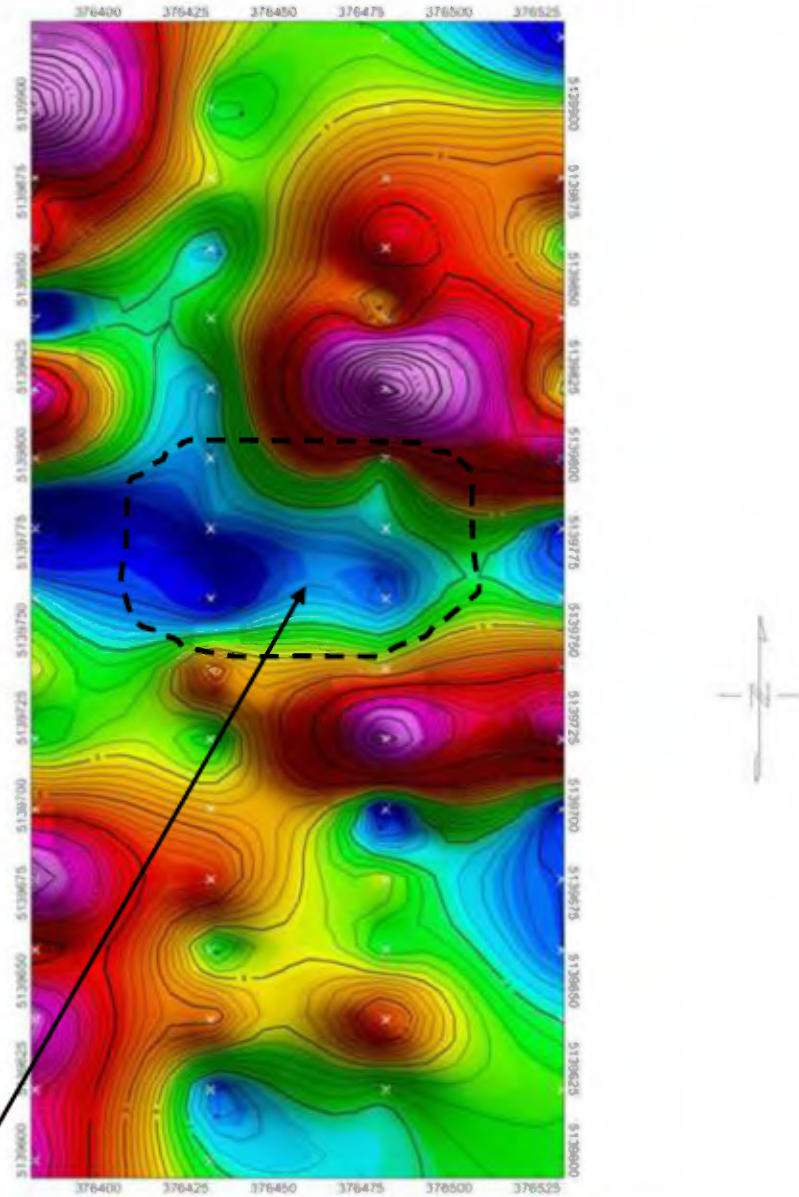
**INTERPRETION OF SGH RESULTS – A10-4997**  
**GOLDEN HOPE MINES – MOOSE CLIFF PROJECT**

**SGH SURVEY INTERPRETATION – VMS PATHFINDER CLASS MAP**

- The map shown on page 25 for the MOOSE CLIFF project in plan view is also shown as a 3D view on page 26. This map is an SGH "Pathfinder Class map" for targeting VMS mineralization. The map represents the simple summation of several individual hydrocarbon compound concentrations that are grouped from within the same organic chemical class. SGH Pathfinder Class maps have been shown to be robust as they are each described using from 4 to 14 (unless otherwise stated) chemically related SGH compounds which are simply summed to create each class map. Thus each map has a higher level of confidence as it is not illustrating just one compound response. A legend of the compound classes appears at the bottom of the SGH data spreadsheet. The overall SGH interpretation Rating has even a higher level of confidence as it further relies on the consensus between at least two additional pathfinder classes that together make the signature of the target at depth.
- The VMS template of SGH Pathfinder Classes also uses low and medium weight classes of hydrocarbon compounds. At least three Pathfinder Class maps associated with the SGH signature for VMS must be present to begin to be considered for assignment of a good rating. The Pathfinder Class anomalies must also concur and support a consistent interpretation, in relation to the expected geochromatographic characteristics of the Pathfinder Class, for a specific area.
- The dashed black outline applied to the SGH Pathfinder Class map on page 25 is the interpretation that has been applied to illustrate, as a vertical projection, possible VMS based mineralization at some depth. The anomaly for VMS based mineralization for this SGH Pathfinder Class map is expected to be low in response as the centre of a "Rabbit-Ear" or halo anomaly. Again, the interpretation of this area is affected by the possible SGH Gold signatures overlapping this area. Other SGH Pathfinder Class maps for VMS mineralization (not shown in this report) also agree on the assignment of the outline shown on page 25.

**INTERPRETION OF SGH RESULTS – A10-4997**  
**GOLDEN HOPE MINES – MOOSE CLIFF PROJECT**

**SGH "VMS" PATHFINDER CLASS MAP**



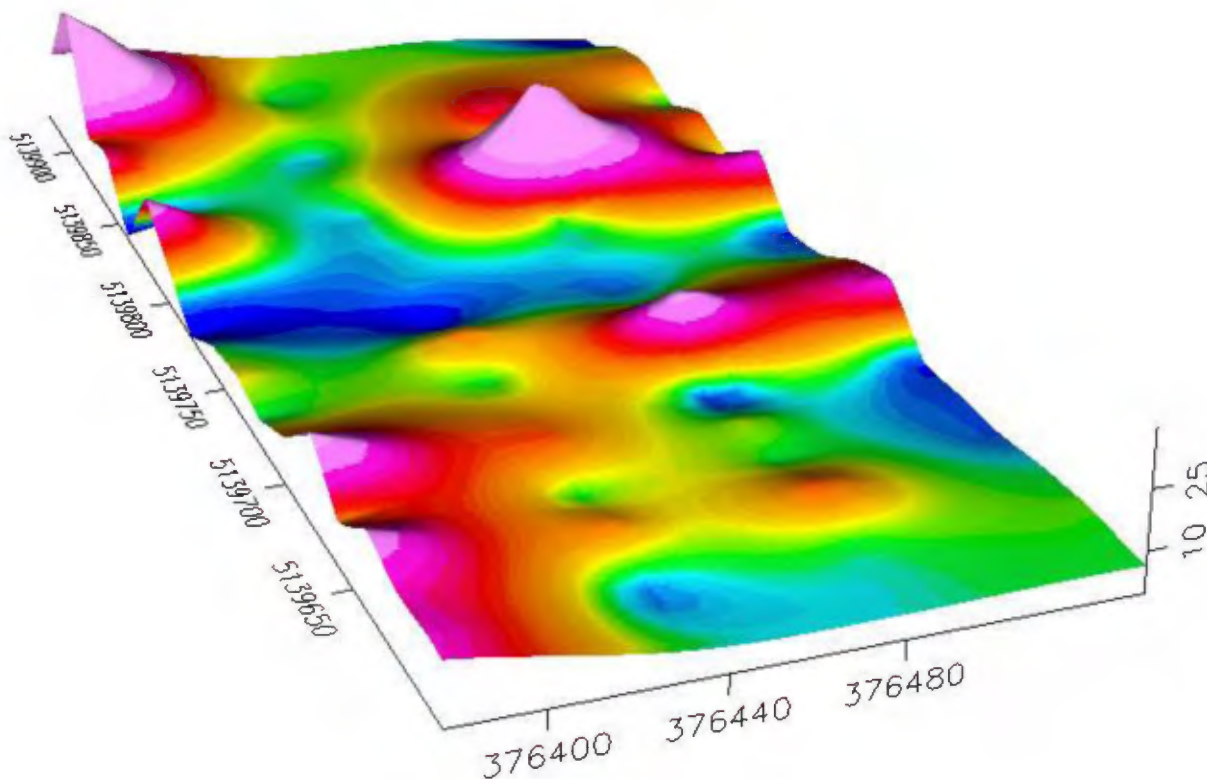
ANOMALOUS ZONE



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**INTERPRETION OF SGH RESULTS – A10-4997**  
**GOLDEN HOPE MINES – MOOSE CLIFF PROJECT**

**SGH "VMS" PATHFINDER CLASS MAP -3D VIEW**



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**INTERPRETION OF SGH RESULTS – A10-4997**  
**GOLDEN HOPE MINES – MOOSE CLIFF PROJECT**

**SGH SURVEY INTERPRETATION RATING**

- After review of all of the SGH Pathfinder Class maps, the SGH results from these soil samples suggest a **"rating of 4.5"** for the anomalous zone within the black dashed outline applied to the map of the MOOSE CLIFF grid on page 25 as to the presence of VMS mineralization. This rating is based on a scale of 6.0, in 0.5 increments, with a value of 6.0 being the best. This rating represents the similarity of these SGH results with case studies over a Volcanic Massive Sulphide (VMS) type target, to the SGH case studies conducted at the Hanson Lake VMS deposit in Saskatchewan, the South Gilmour VMS deposit in New Brunswick and the Cross Lake VMS deposit in Ontario. The degree of confidence in the rating only starts to be "good" at a level of 4.0.
- SGH predicts that the best drill target for VMS type mineralization would be in the centre of the black dashed outlined zone on page 25 as a vertical superposition. Note that Activation Laboratories Ltd. has no experience in drilling and vertical drilling may not be the best approach for exploration of these anomalies.
- This interpretation is based only on this survey and on these SGH results. The client should use a combination of these SGH results and its report with additional geochemical, geophysical, and geological information to possibly obtain a more confident and precise target location.

## **IN-FILL SAMPLING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SGH ANALYSIS**

- Based on the results of this report and/or other information, the client may decide that infill sampling may be warranted. To obtain the best results from additional sampling for SGH it is recommended that sample locations within, or bordering, the area of interest be re-sampled rather than combining new results with the sample data from the initial survey. Although several SGH surveys have previously been easily and directly, combined without data leveling, it cannot be guaranteed that data leveling will not be required. It has been found that data leveling is more apt to be required should the new samples be collected under significantly different environmental conditions than during the initial sample survey, i.e. summer collection versus winter collection. The process of data leveling adds a minimum of 3 to 5 days of work to conduct the additional data evaluation, develop additional plots of the results, conduct new interpretations, and in additional report descriptions. Results from data leveling is also always considered "an approximation" thus having a lower level of confidence that newly re-sampled locations would have. As of September 2010, an additional cost will be invoiced should data leveling operations be required if the client requests that two SGH data sets be interpreted and reported together. Thus re-sampling locations will provide a faster turnaround time for results and provide more accurate and confident surveys for evaluation and aid in deciding specific drill targets.

## **DISCLAIMER**

This "SGH Interpretation Report" has been prepared to assist the user in understanding the development and capabilities of this Organic based Geochemistry. The interpretation of the Soil Gas Hydrocarbon (SGH) data is in reference to a template or group of SGH classes of compounds specific to a type of mineralization or target that is chosen by the client (i.e. the template for gold, copper, VMS, uranium, etc.). Although the template of SGH Pathfinder Classes that has been developed through research and review of case studies has proven to be able to address many lithologies, Activation Laboratories Ltd. cannot guarantee that the template is applicable to every type of target in every type of environment. The interpretation in this report attempts to identify an anomaly that has the best SGH signature in the survey for the type of mineralization or target chosen by the client. However, this interpretation is not exhaustive and there may be additional SGH anomalies that may warrant interest and interpretation. It should not be viewed due to the generation of this SGH report, that Activation Laboratories Ltd. has the expertise or is in the business of interpreting geochemical data as a general service. As the author is the originator of the SGH geochemistry, has researched and developed this exploration tool since 1996, and has produced similar interpretations using SGH data for over 500 surveys, he is perhaps the best qualified to prepare this interpretation as assistance to clients who wish to use SGH. Also, any mention of a "drill target" is to help the reader focus on the specific anomaly or specific area of the survey where the SGH geochemical data vectors to and implies the spatial location as a vertical projection over the centre of the mineralization if present. The author and/or Activation Laboratories has no professional expertise in drilling techniques to explore and drill any of the targets or anomalies mentioned. Activation Laboratories Ltd. can offer assistance in general suggestions for sampling protocols and in sample grid location design; however we accept no responsibility to the appropriateness of the samples taken. Activation Laboratories Ltd. has made every attempt to ensure the accuracy and reliability of the information provided in this report. Activation Laboratories Ltd. or its employees, does not accept any responsibility or liability for the accuracy, content, completeness, legality, or reliability of the information or description of processes contained in this report. The information is provided "as is" without a guarantee of any kind in the interpretation or use of the results of the SGH geochemistry. The client or user accepts all risks and responsibility for losses, damages, costs and other consequences resulting directly or indirectly from using any information or material contained in this report.

### **Cautionary Note Regarding Assumptions and Forward Looking Statements**

The statements and target rating made in the Soil Gas Hydrocarbon (SGH) interpretive report or in other communications may contain certain forward-looking information related to a target or SGH anomaly.

Statements related to the rating of a target are based on comparison of the SGH signatures derived by Activation Laboratories Ltd. through previous research on known case studies. The rating is not derived from any statistics or other formula. The rating is a subjective value on a scale of 0 to 6 relative to the similarity of the SGH signature reviewed compared to the results of previous scientific research and case studies based on the analysis of surficial samples over known ore bodies. No information on other geochemistries, geophysics, or geology is usually available as additional information for the interpretation and assignment of a rating value unless otherwise stated. The rating does not imply ore grade and is not to be used in mineral resource estimate calculations. References to the rating should be viewed as forward-looking statements to the extent that it involves a subjective comparison to known SGH case studies. As with other geochemistries, the implied rating and anticipated target characteristics may be different than that actually encountered if the target is drilled or the property developed.

Activation Laboratories Ltd. may also make a scientifically based reference in this interpretive report to an area that might be used as a drill target. Usually the nearest sample is identified as an approximation to a "possible drill target" location. This is based only on SGH results and is to be regarded as a guide based on the current state of this science.

Unless stated, Activation Laboratories Ltd. has not physically observed the exploration site and has no prior knowledge of any site description or details. Actlabs makes general recommendations for sampling and shipping of samples. Unless stated, the laboratory does not witness sampling, does not take into consideration the specific sampling procedures used, season, handling, packaging, or shipping methods. The majority of the time, Activation Laboratories Ltd. has had no input into sampling survey design. Where specified Activation Laboratories Ltd. may not have conducted sample preparation procedures as it may have been conducted at the client's assigned laboratory. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual actions, events or results to differ scientifically which may impact the associated interpretation and target rating from those described in forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause actions, events or results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended.

In general, any statements that express or involve discussions with respect to predictions, expectations, beliefs, plans, projections, objectives, assumptions, future events or performance are not statements of historical fact. These "scientifically based educated theories" should be viewed as "forward-looking statements".

Readers of this interpretive report are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking information. Forward looking statements are made based on scientific beliefs, estimates and opinions on the date the statements are made and the interpretive report issued. The Company undertakes no obligation to update forward-looking statements or otherwise revise previous reports if these beliefs, estimates and opinions, future scientific developments, other new information, or other circumstances should change that may affect the analytical results, rating, or interpretation.

Actlabs nor its employees shall be liable for any claims or damages as a result of this report,  
any interpretation, omissions in preparation, or in the test conducted.  
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Date Submitted: August 17, 2010

Date Analyzed: September 13-14, 2010

Interpretation Report: October 15, 2010

## Golden Hope Mines

233 rue Principale  
Ste. Justine, QC  
G0R 1Y0

Attention: Sylvain Ouellette

RE: Your Reference: MOOSE CLIFF

## CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

65 Soil samples were submitted for analysis. Code S4 – Sample Preparation

The following analytical package was requested: Code SGH – Soil Gas Hydrocarbon Geochemistry

REPORT/WORKORDER: A10-4997

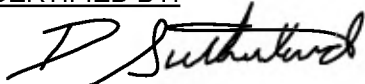
This report may be reproduced without our consent. If only selected portions of the report are reproduced, permission must be obtained. If no instructions were given at the time of sample submittal regarding excess material, it will be discarded within 90 days of this report. Our liability is limited solely to the analytical cost of these analyses. Test results are representative only of the material submitted for analysis.

### Notes:

The SGH – Soil Gas Hydrocarbon Geochemistry is a semi-quantitative analytical procedure to detect and measure 162 hydrocarbon compounds as the organic signature in the sample material collected from a survey area. It is not an assay of mineralization but is a predictive geochemical tool used for exploration. This certificate pertains only to the SGH data presented in the associated Microsoft Excel spreadsheet of results.

The author of this SGH Interpretation Report, Mr. Dale Sutherland, is the creator of the SGH organic geochemistry. He is a Chartered Chemist (C.Chem.) and Forensic Scientist specializing in organic chemistry. He is not a professional geologist or geochemist.

### CERTIFIED BY:



Dale Sutherland, B.Sc.,B.Sc.,B.Ed.,C.Chem.  
Forensic Scientist, Organics Manager,  
Director of Research  
Activation Laboratories Ltd.

	001-LA	002-LA	003-LB	004-LA	005-LB	006-LB	007-LA	008-LB	009-LB	010-LB	011-LA	012-LB	013-LBA	014-LB	015-LAR	016-LB	017-LB	018-LB
L0+00-S0+20N	40	112	30	10	5	10	8	4	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
L0+00-S0+40N	47	117	36	18	5	19	8	13	3	3	2	-1	2	-1	-1	2	3	3
L0+00-S0+60N	41	109	27	10	4	9	11	10	-1	2	2	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	1	2
L0+00-S0+80N	56	133	29	16	4	13	1	10	2	1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	1	2	2
L0+00-S1+00N	63	147	33	3	5	15	8	10	2	2	2	1	2	-1	-1	1	2	2
L0+00-S1+00N-R	65	152	35	7	5	15	7	10	2	2	3	-1	3	-1	-1	-1	-1	1
L0+00-S1+20N	50	123	20	7	3	10	-1	6	1	-1	1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	1	1
L0+00-S1+40N	48	136	23	17	3	8	-1	7	1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L0+00-S1+60N	54	113	3	5	5	19	8	14	3	2	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	2	3
L0+00-S1+80N	39	93	26	-1	4	15	10	14	3	2	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	3	3
L0+00-S2+00N	36	40	18	5	6	28	3	17	4	3	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	2	3
L0+00-S2+20N	38	104	14	7	4	14	7	7	-1	2	2	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	2
L0+00-S2+40N	67	157	28	7	6	24	8	18	4	3	2	-1	2	-1	-1	1	3	3
L0+00-S2+60N	29	8	20	5	4	13	6	9	2	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	2
L0+00-S2+80N	52	89	29	24	5	16	13	11	2	2	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	2	3
L0+00-S3+00N	45	91	24	6	4	11	5	9	2	1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	1	2	2
L0+00-S3+20N	137	652	44	113	13	26	31	20	4	4	6	1	9	-1	-1	2	3	3
L0+00-S3+40N	59	141	31	5	4	16	9	13	3	2	2	-1	4	-1	-1	1	2	3
L0+50E-S0+20N	29	13	22	8	4	12	2	7	2	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1
L0+50E-S0+40N	36	91	18	-1	3	10	3	5	1	1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	1
L0+50E-S0+60N	63	135	13	20	6	16	12	15	3	3	2	-1	2	-1	-1	2	3	3
L0+50E-S0+60N-R	61	121	26	12	4	14	8	15	3	2	2	-1	2	-1	-1	1	3	3
L0+50E-S0+80N	46	122	25	7	5	10	7	8	2	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1
L0+50E-S1+00N	49	103	21	-1	2	8	6	8	2	2	2	-1	3	-1	-1	-1	2	2
L0+50E-S1+20N	50	102	25	7	3	11	5	5	-1	11	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
L0+50E-S1+40N	43	105	24	3	3	11	6	11	2	1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	1	1	1
L0+50E-S1+60N	50	126	20	3	3	12	15	9	2	1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	2
L0+50E-S1+80N	43	113	30	23	4	10	6	10	2	1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	2
L0+50E-S2+00N	41	105	21	5	4	13	4	9	2	1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	2
L0+50E-S2+20N	30	80	22	4	3	11	7	8	2	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1
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L0+50E-S3+20N	46	121	24	6	6	14	12	9	2	2	2	-1	2	-1	-1	1	2	2
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L1+00E-S0+60N-R	36	113	31	7	4	16	15	5	-1	-1	2	-1	3	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S0+80N	50	122	27	22	4	13	7	9	2	1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S1+00N	44	116	24	4	3	14	2	10	2	1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	2
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L1+00E-S1+80N	48	127	24	3	8	18	9	6	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1
L1+00E-S2+00N	41	98	26	8	7	20	12	8	2	1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
L1+00E-S2+20N	53	108	30	16	5	17	4	8	-1	2	2	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	1	2
L1+00E-S2+40N	128	270	64	89	16	42	25	32	7	5	5	3	8	-1	-1	2	3	3
L1+00E-S2+60N	74	134	26	26	6	23	12	12	3	1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	1
L1+00E-S2+80N	47	128	3	4	2	6	13	11	2	1	2	1	2	-1	-1	1	2	2
L1+00E-S3+00N	54	131	29	6	3	10	8	9	2	2	2	-1	3	-1	-1	1	2	2
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L1+00E-S3+40N	75	155	28	28	4	12	5	7	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1
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L1+50E-S0+40N-R	36	88	3	14	4	15	4	10	2	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	2

	001 - LA	002 - LA	003 - LB	004 - LA	005 - LB	006 - LB	007 - LA	008 - LB	009 - LB	010 - LB	011 - LA	012 - LB	013 - LBA	014 - LB	015 - LAR	016 - LB	017 - LB	018 - LB
L1+50E-S0+60N	56	84	23	1	6	14	12	7	1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	1	1
L1+50E-S0+80N	44	129	20	9	9	17	4	10	2	-1	1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	1	1
L1+50E-S1+00N	66	135	26	10	4	12	12	10	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	1	2	2
L1+50E-S1+20N	26	68	14	-1	1	6	2	5	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1
L1+50E-S1+40N	54	109	29	7	2	9	13	9	2	2	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	2	2
L1+50E-S1+60N	36	88	24	2	3	11	7	8	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S1+80N	45	107	26	30	3	12	3	10	2	-1	2	-1	3	-1	-1	-1	2	2
L1+50E-S2+00N	97	230	3	-1	4	12	8	7	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	2
L1+50E-S2+20N	40	106	23	10	5	11	6	10	2	2	2	-1	3	-1	-1	1	2	2
L1+50E-S2+40N	45	116	3	8	7	19	7	10	2	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	2
L1+50E-S2+60N	56	152	26	9	5	17	13	10	2	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	2	2
L1+50E-S2+80N	47	112	36	22	5	14	6	10	2	1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	2
L1+50E-S3+00N	49	97	31	12	5	16	5	7	1	-1	2	-1	4	-1	-1	-1	1	1
L1+50E-S3+20N	46	106	34	20	5	21	3	7	1	-1	2	-1	3	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S3+40N	39	73	27	2	4	16	3	6	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LMB-QA	23	59	11	9	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LMB-QA	27	73	17	9	-1	4	5	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1

**SOIL GAS HYDROCARBONS (SGH) by GC/MS**

A10-4997 - Date: September 13, 2010 - Activation Laboratories Ltd.

Results represent only the material tested. Actlabs is not liable for any claim/damage from use of this report in excess of the test cost. Unless requested samples are discarded in 90 days.

This report is only to be reproduced in full.

Golden Hope Mines - Sylvain Ouellette  
Moose Cliff Project Site

R=Replicate Sample

-1=Reporting Limit of 1pg/g (ppt=parts per trillion)

LMB-QA = Laboratory Materials Blank - Quality Assurance

**LEGEND FOR COLUMN HEADINGS - SGH COMPOUND CLASSES**

LA, HA, LBA, HBA = ALKYL-ALKANES  
LB, HB, LPB, HPB = ALKYL-BENZENES  
LAR, MAR, HAR = ALKYL-AROMATICS  
LBI, MBI, HBI, LPH, MPH, HPH = ALKYL-POLYAROMATICS  
THI = ALKYL-DIVINYLENE SULPHIDES  
ALK = ALKYL-ALKENES

	019 - LB	020 - LA	021 - LPH	022 - LBA	023 - LAR	024 - LB	025 - LAR	026 - LBA	027 - LB	028 - ALK	029 - HB	030 - HB	031 - HB	032 - HB	033 - HB	034 - HB	035 - LAR	036 - LBA	
LO+00-S0+20N	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
LO+00-S0+40N	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S0+60N	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3
LO+00-S0+80N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
LO+00-S1+00N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
LO+00-S1+00N-R	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
LO+00-S1+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1
LO+00-S1+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S1+60N	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
LO+00-S1+80N	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S2+00N	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S2+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
LO+00-S2+40N	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
LO+00-S2+60N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S2+80N	2	2	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
LO+00-S3+00N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
LO+00-S3+20N	2	4	-1	5	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
LO+00-S3+40N	2	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3
LO+50E-S0+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S0+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S0+60N	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
LO+50E-S0+60N-R	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S0+80N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S1+00N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1
LO+50E-S1+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S1+40N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
LO+50E-S1+60N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
LO+50E-S1+80N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S2+00N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
LO+50E-S2+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S2+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1
LO+50E-S2+60N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1
LO+50E-S2+80N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S3+00N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
LO+50E-S3+20N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S0+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S0+60N	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
L1+00E-S0+60N-R	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
L1+00E-S0+80N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
L1+00E-S1+00N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
L1+00E-S1+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1
L1+00E-S1+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
L1+00E-S1+60N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1
L1+00E-S1+80N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1
L1+00E-S2+00N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
L1+00E-S2+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S2+40N	2	3	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3
L1+00E-S2+60N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S2+80N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
L1+00E-S3+00N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
L1+00E-S3+20N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1
L1+00E-S3+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S0+40N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
L1+50E-S0+40N-R	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2

	019 - LB	020 - LA	021 - LPH	022 - LBA	023 - LAR	024 - LB	025 - LAR	026 - LBA	027 - LB	028 - ALK	029 - HB	030 - HB	031 - HB	032 - HB	033 - HB	034 - HB	035 - LAR	036 - LBA	
L1+50E-S0+60N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
L1+50E-S0+80N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1
L1+50E-S1+00N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S1+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1
L1+50E-S1+40N	1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
L1+50E-S1+60N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
L1+50E-S1+80N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S2+00N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1
L1+50E-S2+20N	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
L1+50E-S2+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S2+60N	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
L1+50E-S2+80N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2
L1+50E-S3+00N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S3+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1
L1+50E-S3+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LMB-QA	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1
LMB-QA	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2

	037 - HB	038 - LBA	039 - LAR	040 - LPB	041 - LBA	042 - LPB	043 - HB	044 - HB	045 - LA	046 - LPH	047 - LBA	048 - HB	049 - HB	050 - LBA	051 - LBI	052 - LPB	053 - LPB	054 - HB
LO+00-S0+20N	-1	3	-1	-1	3	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S0+40N	-1	3	-1	-1	3	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S0+60N	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S0+80N	-1	1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S1+00N	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S1+00N-R	-1	4	-1	-1	4	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S1+20N	-1	2	-1	-1	3	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S1+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S1+60N	-1	2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S1+80N	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S2+00N	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S2+20N	-1	2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S2+40N	-1	3	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S2+60N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S2+80N	-1	3	-1	-1	3	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S3+00N	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S3+20N	-1	4	-1	-1	3	-1	-1	-1	6	-1	2	-1	-1	3	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+00-S3+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S0+20N	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S0+40N	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S0+60N	-1	3	1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S0+60N-R	-1	2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S0+80N	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S1+00N	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S1+20N	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S1+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S1+60N	-1	2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S1+80N	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S2+00N	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S2+20N	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S2+40N	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S2+60N	-1	2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S2+80N	-1	2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S3+00N	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LO+50E-S3+20N	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S0+40N	-1	2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S0+60N	-1	3	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S0+60N-R	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S0+80N	-1	2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S1+00N	-1	2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S1+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S1+40N	-1	3	-1	-1	3	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S1+60N	-1	1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S1+80N	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S2+00N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S2+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S2+40N	-1	4	1	-1	4	-1	-1	-1	5	-1	3	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S2+60N	-1	2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S2+80N	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S3+00N	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S3+20N	-1	2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S3+40N	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S0+40N	-1	1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S0+40N-R	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1

	037 - HB	038 - LBA	039 - LAR	040 - LPB	041 - LBA	042 - LPB	043 - HB	044 - HB	045 - LA	046 - LPH	047 - LBA	048 - HB	049 - HB	050 - LBA	051 - LBI	052 - LPB	053 - LPB	054 - HB
L1+50E-S0+60N	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S0+80N	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S1+00N	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S1+20N	-1	2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S1+40N	-1	3	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S1+60N	-1	2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S1+80N	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S2+00N	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S2+20N	-1	2	-1	-1	3	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S2+40N	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S2+60N	-1	3	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S2+80N	-1	2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S3+00N	-1	1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S3+20N	-1	1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S3+40N	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LMB-QA	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
LMB-QA	-1	2	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1

	055-LPB	056-LBI	057-ALK	058-LPB	059-LPB	060-LPH	061-LBI	062-LBA	063-LPH	064-LBA	065-HPB	066-LBA	067-LBI	068-HPB	069-LA	070-HPB	071-HPB	072-HPB
L0+00-S0+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	4	1	4	1	6	1	-1	7	-1	-1	-1
L0+00-S0+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	4	1	4	1	5	-1	-1	7	1	1	-1
L0+00-S0+60N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	5	1	5	1	8	-1	-1	4	-1	-1	-1
L0+00-S0+80N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	4	1	4	1	5	-1	-1	3	1	1	-1
L0+00-S1+00N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	5	-1	5	-1	6	1	-1	3	-1	-1	-1
L0+00-S1+00N-R	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	5	-1	5	-1	9	-1	-1	6	1	1	-1
L0+00-S1+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	4	-1	4	1	6	-1	-1	3	-1	-1	-1
L0+00-S1+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	4	-1	4	1	5	-1	-1	3	-1	-1	-1
L0+00-S1+60N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	4	-1	4	1	5	-1	-1	6	-1	-1	-1
L0+00-S1+80N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	4	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
L0+00-S2+00N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	4	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
L0+00-S2+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	4	-1	4	1	3	-1	-1	4	-1	-1	-1
L0+00-S2+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	4	-1	4	-1	8	-1	-1	4	-1	-1	-1
L0+00-S2+60N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	4	-1	4	-1	4	-1	-1	4	-1	-1	-1
L0+00-S2+80N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	4	-1	4	1	5	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1
L0+00-S3+00N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	4	-1	1	5	-1	-1	-1
L0+00-S3+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	5	-1	5	1	7	1	1	12	-1	-1	-1
L0+00-S3+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	4	1	4	-1	6	-1	1	1	1	1	-1
L0+50E-S0+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	3	1	-1	-1	-1	4	-1	-1	-1
L0+50E-S0+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	3	-1	-1	5	-1	-1	-1
L0+50E-S0+60N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	1	5	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1
L0+50E-S0+60N-R	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	4	-1	4	1	6	-1	-1	7	-1	-1	-1
L0+50E-S0+80N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	3	-1	3	-1	4	-1	-1	5	-1	-1	-1
L0+50E-S1+00N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	4	-1	-1	6	-1	-1	-1
L0+50E-S1+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	1	5	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1
L0+50E-S1+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	4	-1	-1	6	-1	-1	-1
L0+50E-S1+60N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	4	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L0+50E-S1+80N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	1	4	-1	-1	5	-1	-1	-1
L0+50E-S2+00N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	6	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
L0+50E-S2+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	5	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1
L0+50E-S2+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	1	4	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
L0+50E-S2+60N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	4	-1	4	-1	5	-1	-1	7	-1	-1	-1
L0+50E-S2+80N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	6	-1	-1	8	-1	-1	-1
L0+50E-S3+00N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	5	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1
L0+50E-S3+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	5	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S0+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	5	-1	-1	5	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S0+60N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	4	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S0+60N-R	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	4	-1	-1	6	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S0+80N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	1	5	-1	-1	5	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S1+00N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	4	-1	-1	6	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S1+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	2	-1	-1	6	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S1+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	4	-1	5	-1	-1	7	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S1+60N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	1	-1	-1	1	4	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S1+80N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	5	-1	-1	4	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S2+00N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	4	-1	4	-1	6	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S2+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	1	3	-1	-1	4	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S2+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	5	-1	5	1	7	1	-1	10	1	1	1
L1+00E-S2+60N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	1	4	-1	-1	6	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S2+80N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	4	-1	4	-1	6	-1	-1	7	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S3+00N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	3	-1	3	-1	5	-1	-1	6	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S3+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	4	-1	-1	5	-1	-1	-1
L1+00E-S3+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	5	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S0+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	4	-1	-1	5	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S0+40N-R	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	3	-1	3	1	4	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1

	055-LPB	056-LBI	057-ALK	058-LPB	059-LPB	060-LPH	061-LBI	062-LBA	063-LPH	064-LBA	065-HPB	066-LBA	067-LBI	068-HPB	069-LA	070-HPB	071-HPB	072-HPB
L1+50E-S0+60N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	5	-1	4	1	6	-1	-1	8	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S0+80N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	4	-1	-1	3	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S1+00N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	1	2	-1	-1	6	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S1+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	3	-1	-1	4	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S1+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	1	4	-1	-1	6	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S1+60N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	4	-1	4	-1	6	-1	-1	6	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S1+80N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	3	-1	3	-1	4	-1	-1	6	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S2+00N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	1	3	-1	-1	3	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S2+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	4	1	6	-1	-1	5	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S2+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	4	-1	-1	6	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S2+60N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	3	-1	3	-1	5	-1	-1	7	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S2+80N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	4	-1	-1	6	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S3+00N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	1	4	-1	-1	3	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S3+20N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	2	-1	-1	4	-1	-1	-1
L1+50E-S3+40N	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	3	-1	-1	3	-1	-1	-1
LMB-QA	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	3	-1	-1	-1
LMB-QA	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	3	1	4	-1	-1	5	-1	-1	-1

	073 - HBA	074 - HBA	075 - HPB	076 - LPH	077 - MAR	078 - ALK	079 - LBI	080 - LPH	081 - MAR	082 - LPH	083 - HBA	084 - HBA	085 - LPH	086 - LBI	087 - MAR	088 - HBA	089 - THI	090 - HPB
L0+00-S0+20N	5	5	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	2	2	2	6	1	1	4	-1	2
L0+00-S0+40N	6	6	1	1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	1	2	9	1	2	6	-1	2
L0+00-S0+60N	7	8	1	-1	-1	3	-1	1	1	2	22	1	19	1	2	14	-1	2
L0+00-S0+80N	5	3	1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	11	2	11	-1	1	8	-1	2
L0+00-S1+00N	7	8	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	14	2	16	-1	2	12	-1	2
L0+00-S1+00N-R	11	6	1	-1	-1	4	-1	1	2	2	2	1	19	-1	2	13	-1	2
L0+00-S1+20N	6	2	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	1	1	2	1	2	13	-1	1	8	-1	2
L0+00-S1+40N	7	6	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	1	1	2	2	2	9	-1	2	8	-1	2
L0+00-S1+60N	5	5	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	3	2	10	-1	1	8	-1	2
L0+00-S1+80N	3	4	-1	-1	-1	4	-1	1	2	2	4	1	7	-1	1	6	-1	2
L0+00-S2+00N	3	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	2	8	1	6	-1	1	5	-1	2
L0+00-S2+20N	5	5	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	2	2	5	1	12	-1	2	10	-1	2
L0+00-S2+40N	6	4	1	-1	-1	3	-1	1	1	2	-1	2	9	-1	1	8	-1	2
L0+00-S2+60N	5	5	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	1	2	10	-1	1	7	-1	2
L0+00-S2+80N	5	3	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	2	2	1	11	1	1	5	-1	2
L0+00-S3+00N	4	4	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	5	2	9	-1	1	5	-1	2
L0+00-S3+20N	6	6	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	2	2	10	2	13	1	2	12	-1	2
L0+00-S3+40N	5	5	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	2	2	3	1	11	-1	1	9	-1	2
L0+50E-S0+20N	3	3	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	2	6	1	6	-1	1	5	-1	2
L0+50E-S0+40N	4	3	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	2	8	2	8	-1	1	5	-1	2
L0+50E-S0+60N	4	4	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	6	2	10	-1	1	6	-1	2
L0+50E-S0+60N-R	8	5	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	1	1	2	1	2	8	-1	1	8	-1	2
L0+50E-S0+80N	4	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	2	10	2	9	-1	1	6	-1	1
L0+50E-S1+00N	5	5	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	8	1	10	-1	1	7	-1	2
L0+50E-S1+20N	4	5	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	1	2	5	1	9	-1	1	6	-1	2
L0+50E-S1+40N	5	4	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	7	1	8	-1	1	5	-1	1
L0+50E-S1+60N	4	4	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	2	2	5	1	9	-1	1	8	-1	1
L0+50E-S1+80N	8	5	-1	-1	-1	4	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	8	-1	1	7	-1	2
L0+50E-S2+00N	6	7	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	2	8	2	13	-1	1	8	-1	2
L0+50E-S2+20N	5	5	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	-1	2	2	1	9	-1	1	7	-1	2
L0+50E-S2+40N	3	2	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	2	8	1	8	-1	1	6	-1	1
L0+50E-S2+60N	8	3	-1	-1	-1	3	-1	-1	-1	2	1	2	9	-1	1	8	-1	2
L0+50E-S2+80N	6	3	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	4	2	9	-1	-1	7	-1	1
L0+50E-S3+00N	6	3	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	-1	2	2	1	8	-1	1	7	-1	2
L0+50E-S3+20N	4	4	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	10	2	8	-1	1	6	-1	1
L1+00E-S0+40N	4	4	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	7	1	8	-1	1	6	-1	1
L1+00E-S0+60N	4	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	6	2	8	-1	1	6	-1	2
L1+00E-S0+60N-R	4	4	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	2	7	1	9	-1	1	6	-1	2
L1+00E-S0+80N	3	3	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	2	2	1	6	1	1	5	-1	2
L1+00E-S1+00N	4	5	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	1	1	9	-1	1	3	-1	2
L1+00E-S1+20N	4	2	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	2	4	1	5	-1	1	3	-1	2
L1+00E-S1+40N	5	6	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	10	1	12	-1	1	9	-1	2
L1+00E-S1+60N	4	4	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	2	3	2	9	-1	1	7	-1	2
L1+00E-S1+80N	3	4	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	2	7	1	7	-1	1	7	-1	2
L1+00E-S2+00N	8	2	1	-1	-1	3	-1	1	1	2	1	1	9	-1	1	6	-1	2
L1+00E-S2+20N	4	3	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	4	1	7	-1	2	5	-1	2
L1+00E-S2+40N	6	7	1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	2	2	15	1	17	1	1	14	-1	2
L1+00E-S2+60N	4	4	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	7	1	10	-1	1	6	-1	2
L1+00E-S2+80N	4	2	1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	6	2	9	-1	1	6	-1	2
L1+00E-S3+00N	4	3	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	2	3	1	6	1	2	4	-1	2
L1+00E-S3+20N	4	2	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	2	2	2	8	-1	1	5	-1	2
L1+00E-S3+40N	4	3	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	6	1	10	1	1	9	-1	2
L1+50E-S0+40N	4	4	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	2	7	2	8	-1	1	6	-1	2
L1+50E-S0+40N-R	4	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	9	1	8	-1	1	5	-1	1

	073 - HBA	074 - HBA	075 - HPB	076 - LPH	077 - MAR	078 - ALK	079 - LBI	080 - LPH	081 - MAR	082 - LPH	083 - HBA	084 - HBA	085 - LPH	086 - LBI	087 - MAR	088 - HBA	089 - THI	090 - HPB
L1+50E-S0+60N	11	8	1	-1	-1	5	-1	1	1	2	1	2	10	-1	1	7	-1	2
L1+50E-S0+80N	6	5	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	-1	2	11	-1	1	7	-1	2
L1+50E-S1+00N	4	5	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	5	2	7	-1	1	6	-1	1
L1+50E-S1+20N	3	3	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	2	2	1	7	-1	1	4	-1	2
L1+50E-S1+40N	4	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	2	2	2	5	1	1	3	-1	2
L1+50E-S1+60N	5	4	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	3	1	11	1	1	8	-1	1
L1+50E-S1+80N	4	3	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	3	2	6	-1	1	4	-1	2
L1+50E-S2+00N	4	2	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	2	4	2	7	-1	1	7	-1	2
L1+50E-S2+20N	4	5	1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	6	2	10	-1	1	7	-1	2
L1+50E-S2+40N	5	5	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	1	2	9	-1	2	7	-1	2
L1+50E-S2+60N	5	3	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	5	2	9	-1	1	8	-1	2
L1+50E-S2+80N	4	2	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	2	7	1	9	-1	1	5	-1	2
L1+50E-S3+00N	4	2	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	5	2	8	-1	1	6	-1	2
L1+50E-S3+20N	3	2	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	2	4	1	5	-1	1	4	-1	2
L1+50E-S3+40N	2	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	3	1	4	-1	1	3	-1	1
LMB-QA	2	2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	3	-1	1	2	-1	1
LMB-QA	5	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	-1	1	1	2	-1	1	3	-1	1	3	-1	2

	091 - LBI	092 - LPH	093 - LA	094 - LBI	095 - MAR	096 - LPH	097 - HBA	098 - THI	099 - LPH	100 - LPH	101 - MAR	102 - MBI	103 - LPH	104 - MAR	105 - ALK	106 - MBI	107 - MBI	108 - LPH
L0+00-S0+20N	1	1	9	2	2	2	7	1	2	2	-1	2	2	2	3	-1	2	6
L0+00-S0+40N	1	1	2	2	2	2	9	2	2	2	-1	2	2	2	3	1	2	5
L0+00-S0+60N	2	1	7	2	2	2	13	2	2	2	-1	2	2	2	3	1	2	6
L0+00-S0+80N	2	1	10	2	2	2	8	2	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	6
L0+00-S1+00N	1	1	7	2	2	2	11	2	2	2	-1	2	2	2	3	1	2	6
L0+00-S1+00N-R	1	1	6	2	-1	2	11	2	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	5
L0+00-S1+20N	1	1	2	1	2	2	7	1	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	5
L0+00-S1+40N	1	1	10	1	2	2	7	2	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	6
L0+00-S1+60N	1	1	9	1	2	2	7	1	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	6
L0+00-S1+80N	1	1	7	1	-1	2	6	2	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L0+00-S2+00N	1	1	3	1	1	2	5	1	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L0+00-S2+20N	1	1	11	1	-1	2	-8	2	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	6
L0+00-S2+40N	1	1	2	2	1	2	7	1	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	-1	6
L0+00-S2+60N	1	1	4	1	2	1	8	-1	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	5
L0+00-S2+80N	1	1	9	1	2	2	6	-1	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	6
L0+00-S3+00N	1	1	4	1	1	2	7	1	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	5
L0+00-S3+20N	2	2	29	2	1	2	25	-1	2	2	-1	2	2	3	4	1	2	6
L0+00-S3+40N	1	1	5	2	2	2	9	2	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	6
L0+50E-S0+20N	1	1	7	1	2	1	5	2	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	5
L0+50E-S0+40N	1	1	7	1	1	2	6	1	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L0+50E-S0+60N	1	1	8	1	2	2	7	1	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	5
L0+50E-S0+60N-R	1	1	2	1	2	2	7	2	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L0+50E-S0+80N	1	1	8	2	2	2	3	1	1	2	-1	2	2	1	2	1	2	5
L0+50E-S1+00N	1	1	6	1	1	2	6	1	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L0+50E-S1+20N	1	1	6	1	1	2	6	1	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L0+50E-S1+40N	1	1	8	1	1	2	6	1	1	2	-1	1	2	2	2	1	2	5
L0+50E-S1+60N	1	1	5	1	1	2	6	1	1	2	-1	2	1	1	2	-1	2	5
L0+50E-S1+80N	1	1	1	1	2	1	7	1	1	2	-1	2	1	1	2	1	2	5
L0+50E-S2+00N	1	1	7	1	1	2	7	1	1	2	-1	2	1	2	2	1	2	-1
L0+50E-S2+20N	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	2	-1	2	1	2	2	1	2	5
L0+50E-S2+40N	1	1	2	1	1	1	5	1	1	2	-1	2	1	2	2	-1	2	5
L0+50E-S2+60N	1	1	9	1	1	2	6	1	1	2	-1	2	2	1	2	-1	2	5
L0+50E-S2+80N	1	1	8	1	1	1	7	1	1	2	-1	2	1	2	2	-1	2	5
L0+50E-S3+00N	1	1	8	1	1	1	6	1	1	2	-1	1	2	2	2	1	2	5
L0+50E-S3+20N	1	1	5	1	1	2	7	1	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L1+00E-S0+40N	1	1	7	1	1	2	6	-1	1	2	-1	1	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L1+00E-S0+60N	1	1	9	1	1	2	7	-1	1	2	-1	2	1	2	2	1	2	5
L1+00E-S0+60N-R	1	1	9	1	1	2	7	1	1	2	-1	2	1	2	2	-1	2	5
L1+00E-S0+80N	1	1	8	1	1	2	5	1	2	2	-1	2	1	2	2	1	2	5
L1+00E-S1+00N	1	1	9	1	1	2	7	1	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L1+00E-S1+20N	1	1	8	1	1	2	6	1	2	2	-1	2	1	1	2	-1	2	5
L1+00E-S1+40N	1	1	9	1	1	2	8	1	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L1+00E-S1+60N	1	1	8	1	1	2	6	1	2	2	-1	2	1	2	2	-1	2	5
L1+00E-S1+80N	1	1	5	2	1	2	5	1	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L1+00E-S2+00N	2	1	8	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	5
L1+00E-S2+20N	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L1+00E-S2+40N	2	1	26	2	1	2	21	2	2	2	-1	2	2	2	3	1	2	5
L1+00E-S2+60N	1	1	9	1	2	2	7	2	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L1+00E-S2+80N	1	1	9	1	1	2	6	1	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	6
L1+00E-S3+00N	1	1	4	1	1	2	7	2	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	5
L1+00E-S3+20N	1	1	9	1	1	2	6	1	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L1+00E-S3+40N	1	1	2	1	2	1	6	2	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L1+50E-S0+40N	1	1	9	1	1	2	7	2	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	5
L1+50E-S0+40N-R	1	1	1	1	1	2	6	1	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5

	091 - LBI	092 - LPH	093 - LA	094 - LBI	095 - MAR	096 - LPH	097 - HBA	098 - THI	099 - LPH	100 - LPH	101 - MAR	102 - MBI	103 - LPH	104 - MAR	105 - ALK	106 - MBI	107 - MBI	108 - LPH
L1+50E-S0+60N	1	1	10	1	1	2	7	1	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L1+50E-S0+80N	1	1	9	1	1	2	7	1	1	2	-1	2	1	2	2	1	2	5
L1+50E-S1+00N	1	1	2	1	1	2	6	2	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L1+50E-S1+20N	1	1	6	1	1	2	5	1	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	5
L1+50E-S1+40N	1	1	2	1	1	2	7	2	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L1+50E-S1+60N	1	1	9	1	1	2	7	1	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L1+50E-S1+80N	1	1	3	1	1	2	6	1	2	2	-1	2	1	2	2	1	2	5
L1+50E-S2+00N	1	1	8	2	2	2	7	1	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	5
L1+50E-S2+20N	1	1	2	2	2	2	8	1	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	6
L1+50E-S2+40N	1	1	8	1	1	2	6	1	2	2	-1	2	1	2	2	1	2	5
L1+50E-S2+60N	1	1	9	1	1	2	7	1	2	2	-1	2	1	2	2	1	2	5
L1+50E-S2+80N	1	1	8	1	1	2	6	1	2	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	5
L1+50E-S3+00N	1	1	7	1	2	2	6	2	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	5
L1+50E-S3+20N	1	1	1	1	1	2	6	1	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	-1	2	5
L1+50E-S3+40N	1	1	6	1	1	2	4	1	2	2	-1	2	2	2	1	1	2	5
LMB-QA	1	1	5	1	1	1	-1	1	1	2	-1	2	1	2	2	-1	2	5
LMB-QA	1	1	8	2	1	2	6	2	1	2	-1	2	2	2	2	1	2	6

	109 - MAR	110 - HBA	111 - MAR	112 - MBI	113 - HBA	114 - MBI	115 - MBI	116 - MAR	117 - HA	118 - MPH	119 - HBA	120 - THI	121 - MPH	122 - MPH	123 - MPH	124 - MBI	125 - HAR	126 - MPH
L0+00-S0+20N	8	13	4	8	15	6	6	4	33	5	21	4	-1	12	5	6	6	5
L0+00-S0+40N	8	15	4	11	14	7	7	4	43	6	23	-1	5	12	5	7	5	5
L0+00-S0+60N	9	25	4	10	21	7	7	4	53	5	31	5	5	13	5	7	6	6
L0+00-S0+80N	7	14	3	14	15	7	8	4	26	4	15	5	4	12	5	7	6	5
L0+00-S1+00N	8	17	3	7	16	5	5	4	34	5	21	4	5	11	5	6	6	5
L0+00-S1+00N-R	8	17	3	8	15	6	7	4	41	5	11	5	5	11	-1	6	6	5
L0+00-S1+20N	7	12	3	13	14	8	7	3	38	5	20	5	4	11	5	7	6	5
L0+00-S1+40N	7	13	3	8	14	5	6	4	33	5	16	4	5	12	5	6	6	5
L0+00-S1+60N	7	12	4	12	14	7	7	4	33	5	19	4	5	11	5	6	6	5
L0+00-S1+80N	7	11	4	12	12	7	7	3	22	5	15	4	5	12	5	6	6	5
L0+00-S2+00N	6	10	3	11	12	7	6	4	20	5	7	5	5	11	5	6	5	5
L0+00-S2+20N	7	13	3	7	2	5	5	3	29	5	20	5	4	11	5	-1	6	5
L0+00-S2+40N	7	13	3	11	15	7	7	4	40	5	19	4	5	12	5	7	6	5
L0+00-S2+60N	7	13	4	7	14	5	6	4	28	4	8	4	4	12	5	6	6	5
L0+00-S2+80N	7	13	3	12	13	7	6	3	47	5	21	4	5	12	5	6	6	5
L0+00-S3+00N	7	12	3	14	14	7	7	4	36	4	19	4	4	11	5	7	5	5
L0+00-S3+20N	8	21	4	13	18	8	8	4	57	6	2	4	5	13	5	6	6	6
L0+00-S3+40N	1	15	3	16	17	8	8	4	73	5	28	4	5	12	5	7	6	5
L0+50E-S0+20N	7	10	3	7	12	5	6	4	17	4	13	4	5	11	5	5	6	5
L0+50E-S0+40N	6	11	3	6	11	5	5	4	22	5	16	4	5	11	4	6	5	5
L0+50E-S0+60N	7	12	3	18	12	9	9	3	20	4	3	4	4	11	5	7	5	5
L0+50E-S0+60N-R	7	11	3	14	14	8	7	4	45	4	17	4	4	12	4	7	5	5
L0+50E-S0+80N	7	10	3	7	11	5	5	3	23	5	13	4	4	11	5	6	5	5
L0+50E-S1+00N	7	12	3	9	13	6	6	4	24	5	15	4	4	12	5	-1	5	5
L0+50E-S1+20N	6	11	3	6	12	5	6	3	24	4	16	4	4	11	5	5	5	5
L0+50E-S1+40N	7	10	3	11	11	7	6	3	20	5	14	4	4	10	4	6	5	5
L0+50E-S1+60N	7	12	3	9	12	6	5	4	36	5	17	4	4	10	4	6	5	5
L0+50E-S1+80N	7	12	3	7	12	5	6	4	34	5	21	5	4	11	4	6	5	5
L0+50E-S2+00N	7	14	3	9	13	5	6	3	28	4	18	4	4	10	5	6	5	5
L0+50E-S2+20N	6	11	3	8	10	5	5	3	30	4	15	4	5	10	5	6	5	5
L0+50E-S2+40N	6	9	3	7	11	5	5	3	18	5	12	4	4	10	5	5	5	5
L0+50E-S2+60N	7	11	3	6	10	5	5	4	30	5	10	4	5	10	4	6	5	4
L0+50E-S2+80N	7	10	3	6	12	4	5	3	26	4	17	4	5	11	5	6	5	5
L0+50E-S3+00N	6	9	3	7	11	5	5	3	33	4	20	4	4	10	4	6	5	4
L0+50E-S3+20N	7	11	3	6	13	5	5	3	24	4	11	4	4	12	4	5	5	5
L1+00E-S0+40N	7	10	3	8	10	5	5	3	20	4	12	4	4	10	4	5	6	5
L1+00E-S0+60N	7	12	3	8	12	6	6	3	32	4	8	4	4	11	5	6	5	5
L1+00E-S0+60N-R	7	11	3	8	12	5	5	3	26	4	16	4	4	11	4	6	5	5
L1+00E-S0+80N	7	10	3	11	11	7	6	3	28	5	16	4	4	11	4	6	5	5
L1+00E-S1+00N	6	13	3	18	14	9	8	4	46	5	20	4	5	11	5	6	5	5
L1+00E-S1+20N	6	12	3	12	12	7	7	4	23	5	1	4	5	11	5	6	5	5
L1+00E-S1+40N	6	11	3	7	14	5	5	4	30	5	14	5	5	12	5	6	5	5
L1+00E-S1+60N	7	11	3	8	11	6	5	3	19	5	13	5	5	11	5	6	6	5
L1+00E-S1+80N	7	10	3	5	11	4	5	4	20	5	12	4	4	12	4	6	5	5
L1+00E-S2+00N	7	10	3	7	14	5	6	4	28	5	17	4	5	12	5	6	6	5
L1+00E-S2+20N	6	11	3	12	12	7	6	3	35	5	17	4	5	11	5	6	5	5
L1+00E-S2+40N	7	19	3	11	18	7	7	4	62	5	27	5	5	12	5	6	6	5
L1+00E-S2+60N	7	11	3	6	12	5	5	4	25	5	14	4	4	11	5	6	5	5
L1+00E-S2+80N	7	11	3	15	13	8	7	4	28	5	16	4	5	12	5	6	6	5
L1+00E-S3+00N	7	12	3	14	13	8	8	4	32	5	14	5	5	11	5	7	5	5
L1+00E-S3+20N	7	12	3	15	13	8	7	3	36	4	18	4	4	12	5	7	6	5
L1+00E-S3+40N	6	9	3	13	13	7	7	3	38	4	8	4	4	12	5	7	6	6
L1+50E-S0+40N	7	12	3	8	12	6	5	3	34	5	19	4	5	11	5	6	5	5
L1+50E-S0+40N-R	6	12	3	9	11	6	6	4	24	4	17	4	4	11	4	6	5	5

	109 - MAR	110 - HBA	111 - MAR	112 - MBI	113 - HBA	114 - MBI	115 - MBI	116 - MAR	117 - HA	118 - MPH	119 - HBA	120 - THI	121 - MPH	122 - MPH	123 - MPH	124 - MBI	125 - HAR	126 - MPH
L1+50E-S0+60N	6	13	3	14	13	8	7	4	67	5	11	4	5	12	5	7	6	6
L1+50E-S0+80N	6	12	3	6	11	6	6	4	31	4	16	4	4	11	5	5	5	5
L1+50E-S1+00N	7	10	3	7	13	5	6	4	26	5	17	4	5	12	5	6	6	6
L1+50E-S1+20N	7	9	3	7	12	5	5	3	24	4	15	4	4	11	5	6	5	5
L1+50E-S1+40N	7	13	3	24	13	11	10	3	41	5	21	4	5	12	5	8	5	5
L1+50E-S1+60N	6	11	3	10	13	6	6	3	40	5	20	5	5	12	5	-1	6	5
L1+50E-S1+80N	7	12	3	16	11	8	7	3	50	5	26	5	-1	11	5	7	5	5
L1+50E-S2+00N	7	12	4	12	11	8	7	3	21	5	16	5	5	11	5	6	5	5
L1+50E-S2+20N	7	11	3	10	13	6	7	4	40	5	19	4	5	12	5	6	5	5
L1+50E-S2+40N	6	12	3	7	13	5	6	4	26	5	16	4	4	11	5	6	5	5
L1+50E-S2+60N	7	11	3	8	14	5	6	4	27	4	14	-1	4	11	5	6	6	5
L1+50E-S2+80N	7	12	3	9	12	6	6	4	17	5	14	4	5	12	5	6	-1	5
L1+50E-S3+00N	6	11	3	8	13	6	6	4	27	5	16	4	5	12	5	6	5	5
L1+50E-S3+20N	6	10	3	5	10	4	5	3	28	4	14	4	4	11	4	5	5	5
L1+50E-S3+40N	6	8	3	6	11	4	5	3	19	5	13	4	4	11	4	6	5	5
LMB-QA	6	9	3	4	11	4	5	3	16	4	13	4	4	10	5	5	5	5
LMB-QA	7	11	3	4	14	4	5	4	29	4	17	4	5	11	5	6	5	5

	127 - MPH	128 - MPH	129 - HAR	130 - HAR	131 - MPH	132 - ALK	133 - HAR	134 - HAR	135 - MPH	136 - MPH	137 - HBI	138 - HBI	139 - HPH	140 - HPH	141 - HBI	142 - HPH	143 - HA	144 - HBI
L0+00-S0+20N	4	3	4	5	5	18	12	19	11	9	5	9	10	9	10	11	39	12
L0+00-S0+40N	4	3	4	5	6	20	13	18	11	10	7	9	10	9	9	11	43	12
L0+00-S0+60N	5	3	4	6	6	23	13	18	11	9	6	9	11	9	10	11	50	12
L0+00-S0+80N	4	3	4	5	5	16	11	17	10	9	6	9	11	9	9	1	36	10
L0+00-S1+00N	4	3	4	5	5	19	11	17	11	9	6	9	2	9	9	11	44	12
L0+00-S1+00N-R	4	3	4	5	6	21	12	18	12	9	5	8	1	9	9	11	7	13
L0+00-S1+20N	4	3	4	5	6	18	12	18	10	9	6	8	10	9	8	2	38	10
L0+00-S1+40N	4	3	4	5	5	19	12	16	10	9	5	8	2	9	9	11	44	11
L0+00-S1+60N	4	3	4	5	5	18	12	18	11	10	6	9	8	8	9	2	34	11
L0+00-S1+80N	4	3	4	5	5	13	12	18	11	10	7	8	10	8	8	10	33	10
L0+00-S2+00N	4	3	4	5	5	13	11	18	9	10	5	8	9	9	8	11	18	10
L0+00-S2+20N	4	3	4	5	5	14	11	17	11	11	6	9	10	9	9	1	35	11
L0+00-S2+40N	4	3	4	5	5	19	11	18	10	9	6	8	2	9	9	2	19	10
L0+00-S2+60N	4	3	4	5	5	16	11	18	11	10	6	8	9	9	8	10	22	11
L0+00-S2+80N	4	3	4	5	5	12	11	18	10	8	5	8	11	8	9	2	35	10
L0+00-S3+00N	4	3	4	5	5	14	11	17	11	8	5	9	2	8	9	10	19	11
L0+00-S3+20N	4	3	4	5	5	19	11	17	11	9	6	9	2	9	9	1	66	10
L0+00-S3+40N	4	3	4	5	5	19	11	17	11	9	5	9	9	8	9	11	26	10
L0+50E-S0+20N	4	3	4	5	5	11	11	17	10	10	6	9	11	8	8	11	26	10
L0+50E-S0+40N	4	3	4	5	5	14	11	16	11	9	5	8	9	8	8	9	33	10
L0+50E-S0+60N	4	3	4	5	5	15	11	16	11	9	6	8	9	9	9	10	31	11
L0+50E-S0+60N-R	4	3	4	5	5	20	11	16	10	9	6	9	9	8	8	10	38	10
L0+50E-S0+80N	4	3	4	5	5	12	11	16	10	8	5	8	9	8	8	10	14	10
L0+50E-S1+00N	4	3	4	5	5	15	11	16	10	9	6	8	10	8	9	9	32	10
L0+50E-S1+20N	4	3	4	5	5	14	11	15	11	9	5	9	1	8	8	9	16	9
L0+50E-S1+40N	4	3	4	5	5	13	11	15	10	9	6	8	10	8	9	10	32	9
L0+50E-S1+60N	4	3	4	5	5	14	10	16	10	9	5	8	9	7	8	9	34	10
L0+50E-S1+80N	4	3	4	5	6	24	11	14	10	9	5	8	9	9	8	10	43	9
L0+50E-S2+00N	4	3	4	5	5	15	10	15	10	9	6	8	9	8	10	10	30	9
L0+50E-S2+20N	4	3	4	5	5	16	10	15	10	9	6	8	2	7	8	8	31	9
L0+50E-S2+40N	4	3	3	4	5	13	11	16	10	10	6	8	2	8	7	9	30	10
L0+50E-S2+60N	4	3	3	5	5	17	10	16	10	9	5	8	9	9	8	10	31	9
L0+50E-S2+80N	4	3	4	4	5	15	10	15	10	8	5	8	9	7	7	9	34	1
L0+50E-S3+00N	4	3	4	5	5	15	10	15	10	8	5	8	9	8	8	10	14	9
L0+50E-S3+20N	4	3	3	4	5	11	11	17	10	8	6	8	2	8	7	1	15	9
L1+00E-S0+40N	4	3	4	5	5	13	11	16	10	10	5	7	9	8	8	10	32	9
L1+00E-S0+60N	4	3	4	5	5	14	12	15	10	8	5	8	9	8	7	10	34	10
L1+00E-S0+60N-R	4	3	4	5	5	14	11	15	10	9	5	8	9	7	7	8	30	9
L1+00E-S0+80N	4	3	4	5	5	12	10	15	9	10	6	8	9	8	8	11	31	10
L1+00E-S1+00N	4	3	4	5	5	14	11	16	11	9	5	7	9	8	8	8	33	9
L1+00E-S1+20N	4	3	4	5	5	13	11	15	10	9	5	8	10	8	8	1	19	10
L1+00E-S1+40N	4	3	4	5	5	15	11	17	10	10	5	8	10	9	8	10	32	1
L1+00E-S1+60N	4	3	4	5	5	12	12	15	11	9	5	8	9	1	9	10	30	10
L1+00E-S1+80N	4	3	4	5	4	14	11	17	10	10	5	8	10	8	8	10	32	10
L1+00E-S2+00N	4	3	4	5	5	18	12	16	10	9	6	9	10	9	8	10	37	11
L1+00E-S2+20N	4	3	4	5	5	14	11	16	10	9	6	8	9	8	8	10	33	11
L1+00E-S2+40N	4	3	4	5	5	17	12	18	11	9	5	8	10	8	8	10	52	11
L1+00E-S2+60N	4	3	4	5	5	13	11	16	11	8	5	8	9	8	8	10	33	10
L1+00E-S2+80N	4	3	4	5	5	14	11	16	10	8	5	8	2	8	9	2	29	10
L1+00E-S3+00N	4	3	4	5	5	14	11	16	10	9	6	8	10	10	9	10	35	11
L1+00E-S3+20N	4	3	4	5	5	13	11	16	10	8	5	9	10	8	8	9	32	10
L1+00E-S3+40N	4	3	4	5	5	12	10	15	11	9	5	8	10	8	8	10	31	10
L1+50E-S0+40N	4	3	4	5	5	14	12	16	10	10	5	8	9	8	8	8	34	9
L1+50E-S0+40N-R	4	3	4	5	5	15	11	16	9	9	6	8	9	8	8	9	37	10

Results represent only the material tested. Actlabs is not liable for any claim/damage from use of this report in excess of the test cost. Unless requested samples are discarded in 90 days. This report is only to be reproduced in full.

	127 - MPH	128 - MPH	129 - HAR	130 - HAR	131 - MPH	132 - ALK	133 - HAR	134 - HAR	135 - MPH	136 - MPH	137 - HBI	138 - HBI	139 - HPH	140 - HPH	141 - HBI	142 - HPH	143 - HA	144 - HBI
L1+50E-S0+60N	4	3	4	5	6	25	12	17	11	9	6	8	10	9	9	1	24	11
L1+50E-S0+80N	4	3	4	5	5	16	12	18	10	9	5	8	9	8	8	1	18	10
L1+50E-S1+00N	4	3	4	5	5	15	11	16	11	9	5	8	10	9	9	10	34	10
L1+50E-S1+20N	4	3	4	5	5	13	11	15	10	9	6	8	10	8	8	10	5	10
L1+50E-S1+40N	4	3	4	5	5	15	12	16	12	8	6	9	10	8	9	11	35	10
L1+50E-S1+60N	4	3	4	5	5	15	11	16	10	10	6	9	9	8	8	9	34	10
L1+50E-S1+80N	4	3	4	5	5	16	11	16	10	8	5	8	10	8	8	9	34	10
L1+50E-S2+00N	4	3	4	5	5	15	12	18	11	9	6	8	10	9	8	9	35	10
L1+50E-S2+20N	4	3	4	5	5	14	10	15	10	9	5	8	9	8	8	9	20	9
L1+50E-S2+40N	4	3	4	5	5	15	11	16	10	9	5	8	9	8	8	10	30	10
L1+50E-S2+60N	4	3	4	5	5	15	11	17	10	8	5	8	2	9	8	10	31	10
L1+50E-S2+80N	4	3	4	5	5	14	11	17	10	9	6	8	10	8	8	10	28	9
L1+50E-S3+00N	4	3	4	5	5	15	11	17	11	10	5	8	10	8	8	1	6	9
L1+50E-S3+20N	4	3	4	5	4	12	11	16	10	8	5	8	9	8	8	10	30	10
L1+50E-S3+40N	4	3	4	5	5	12	11	15	9	9	5	7	9	9	8	10	25	9
LMB-QA	4	3	4	5	5	11	11	16	9	10	5	8	9	8	8	9	30	10
LMB-QA	4	3	4	5	5	17	11	15	10	9	5	8	10	8	8	1	37	9

	145 - HBA	146 - HPH	147 - HBI	148 - HPH	149 - HBI	150 - HPH	151 - HBI	152 - HPH	153 - HPH	154 - HPH	155 - HPH	156 - HBI	157 - HAR	158 - HBA	159 - HBA	160 - HBI	161 - HA	162 - HPH
L0+00-S0+20N	51	4	7	9	1	11	10	13	17	18	17	13	16	45	18	18	33	18
L0+00-S0+40N	50	17	7	9	2	10	9	13	17	18	19	14	16	41	19	18	61	20
L0+00-S0+60N	88	17	7	9	11	1	10	6	17	17	3	15	15	55	18	18	72	20
L0+00-S0+80N	52	2	7	9	11	10	9	13	16	3	16	13	15	43	3	18	49	19
L0+00-S1+00N	55	4	7	9	11	11	10	13	15	17	17	15	14	45	2	4	51	2
L0+00-S1+00N-R	60	4	7	8	11	10	9	3	16	16	17	14	14	45	2	16	60	17
L0+00-S1+20N	31	2	6	8	10	10	9	2	16	17	17	14	14	39	16	3	50	18
L0+00-S1+40N	59	17	7	8	11	10	9	12	2	16	17	13	13	41	16	3	54	17
L0+00-S1+60N	57	3	7	9	10	10	9	12	15	15	17	13	15	42	3	17	51	19
L0+00-S1+80N	39	3	7	8	11	3	9	13	15	15	15	14	13	39	16	18	52	18
L0+00-S2+00N	31	3	6	8	10	11	9	12	15	16	17	13	14	37	18	17	43	18
L0+00-S2+20N	30	2	7	8	1	10	9	12	16	16	16	13	14	37	16	17	47	17
L0+00-S2+40N	65	3	7	9	10	10	9	12	15	16	17	14	13	40	17	3	10	18
L0+00-S2+60N	65	16	6	8	10	2	9	12	15	15	16	14	14	40	17	18	26	18
L0+00-S2+80N	44	3	7	8	10	10	9	13	3	16	16	13	14	39	15	17	50	18
L0+00-S3+00N	44	3	7	9	10	10	9	13	16	15	16	13	14	29	17	17	42	18
L0+00-S3+20N	52	2	6	9	10	10	9	13	17	16	16	14	15	49	17	17	61	17
L0+00-S3+40N	37	3	7	8	10	10	9	12	15	17	16	14	14	45	17	17	61	17
L0+50E-S0+20N	26	3	6	8	10	10	9	2	15	16	17	14	13	38	17	16	44	17
L0+50E-S0+40N	37	15	7	8	10	10	9	2	15	3	18	13	14	37	16	16	46	17
L0+50E-S0+60N	33	2	7	8	10	10	9	12	15	16	15	13	13	38	16	17	25	16
L0+50E-S0+60N-R	89	4	7	8	11	2	8	12	15	16	16	13	13	33	3	17	49	17
L0+50E-S0+80N	37	2	6	8	10	11	8	12	15	2	16	12	13	37	16	16	27	16
L0+50E-S1+00N	39	2	7	8	10	1	8	12	2	3	15	13	13	40	16	16	16	17
L0+50E-S1+20N	37	3	7	8	10	9	9	12	15	16	16	13	14	36	16	2	25	18
L0+50E-S1+40N	46	16	6	8	10	10	8	1	15	2	15	14	13	34	16	16	37	17
L0+50E-S1+60N	39	15	7	7	10	10	9	12	2	16	16	13	14	37	16	16	46	2
L0+50E-S1+80N	54	2	6	8	1	9	9	2	15	15	16	13	14	36	16	16	23	17
L0+50E-S2+00N	38	2	6	8	10	10	8	12	15	2	15	13	12	33	15	15	29	16
L0+50E-S2+20N	46	4	6	8	9	2	9	12	2	15	15	14	14	41	17	2	43	17
L0+50E-S2+40N	28	3	6	8	2	10	8	12	14	3	16	13	13	37	16	17	9	2
L0+50E-S2+60N	76	3	6	8	9	9	8	11	15	15	15	13	13	39	3	17	23	16
L0+50E-S2+80N	30	3	6	8	10	1	1	12	14	2	15	12	13	17	17	16	42	17
L0+50E-S3+00N	62	1	6	8	10	9	9	1	14	15	15	12	13	37	15	15	43	2
L0+50E-S3+20N	31	2	6	8	9	2	8	2	14	2	15	13	13	36	16	3	21	17
L1+00E-S0+40N	35	1	6	8	10	10	8	12	14	16	16	13	13	38	16	17	46	2
L1+00E-S0+60N	30	16	7	8	10	9	9	12	3	4	15	13	14	35	16	16	18	17
L1+00E-S0+60N-R	35	3	6	8	9	10	8	12	14	16	15	13	13	36	16	16	26	2
L1+00E-S0+80N	30	16	6	8	10	9	8	12	15	2	15	12	13	38	16	16	39	3
L1+00E-S1+00N	31	2	6	8	10	9	8	2	14	15	16	13	14	38	15	16	47	17
L1+00E-S1+20N	29	2	6	8	10	11	9	2	15	15	17	13	14	39	17	17	42	18
L1+00E-S1+40N	25	3	7	8	1	11	9	12	14	16	16	13	14	36	17	18	48	17
L1+00E-S1+60N	35	3	7	8	10	1	9	2	15	16	16	14	13	39	16	16	50	2
L1+00E-S1+80N	36	4	7	8	10	11	9	3	14	17	3	14	13	35	16	2	40	17
L1+00E-S2+00N	34	6	7	9	11	11	9	2	15	17	16	14	-1	36	18	17	46	18
L1+00E-S2+20N	26	1	7	8	10	10	9	2	15	2	16	12	13	38	3	3	31	16
L1+00E-S2+40N	25	3	7	9	10	10	9	2	16	16	16	13	14	43	18	17	9	3
L1+00E-S2+60N	24	1	6	8	10	2	9	12	14	15	16	13	14	35	2	18	6	4
L1+00E-S2+80N	41	3	6	8	2	10	9	12	15	16	17	13	13	34	3	17	45	18
L1+00E-S3+00N	37	2	7	9	10	2	9	2	15	3	15	13	14	40	17	17	46	17
L1+00E-S3+20N	30	15	7	8	1	10	8	2	14	15	16	12	14	16	3	17	43	18
L1+00E-S3+40N	45	4	7	8	10	9	8	2	15	17	16	14	14	37	16	18	43	18
L1+50E-S0+40N	40	2	6	8	10	2	9	12	15	2	15	13	14	42	2	3	28	17
L1+50E-S0+40N-R	51	4	6	8	11	2	9	8	15	17	17	12	13	39	16	2	50	17

	145 - HBA	146 - HPH	147 - HBI	148 - HPH	149 - HBI	150 - HPH	151 - HBI	152 - HPH	153 - HPH	154 - HPH	155 - HPH	156 - HBI	157 - HAR	158 - HBA	159 - HBA	160 - HBI	161 - HA	162 - HPH
L1+50E-S0+60N	66	2	6	8	11	10	1	3	14	3	16	14	14	36	17	17	43	17
L1+50E-S0+80N	55	8	6	8	9	9	9	2	15	16	15	13	13	40	15	16	51	17
L1+50E-S1+00N	30	3	6	9	10	2	9	12	16	15	16	15	15	40	3	18	55	2
L1+50E-S1+20N	24	16	6	8	1	10	9	1	2	15	16	13	13	36	16	3	49	17
L1+50E-S1+40N	44	3	6	9	10	10	9	12	14	16	17	13	14	18	17	16	21	18
L1+50E-S1+60N	34	3	6	9	10	2	9	12	2	3	16	13	14	42	17	17	47	17
L1+50E-S1+80N	22	1	6	8	10	11	8	12	14	15	16	14	14	41	17	17	40	18
L1+50E-S2+00N	39	4	7	9	10	11	9	2	2	16	17	14	14	42	17	18	8	18
L1+50E-S2+20N	46	14	6	8	2	2	9	2	15	15	16	13	13	37	16	15	54	17
L1+50E-S2+40N	35	3	7	8	2	10	9	3	16	16	17	14	13	40	15	16	43	17
L1+50E-S2+60N	41	4	7	8	1	2	9	12	2	2	16	13	14	42	2	15	50	18
L1+50E-S2+80N	26	3	6	8	10	10	9	2	15	16	17	14	14	37	16	2	51	4
L1+50E-S3+00N	24	2	7	8	2	11	9	13	15	3	17	14	14	39	16	18	46	19
L1+50E-S3+20N	30	3	6	8	10	10	8	12	15	15	16	13	12	36	17	16	43	2
L1+50E-S3+40N	29	15	6	9	10	2	9	1	13	3	16	13	14	18	16	16	41	17
LMB-QA	26	15	6	8	10	9	8	11	14	14	16	13	13	40	17	16	48	17
LMB-QA	73	2	7	8	10	10	9	1	15	3	15	14	14	34	17	17	39	17